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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY \_**HAYWOOD** 

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209 (CRABTREE RD.) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE. SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 430110 & 430107 ON -L LT- (US 19/23/74 WB) OVER THE BLUE RIDGE SOUTHERN RAILROAD (BLU) BETWEEN US 276 **AND** NC 209

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-3186/B-5898	1	17

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 TO7-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

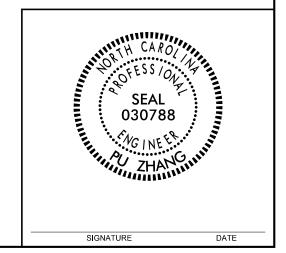
GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAP AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDITARIES DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS AND ASSOCIATION AND ASSOCIATION ASSOCIATION AND ASSOCIATION INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR CUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOR ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- TES:
  THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
  OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
  OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
  BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
  FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
  CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

C. SWAFFORD J. CRENSHAW GEOTECHNOLOGY, INC INVESTIGATED BY C. SWAFFORD DRAWN BY \_\_T. LYNN CHECKED BY P. ZHANG SUBMITTED BY \_HDR DATE AUGUST 2021

**PERSONNEL** 



B-3186/B-5898

# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

001, 07000107101	201017101		TEDUS AND DESTRICTIONS
SOIL DESCRIPTION  SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION  HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	<u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. <u>UNIFORMLY GRADED</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.  ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION  MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) (> 36% PASSING *200) (> 36% PASSING *200) (> 36% PASSING *200)	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	<u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-5 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	ROCK (NCR)  ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.  COASTAL PLAIN  COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.
7. PASSING	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE SANDSTONE CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
"10 50 MX GRANULAR SILI- MUCK, CLAY PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
#2000   15 MX   25 MX   10 MX   35 MX   35 MX   35 MX   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%  LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40  LL - 40 MX 41 MN	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITILL M HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF SOILS ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO  (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STUNE FRAUS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER <u>24</u> HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN, RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE		(MOD,) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBURADE POUR	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS < LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
DANCE OF STANDARD DANCE OF UNICONEINED		(MOD.SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (IN-VALUE) (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE)  25/025  DIP & DIP DIRECTION  WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  OF ROCK STRUCTURES	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
VERY LOOSE	-  <sup>-</sup>	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.  LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANII AB LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL SIDE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.  IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 10 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50	T THE ROADWAY EMPHARMENT \$\triangle{\text{TEST}}	SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	- INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY - CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i>	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	™ MONITORING WELL TEST BORING WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.  ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	A PIEZOMETER	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
HARD > 30 > 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	ROCK HARDNESS	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ONOCCUPACION OF THE PROPERTY OF	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY (BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (GR.) (GR.) (GR.)	SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SE.)	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS.  MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7- UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS  SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE COURSE FOR EVEN MOISTURE OF CORRECTION	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)  (ATTERBERG LIMITS)  DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLIDA PEDILIPES DRVING TO	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(P) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: N/A
" PLL + PLASTIC LIMIT -	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS  VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	FLEWATION
OM _ OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM TRIMBLE RIZ GNSS RECEIVER CERTIFIED WITH FCC PART 15 (CLASS B DEVICE), 24, 32; RCM; PTCRB;
PLASTICITY	X CME-55   X 8*HOLLOW AUGERS   CORE SIZE:   -BH	INDURATION ( 0.008 FEE)	BT SIG
		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	GENILE BLUW BY HAMMER DISINIEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TOLOGUE ATTIMO CARD	CRAINC ARE DIFFICULT TO CEPARATE WITH CIFEL PROPE.	
DECEDIBITIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMPRIATIONS (TAN DER VEHICLE PROPERTY COLOR	Score nee	INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).  MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	X CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

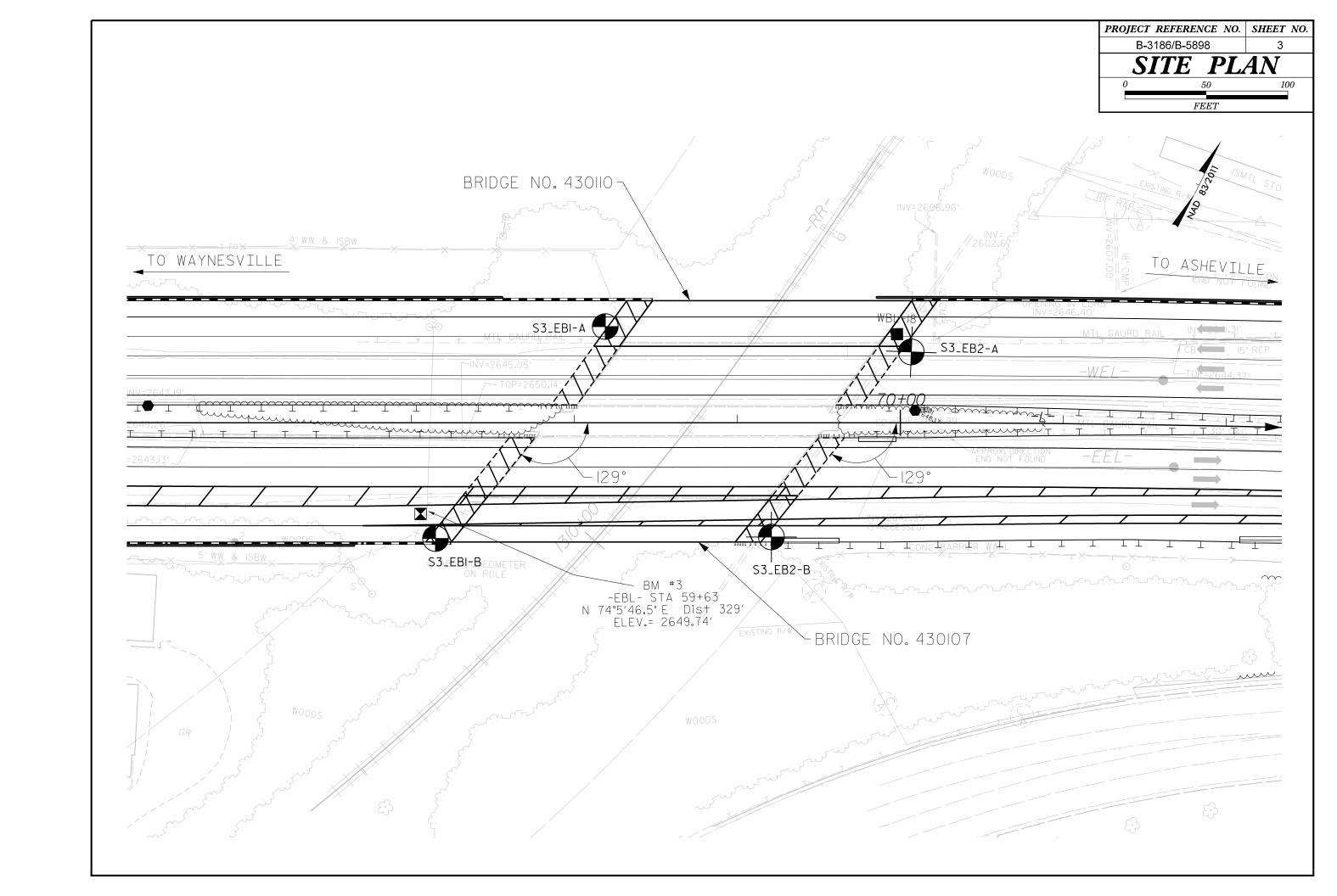
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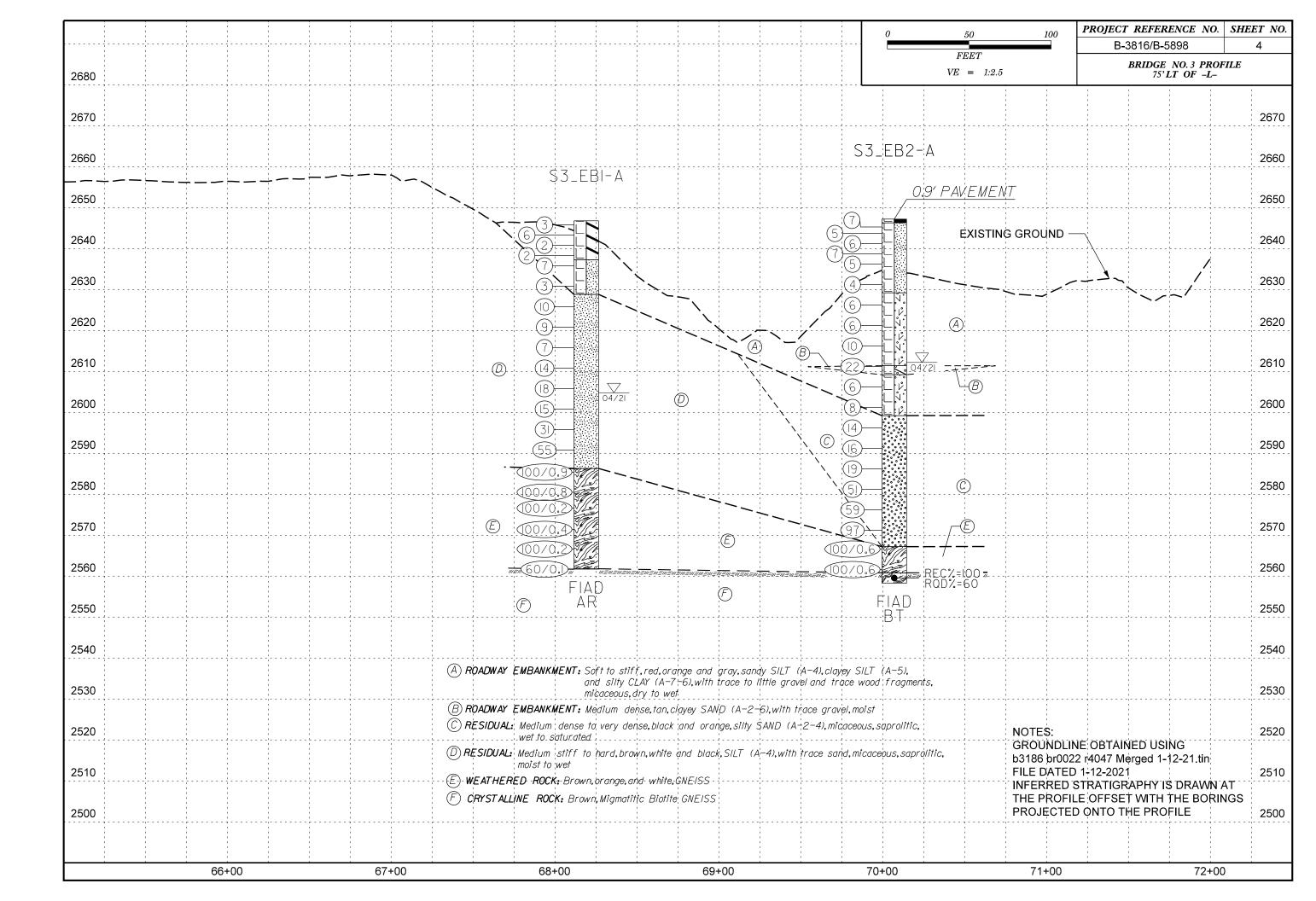
### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

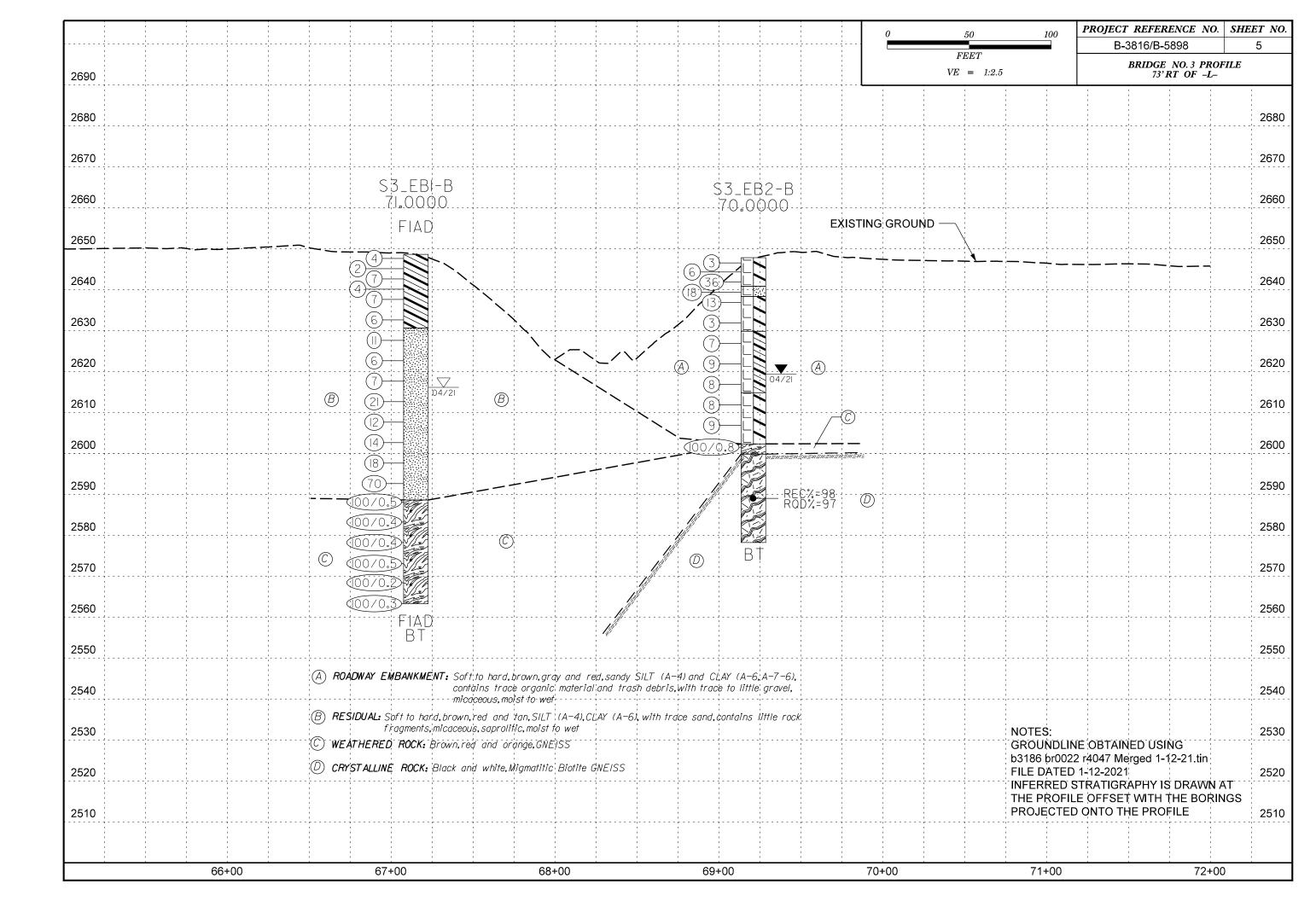
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

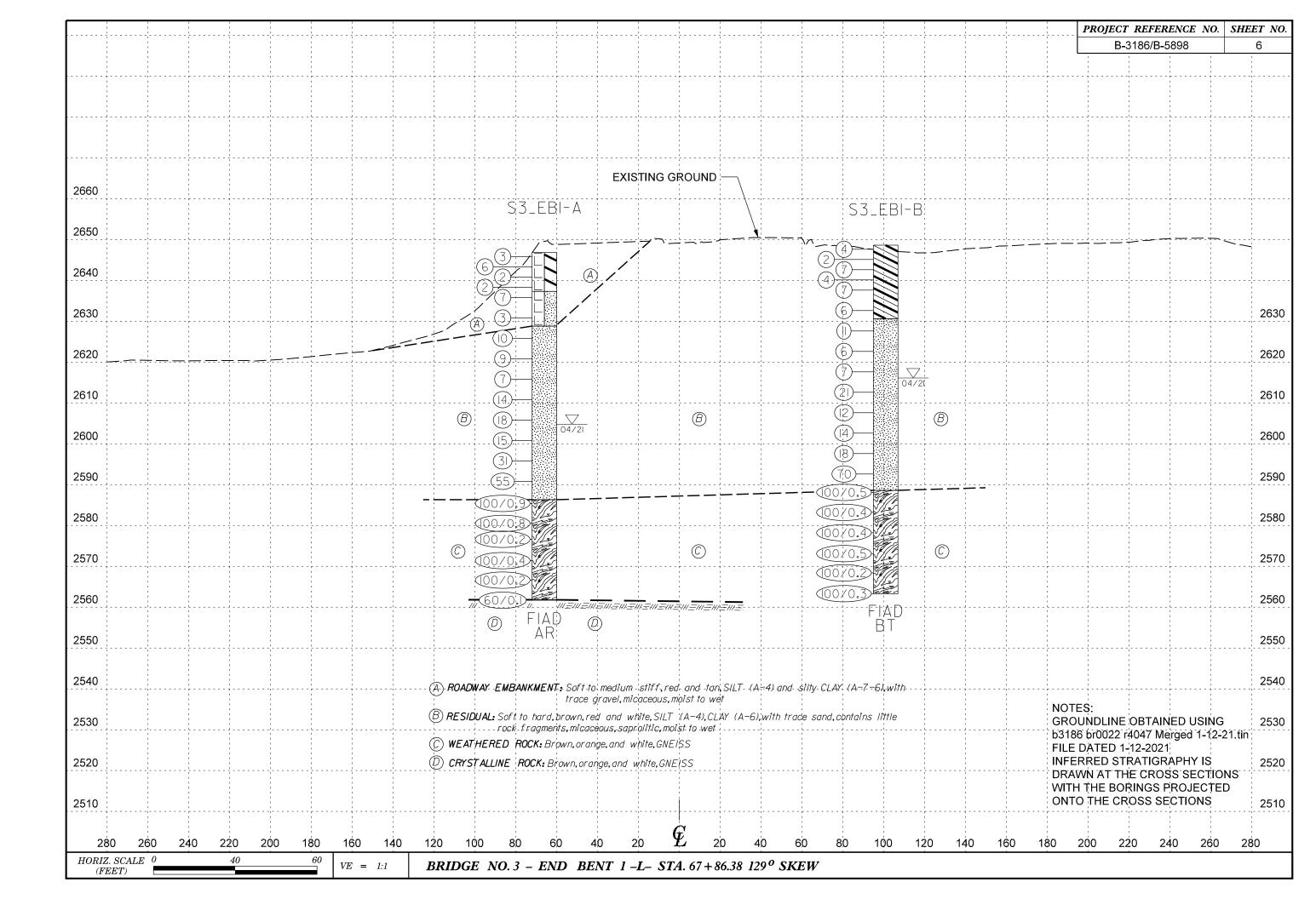
## SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES

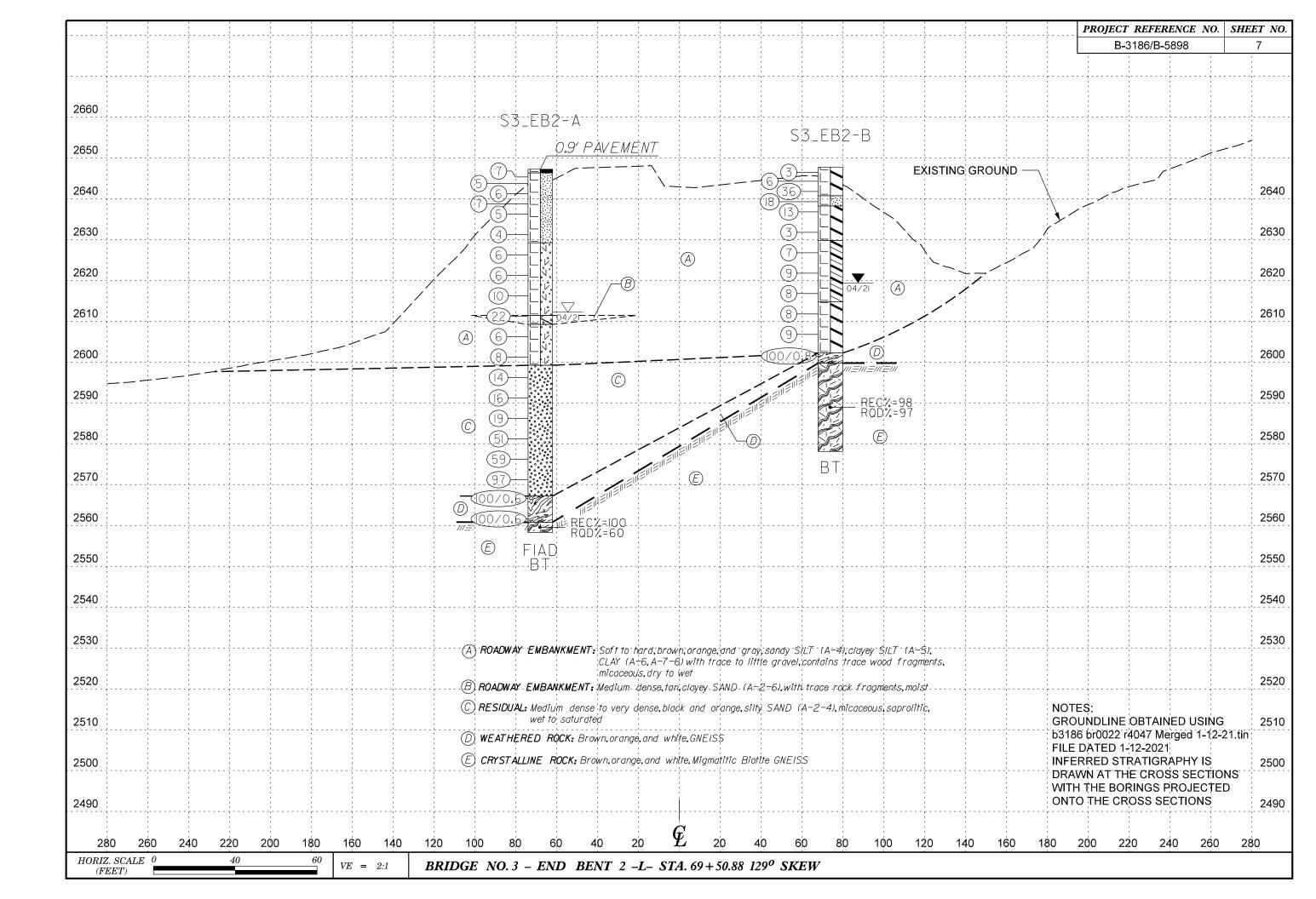
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 $-$ Determination of GSI for Joi	nted Roc	ck Mass (Marın	os and Hoek, 2	2000)			AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marınos, 2000)		o O	70		8 0 0	8 9 0	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos. P and Hoek E., 2000)
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass pehaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS	VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfac	<b>G00D</b> Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	<b>FAIR</b> Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfac with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfac with soft clay coatings or fillings	Execution of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (barticularly of the pedding planes), choose a pox in the chart. Tocate the bosition in the pox that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of QSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too brecise. Grounding a range from 33 to 34 is more realistic than distinct than distinct these will deminate the peavoin of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses of fullings with coondates.  NERY GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered countings were allowed to be a slight shift to the right in the columns for the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the conditions. Weter presents of the rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight whether the rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight what to the right in the columns for fair. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight whether the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this contains the presence of groundwater and this contains the presenc
STRUCTURE		DEC	REASING SU	JRFACE QU	ALITY —	-	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	PIECES	90			N/A	N/A	A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass, in shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.  A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone TO  A
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	OF ROCK P		70 60				B. Sand- stone with stone and stone with thin inter- stone siltstone siltstone with sand- with sand
VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets	OCKING		5	0			stone with stone and thin inter- silts sone and silts sone or cialty shale with sand- silts tone layers of silts tone layers shale with sand- stone layers shale with sands tone layers
BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING INTERL			40	30		C.D.E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H.
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECRE				20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers  H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	∜	N/A	N/A			10	sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.  Means deformation after tectonic disturbance



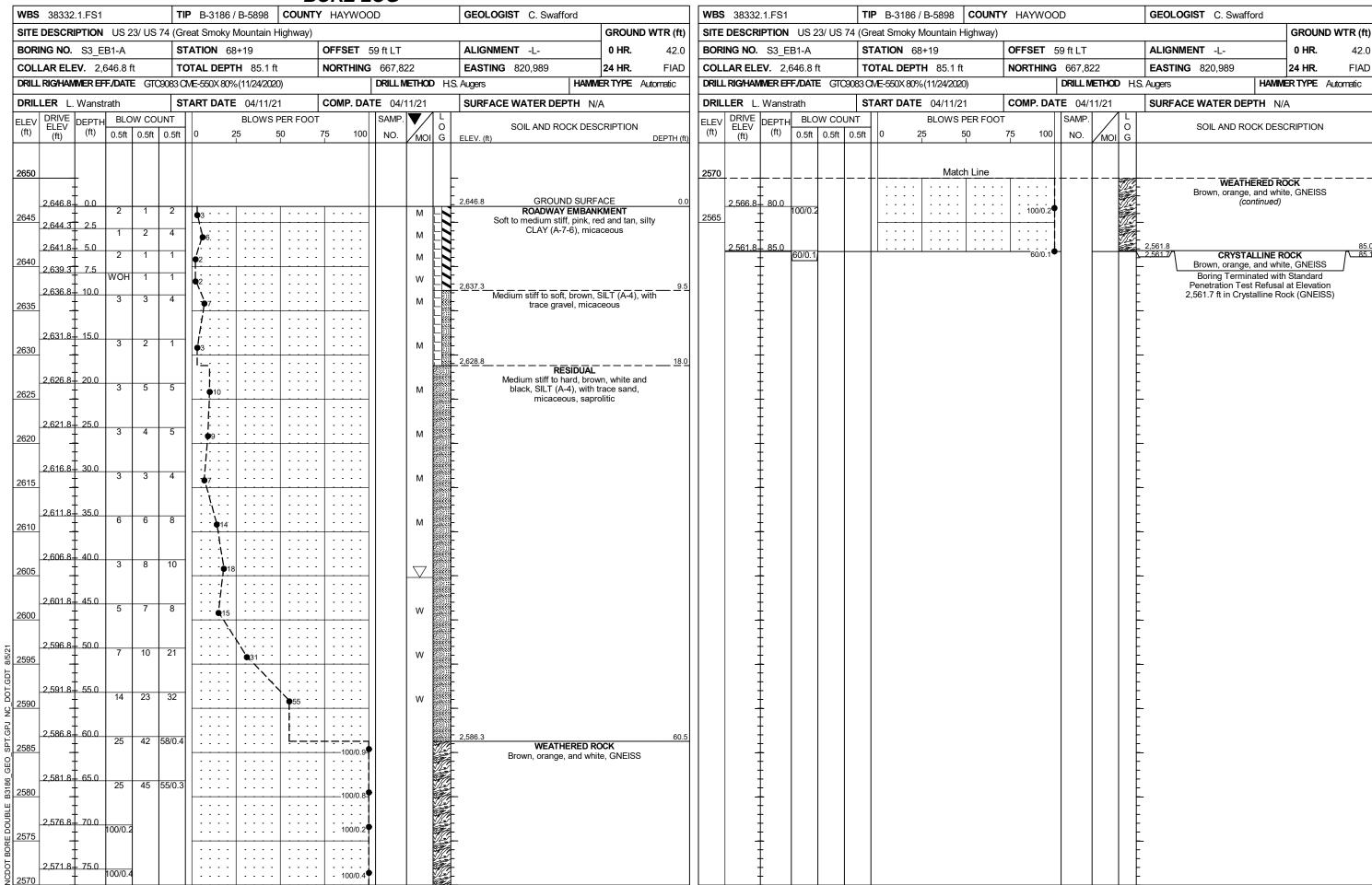








42.0



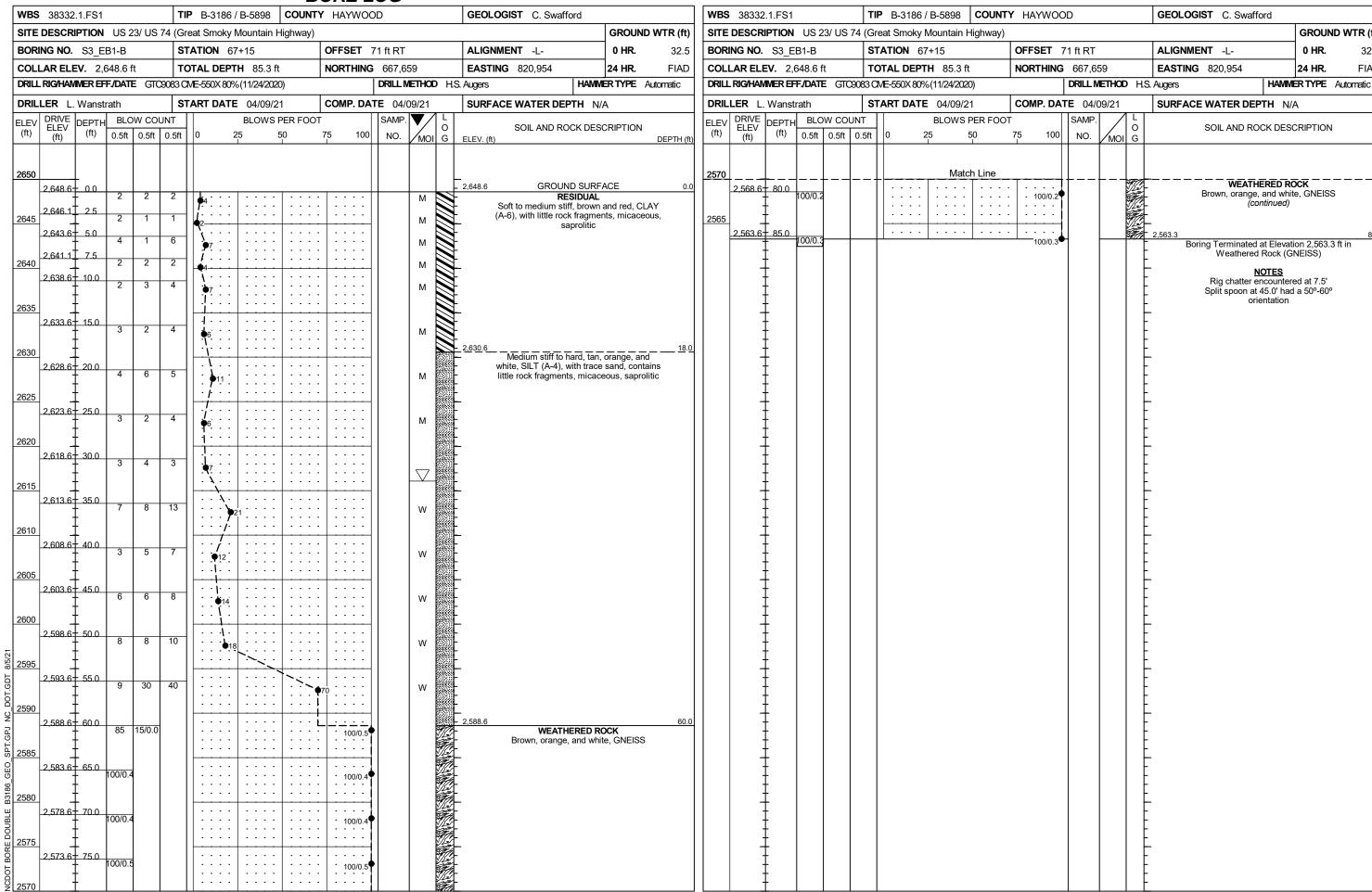
32.5

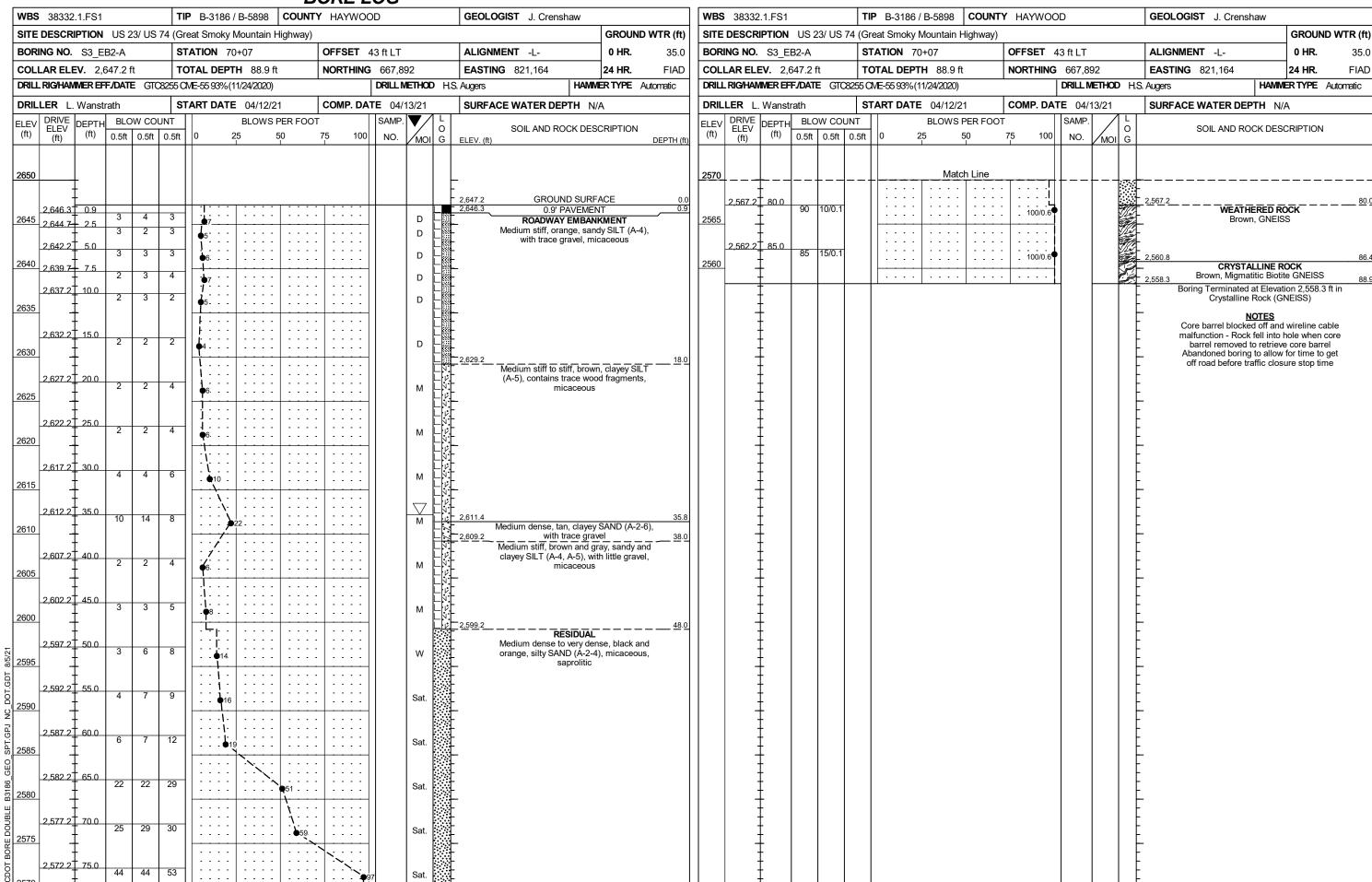
FIAD

**GROUND WTR (ft)** 

0 HR.

24 HR.

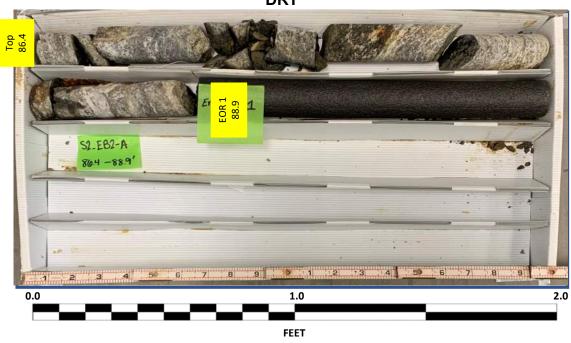




											TE L	<u> </u>				
Companies   Comp	<b>WBS</b> 38332	.1.FS1			TIP	B-318	6 / B-589	8 <b>C</b>	OUNT	ΥH	IAYWOO	D	GEOLOGIST J. Crens	haw		
DEPTH   RUN   CRE   SUPER   RUN   CRE   ROD   REC   ROD	SITE DESCR	IPTION	US 2	23/ US 74	(Great	t Smok	y Mounta	in High	nway)						GROUND	WTR (ft)
ILLER L. Wanstrath  START DATE 04/12/21  COMP. DATE 04/13/21  SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A  DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS  TOTAL RUN 2.5 ft  SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A  DEPTH (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft)	BORING NO.	S3_EI	B2-A		STA	TION	70+07			OF	FSET 4	3 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	35.0
START DATE 04/12/21 COMP. DATE 04/13/21 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A  DRE SIZE NQ2  TOTAL RUN 2.5 ft  SV RUN ELEV (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft)	COLLAR ELE	<b>EV</b> . 2,6	647.2 f	ft	тот	AL DE	<b>PTH</b> 88.	.9 ft		NO	RTHING	667,892	<b>EASTING</b> 821,164		24 HR.	FIAD
TOTAL RUN 2.5 ft  RUN   CHEV   (ft)   (ft)	DRILL RIG/HAW	MER EF	F/DATI	E GTC82	55 CME	-55 93%	6(11/24/20	20)				DRILL METHOD H	S. Augers	HAMME	RTYPE A	utomatic
TOTAL RUN 2.5 ft  RUN ELEV (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft)	DRILLER L.	Wanstr	rath		STAI	RT DA	<b>TE</b> 04/1	2/21		СО	MP. DAT	E 04/13/21	SURFACE WATER DE	PTH N/A	A	
RUN ELEV (ft) DEPTH (ft) (ft) (ft) RUN (ft) (ft) REC (Min/ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (	CORE SIZE	NQ2														
Begin Coring @ 86.4 ft   Begin Coring @ 86.4 ft   CRYSTALLINE ROCK   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS,			RUN	DRILL	RI	UN	SAMP	STR	ATA	L						
Begin Coring @ 86.4 ft   Begin Coring @ 86.4 ft   CRYSTALLINE ROCK   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Section 2,558.3   Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, and close fracture spacing   Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,558.3   Fin Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)   Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,558.3   Fin Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)   Core barrel blocked off and wireline cable malfunction - Rock fell into hole when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure		(ft)	(ft)		(ft)	(ft)	NO.	(ft)	(ft)	G	ELEV. (fi		DESCRIPTION AND REMAR	KS		DEPTH (ff
2,558.3 88.9 1:56 2:35/0.5 100% 60% 2,558.3 Brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, moderate to severe weathering, hard, sex. and close fracture spacing close fracture spacing Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,558.3 ft in Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)  NOTES  Core barrel blocked off and wireline cable malfunction - Rock fell into hole when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure	560.8											,	Begin Coring @ 86 4 ft			
close fracture spacing  Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,558.3 ft in Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)  NOTES  Core barrel blocked off and wireline cable malfunction - Rock fell into hole when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel  Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure			2.5			(1.5)			(1.5)	R		Proven Migmotitical	CRYSTALLINE ROCK	ovoro wo	athoring hor	
NOTES  Core barrel blocked off and wireline cable malfunction - Rock fell into hole when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel  Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure	2,558.3	88.9		2:35/0.5	100%	00 70		10076	0070		2,558.3	\	close fracture spacing		•	/ 00.0
Core barrel blocked off and wireline cable malfunction - Rock fell into hole when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure	-	‡									-	Boring Terminated	at Elevation 2,558.3 ft in Cry	stalline Ro	ock (GNEISS	8)
when core barrel removed to retrieve core barrel Abandoned boring to allow for time to get off road before traffic closure	_	‡									-	Core barrel blocked		ction - Ro	ck fell into h	ole
	-	‡									-	when o	ore barrel removed to retrieve	core bar	·el	
	_	<u> </u>									_	Abandoned bonnig		id belole	II allic ciosul	C
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38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S3\_EB2-A Box 1 of 1: 86.4 - 88.9 FEET DRY



\$3\_EB2-A
Box 1 of 1: 86.4 - 88.9 FEET
WET

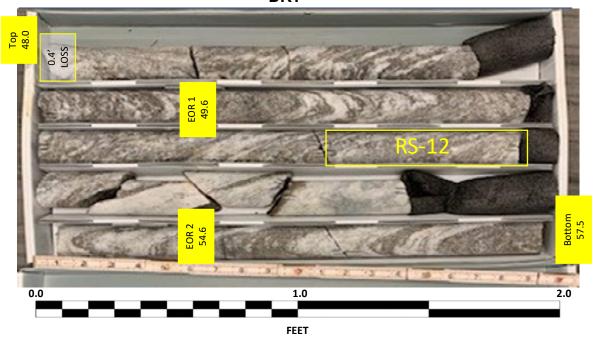


									ORE												•							
WB	3833	2.1.FS1			TIP E	3-3186 /	B-5898	COUNT	Y HAYWC	OD		GEC	<b>DLOGIST</b> C. Swafford			WBS	38332.1	1.FS1		TIP	B-3186 / B-5898 COU	NTY HAYWO	DD		GEOLOGI	ST C. Swaffo		
SITI	DESC	RIPTION	US 23/	US 74 (	(Great	Smoky N	Mountain I	Highway)						GROUND WT	R (ft)	SITE	DESCRIP	PTION US	3 23/ US	74 (Great	t Smoky Mountain Highwa	y)						GROUND WTR (ft)
BOF	ING NO	. S3_EI	32-B		STAT	<b>ION</b> 69	)+21		OFFSET	70 ft RT	Г	ALI	GNMENT -L-	0 HR.	38.0	BOR	ING NO.	S3_EB2-E	3	STA	<b>TION</b> 69+21	OFFSET	70 ft RT		ALIGNMEI	NT -L-		<b>0 HR.</b> 38.0
COI	LAR EL	. <b>EV</b> . 2,6	647.8 ft		TOTA	L DEPT	<b>H</b> 69.6 f	t	NORTHIN	<b>G</b> 667,7	752	EAS	STING 821,138	24 HR.	28.4	COL	LAR ELE\	<b>V.</b> 2,647.8	8 ft	тот	AL DEPTH 69.6 ft	NORTHING	667,752	2	EASTING	821,138	2	<b>24 HR.</b> 28.4
				GTC908	3 CME-5	550X 80%	6(11/24/202	20)				D H.S. Auger		VIMER TYPE Autom							E-550X 80% (11/24/2020)			THOD H.S				RTYPE Automatic
DRI	I FR I	Wanstr	ath		STAR	T DATE	04/09/2	)1	COMP. D	ATF 04	/00/21	SUR	RFACE WATER DEPTH	NI/A		DRII	IFR I \			STAI	RT DATE 04/09/21	COMP. DA	TF 04/00	2/21	SURFACE	WATER DEP	TH N/A	
ELE\			BLOW			I DAIL		PER FOO			7. <b>V</b>		A AOL WATER DEI III	IN/A					LOW CO		BLOWS PER FO		SAMP.	//LT				
(ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft 0.	5ft 0.5	ift 0	2		50	75 100		1 '/	0	SOIL AND ROCK DE		DT1. (6)	ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	(ft) 0.5	ft 0.5ft			75 100		MOI G		SOIL AND RO	CK DESCF	RIPTION
	(11)						I			1	7 MOI	G ELEV.	(π)	DEI	PTH (ft)		(10)						1	NIOI G				
2650		+										l				2570	<del>   </del>		-+	<del> +</del> -	Match Line					chatter and hard	d drilling er	
	2,647.5	† 5 <del>† 0.3</del>					1	1				2,647.8			0.0		‡								- '''9'	4	48.0' fusal at 48	
2645	2,645.3	+	2	1 2		3					М		ROADWAY EMBA Soft to hard, brown, CL	AY (A-7-6), with			‡								<b>-</b>	Auger re	iusai at 48	.0
2645	2,045.3	2 2.5	3	1 5	$\dashv \vdash$	<b>D</b> 6		+		+	М		trace gravel, contains tras fragments, mic												_			
	2,642.8	5.0	4 2	23 13	_     .	. `` > ,			-		М		nagmonts, mic	000000			+								-			
2640	2,640.3	T 7.5					>36 :	: : :	.		l W	2,640.8	8												-			
2010	1 '	T I	3	9 9	' ]   <del>-</del>	918					М	2,638.	Very stiff, gray, fine sand little gravel and s	some clay	9.5		‡								<del>-</del>			
	2,637.8	3 10.0	6	7 6		. / ·		: : :			М		Stiff to soft, brown and r with trace gravel,	red, CLAY (A-7),			‡								- -			
2635		<u>†</u>				1							with trace graver, i	micaceous			上							L	_			
	2.632.8	T 3+ 15.0				/											Ŧ							F	-			
	2,002.0	+ 13.0	2	1 2		3		: : :	.		М						l I							F	-			
2630		‡						1		41		2,629.8	8		18.0		‡								<u>-</u>			
	2,627.8	20.0			_   <u> </u>								Medium stiff to stiff, tan a	and brown, CLAY			‡								<u>-</u>			
		†	3	3 4	·    :	7					M						l t							1	-			
2625		+			-	<u> </u>				-		- <b> -  -</b>					+								_			
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2020	]	‡				 				11															-			
	2,617.8	30.0	4	3 5	-11:	j		1 : : :			М						l t							E	-			
2615		+			-	Ψ <sup>8</sup> I			-		"	2 614 1	8		33.0		l Ŧ							F	-			
	]	Ŧ l				ļ				11			Stiff, green, gray, and bro	own, CLAY (A-7),	_ = ===================================		Ŧ							l F	-			
	2,612.8	35.0	3	3 5	-  :	<b> </b>					М		contains trace organic ma	ateriai, micaceous			‡								-			
2610		‡				<u> </u>				_							‡								<b>-</b>			
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	2,007.0	Ŧ	3	5 4	-     -	•9 · ·					w						l Ŧ							F	-			
2605		‡				1				41							‡								<u>-</u>			
	2,602.8	45.0			:	į::::						2,602.3	3		45.5		‡								<b>-</b> -			
		‡	3 4	41 59/0	).3   .    .	<del></del>			. 100/0.8	; <b>∔</b>			WEATHERED	ROCK			‡								-			
2600	-	†								<b>┤</b> │		2,599.8	CRYSTALLINE	ROCK	48.0		士							1	<u>-</u>			
_		<u>†</u>			11								Black and white, Migmatit	tic Biotite GNEISS			Ŧ							F	<u>-</u>			
2595		Ŧ								RS-12	2														- -			
<u> </u>	1	‡						1		T   12	=1						‡								<del>-</del> -			
OT.G		‡															‡								- -			
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ි <sub>ග</sub> 2585	┨ .	‡						1		41							‡								<b>-</b>			
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2580	-	+						+									<del> </del>							F	_			
JBLE		1		_	₩.					4	+	2,578.2	2 Boring Terminated at Ele	vation 2.578.2 ft in	69.6		‡								-			
DO .		‡											Crystalline Rock	(GNEISS)			‡								- -			
ORE		‡											<b>NOTES</b> 0.3' Tops	i			‡								<del>-</del>			
OT B		†										<u> </u>	Rig chatter and grinding e	encountered at 5.0'										1	<u>.</u>			
NCD		+										<b> </b> -	Rig chatter encount	ered at 10.0'			F							1 F	-			

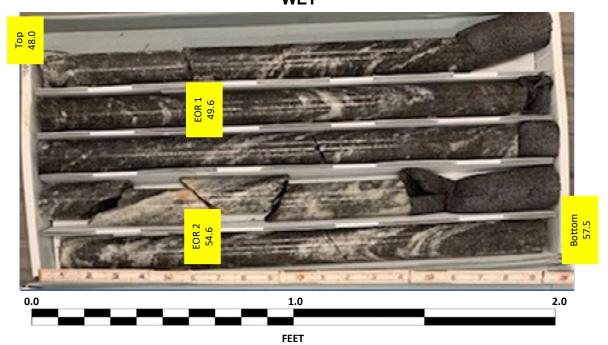
									C	<u>UI</u>	E LOG				
WBS	38332	2.1.FS1			TIP	B-318	6 / B-589	8 <b>C</b>	OUNT	<b>Y</b> H	WOOD	GEOLOGIST C. Swafford			
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	US 2	23/ US 74	(Grea	t Smok	y Mounta	in High	nway)				GR	ROUND	WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	S3_E	В2-В		STA	TION	69+21			OF	ET 70 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-	0	HR.	38.0
COL	LAR EL	<b>EV.</b> 2,0	647.8	ft	TOT	AL DE	<b>PTH</b> 69.	6 ft		NO	<b>HING</b> 667,752	<b>EASTING</b> 821,138	24	HR.	28.4
DRILL	_RIG/HAN	/IMER EF	F/DAT	E GTC90	83 CME	-550X8	0%(11/24/	2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S	S. Augers H	IAMMER T	YPE A	utomatic
DRIL	LER L	. Wanst	rath		STAI	RT DA	<b>TE</b> 04/0	9/21		СО	P. DATE 04/09/21	SURFACE WATER DEPTH	l N/A		
COR	E SIZE	NQ2					<b>1</b> 21.6 f								
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	UN RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	RATA RQD (ft) %	L O G	[ ELEV. (ft)	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS			DEPTH (ff
599.8												Begin Coring @ 48.0 ft			
2595	2,599.8 2,598.2	+	1.6 5.0 5.0	0:30/0.6 1:59 1:49 1:13 1:40 1:32 2:04 1:37	(1.2) 75% (5.0) 100%	(1.2) 75% (5.0) 100%	RS-12	(21.2) 98%	(21.0) 97%			CRYSTALLINE ROCK e, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, fres ard to very hard, close to wide fra 0.4' core loss Epidote along healed fractures RS-12 52.1' - 52.8' GSI= 80 - 90			48.0
2590	2,588.2	59.6	5.0	1:41 1:50 1:52 2:08 1:58	(5.0)	(5.0)						Qu= 11,009 psi			
2585	2,583.2	64.6	5.0	1:36 2:08 1:59 2:29 1:46	100%	100%				KKK					
2580	2,578.2	69.6		1:39 1:52 1:57 1:54	100%	96%					,578.2 Boring Terminated	at Elevation 2,578.2 ft in Crystall	ine Rock (	GNEISS	69.6
												NOTES 0.3' Topsoil hatter and grinding encountered at 10.0' tter and hard drilling encountered Auger refusal at 48.0'			

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

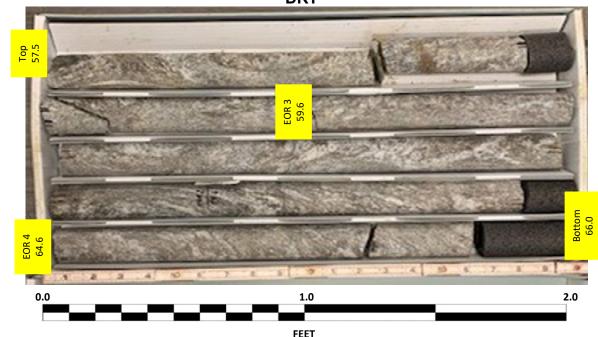
S3\_EB2-B Box 1 of 3: 48.0 - 57.5 FEET DRY



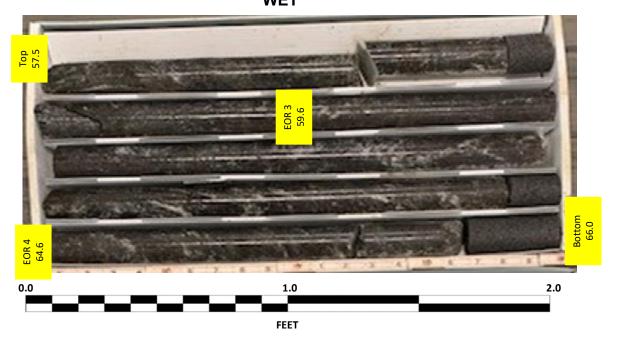
S3\_EB2-B Box 1 of 3: 48.0 - 57.5 FEET WET



S3\_EB2-B Box 2 of 3: 57.5 - 66.0 FEET DRY



S3\_EB2-B Box 2 of 3: 57.5 - 66.0 FEET WET



38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S3\_EB2-B Box 3 of 3: 66.0 - 69.6 FEET DRY



S3\_EB2-B Box 3 of 3: 66.0 - 69.6 FEET WET





SAMPLED FROM:

REPORT ON SAMPLES OF: Rock For Quality

PROJECT: B-3186 / B-5898

DATE SAMPLED: 05/11/2021

05/11/2021 Test Borings

SUBMITTED BY: HDR

COUNTY: Haywood

RECEIVED: 5/11/2021 REPORTED: 5/12/2021

BY / CERT NO: Kevin E. Walker

BORING NO	SAMPLE	DEPTH (FT)	ROCK TYPE	LENGTH (IN)	DIAMETER (IN)	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (PSI)
S3_EB2-B	RS-12	52.1-52.8	Biotite Gneiss	4.13	1.86	179.10	11,009

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY \_**HAYWOOD** 

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209 (CRABTREE RD.) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE. SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 430468 ON - L-(US 74/US 23) OVER RICHLAND CREEK BETWEEN US 276 AND NC 209

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 35 B-3186/B-5898

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 707-6805. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAP AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDITARIES DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS AND ASSOCIATION AND ASSOCIATION ASSOCIATION AND ASSOCIATION INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR CUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOR ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- TES:
  THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
  OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
  OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
  BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
  FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
  CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

C. SWAFFORD N. YACOBI R. DUGGER GEOTECHNOLOGY, INC

**PERSONNEL** 

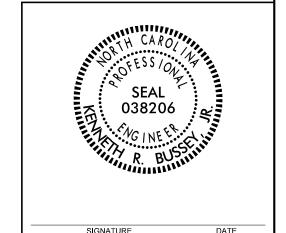
DRAWN BY \_\_T. LYNN

INVESTIGATED BY C. SWAFFORD

CHECKED BY K. BUSSEY

SUBMITTED BY \_HDR

DATE AUGUST 2021



B-3186/B-5898

# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.  SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA,
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.  ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
CLASS. (\$\(\sigma\) 74851NG "200) (\$\(\sigma\) 35/ PASSING "200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.  ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-2-4 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE - FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK (NCR)  SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.  ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 00000d00000d	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50  PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED (CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
*10 50 MX   GRANULAR CLAY PEAT   GRANULAR CLAY PEAT   SOILS	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
#200   15 MX   25 MX   10 MX   35 MX   35 MX   35 MX   35 MX   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN   36 MN	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
MATERIAL DARKING A CO	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%  LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40 48 MX 41 MN	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 1	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF UNCANIL	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
CEN BATING FAIR TO	→ PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	0.000	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.
COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.  IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4	SOIL SYMBOL  SPI DET DAT TEST BORING  SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANULAR LUUSE 4 10 100	M	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.  IF TESTED. WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY DENSE > 500		SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK (V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
VERY SOFT         < 2         < 0.25           GENERALLY         SOFT         2 TO 4         0.25 TO 0.5	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</u>	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL TEST BORING WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
MATERIAL   STIFF   8 TO 15   1 TO 2   (COHESIVE)   VERY STIFF   15 TO 30   2 TO 4	ALLUMIA COL POUNDARY A PIEZOMETER	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
HARD > 30 > 4	INSTALLATION SPIN NOTHER	ROCK HARDNESS	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAV	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	SHALLOW STEED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.  HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7- DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC  DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(HITERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
LL _ LIQUID LIMIT	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC   SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: N/A
	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS  VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVALION: FEET
SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER COPE SIZE.	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM TRIMBLE RIZ GNSS RECEIVER CERTIFIED WITH FCC PART IS (CLASS B DEVICE), 24, 32; RCM; PTCRB;
	X CME-55   X 8" HOLLOW AUGERS   CORE SIZE:   -BH	INDURATION	BT SIG
PLASTICITY		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)  NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS X-N Q2	DURDING WITH FINGED EDEES NUMEROUS COAINS.	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	I VANE SHEAR TEST     HAND TOOLS:	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	CASING W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
COLOR	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
CULUR	X CME-75 TRICONE TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	CHAPP HAMMER BLOWS REGUIDED TO RDEAK SAMPLE.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT DARK, STREAKED ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED	

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

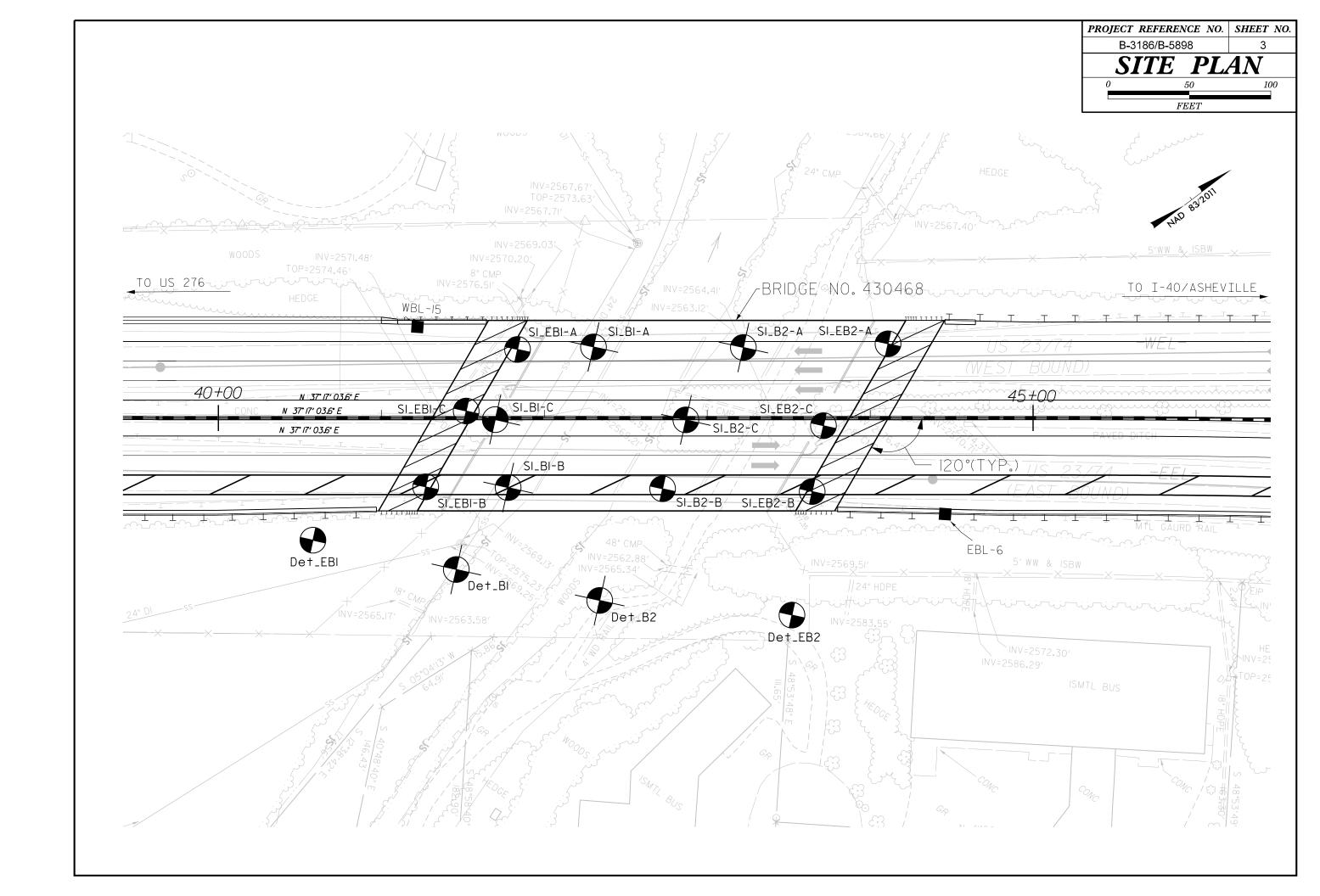
B-3186/B-5898 2A

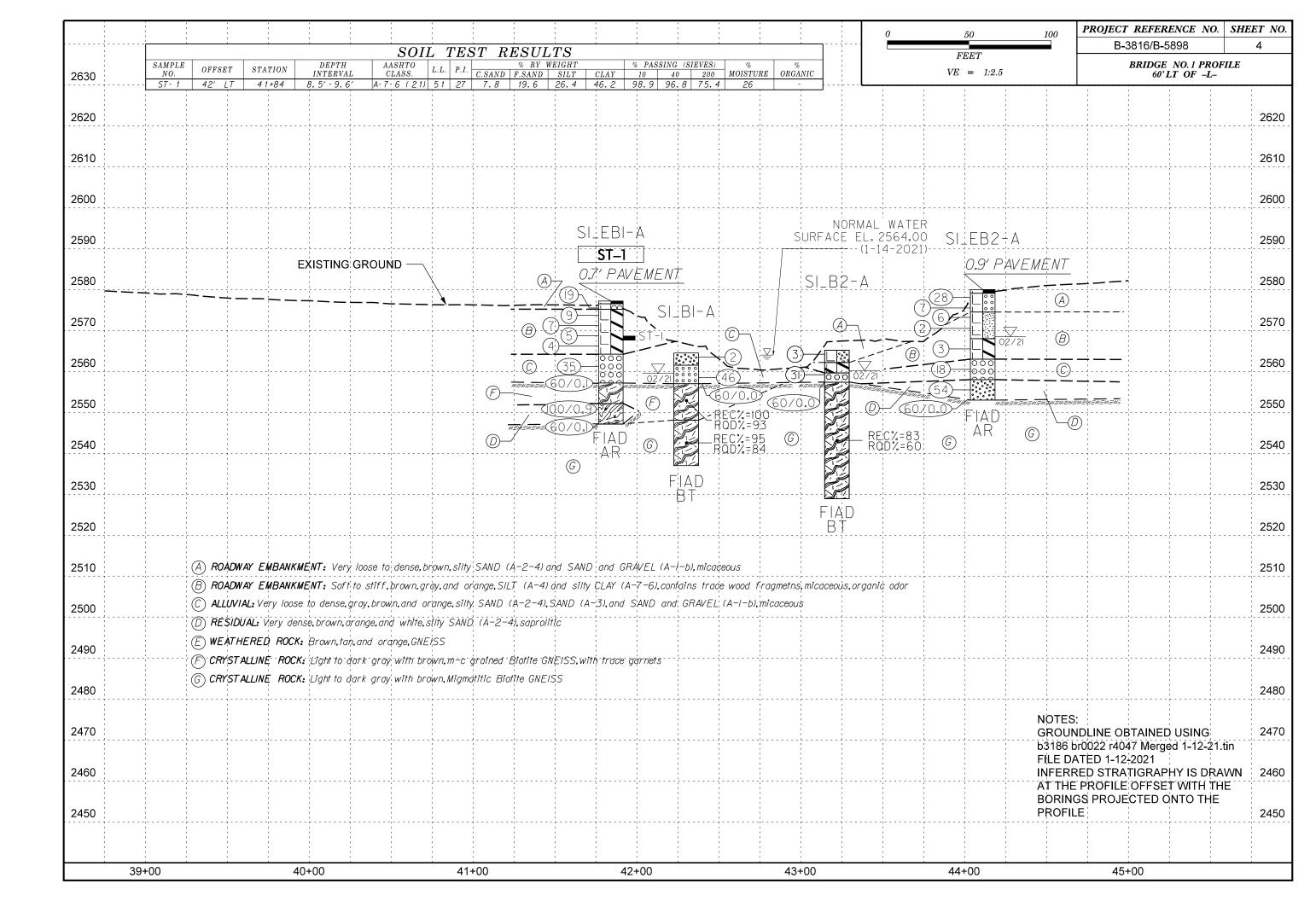
### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

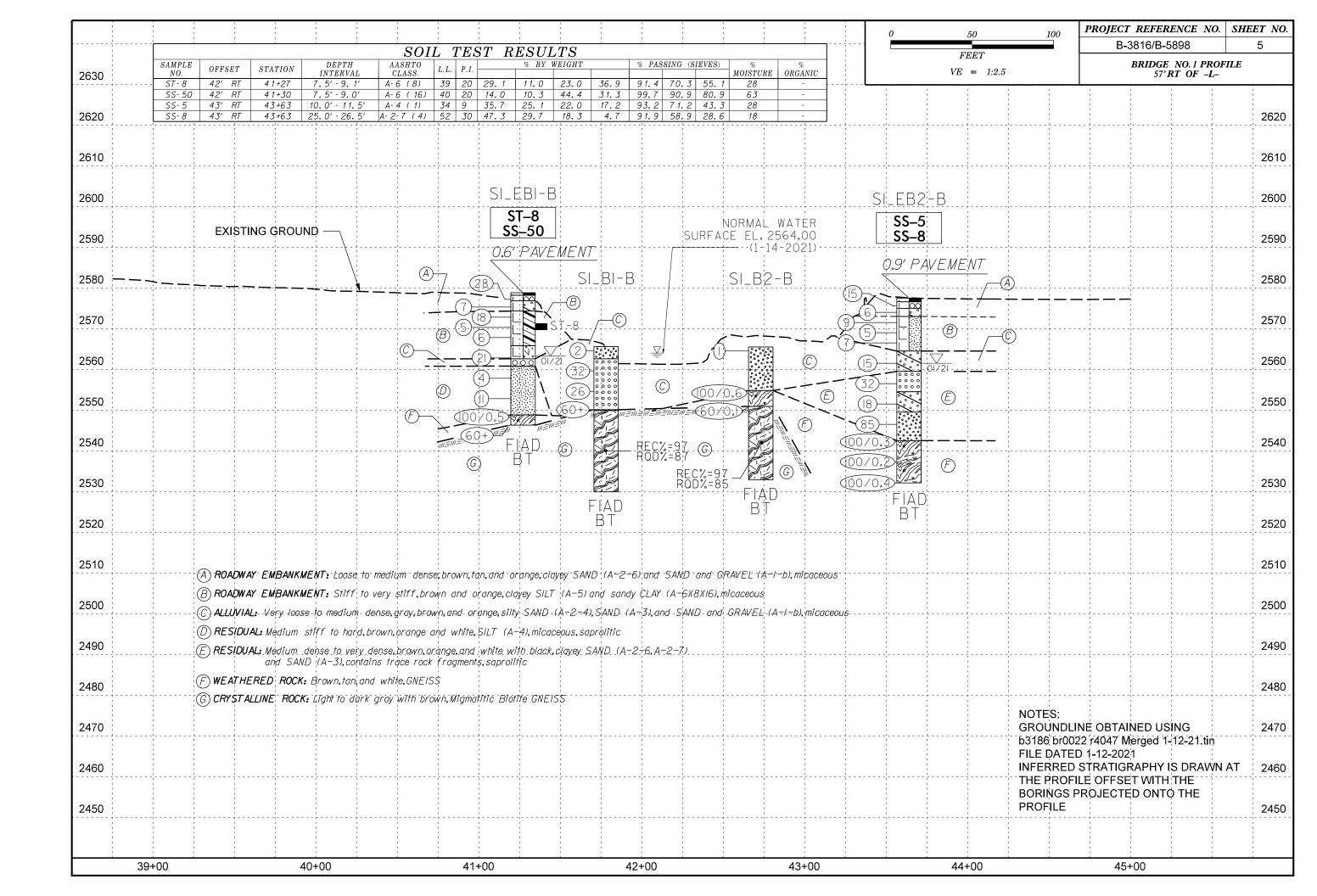
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

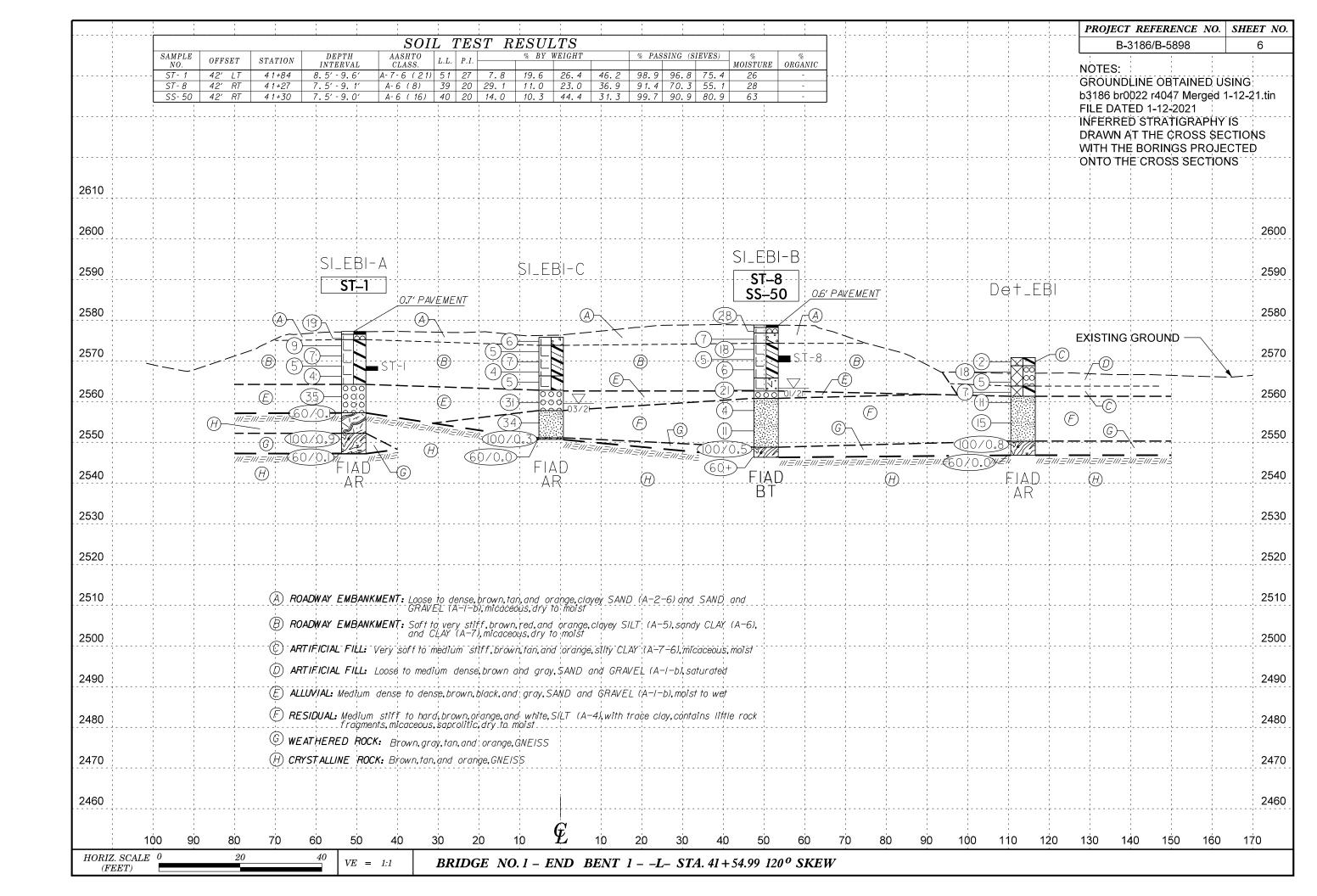
## SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES

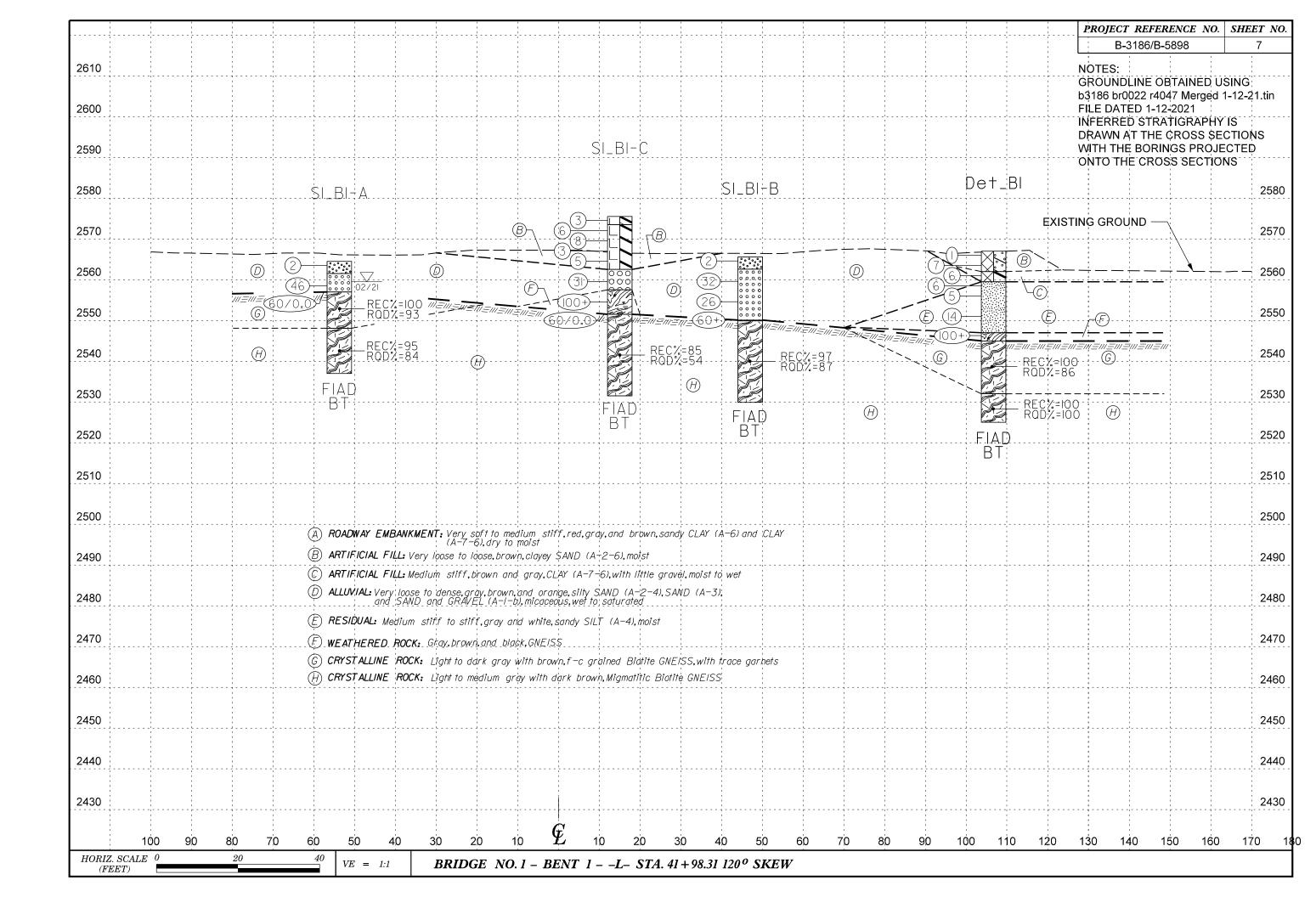
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 $-$ Determination of GSI for Joi	nted Roc	ck Mass (Marın	os and Hoek, 2	2000)			AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marınos, 2000)		o O	70		8 0 0	8 9 0	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos. P and Hoek E., 2000)
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass pehaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS	VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfac	<b>G00D</b> Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	<b>FAIR</b> Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfac with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfac with soft clay coatings or fillings	Execution of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (barticularly of the pedding planes), choose a pox in the chart. Tocate the bosition in the pox that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of QSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too brecise. Grounding a range from 33 to 34 is more realistic than distinct than distinct these will deminate the peavoin of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses of fullings with coondates.  NERY GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered countings were allowed to be a slight shift to the right in the columns for the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the breshed of the rock masses is reduced by the conditions. Weter presents of the rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight whether the rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight what to the right in the columns for fair. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight whether the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair. The presence of groundwater and this contains the presence of groundwater and this contains the presenc
STRUCTURE		DEC	REASING SU	JRFACE QU	ALITY —	-	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	PIECES	90			N/A	N/A	A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass, in shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.  A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone TO  A
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	OF ROCK P		70 60				B. Sand- stone with stone and stone with thin inter- stone siltstone siltstone with sand- with sand
VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets	OCKING		5	0			stone with stone and thin inter- silts sone and silts sone or cialty shale with sand- silts tone layers of silts tone layers shale with sand- stone layers shale with sands tone layers
BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING INTERL			40	30		C.D.E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H.
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECRE				20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers  H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	∜	N/A	N/A			10	sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.  Means deformation after tectonic disturbance

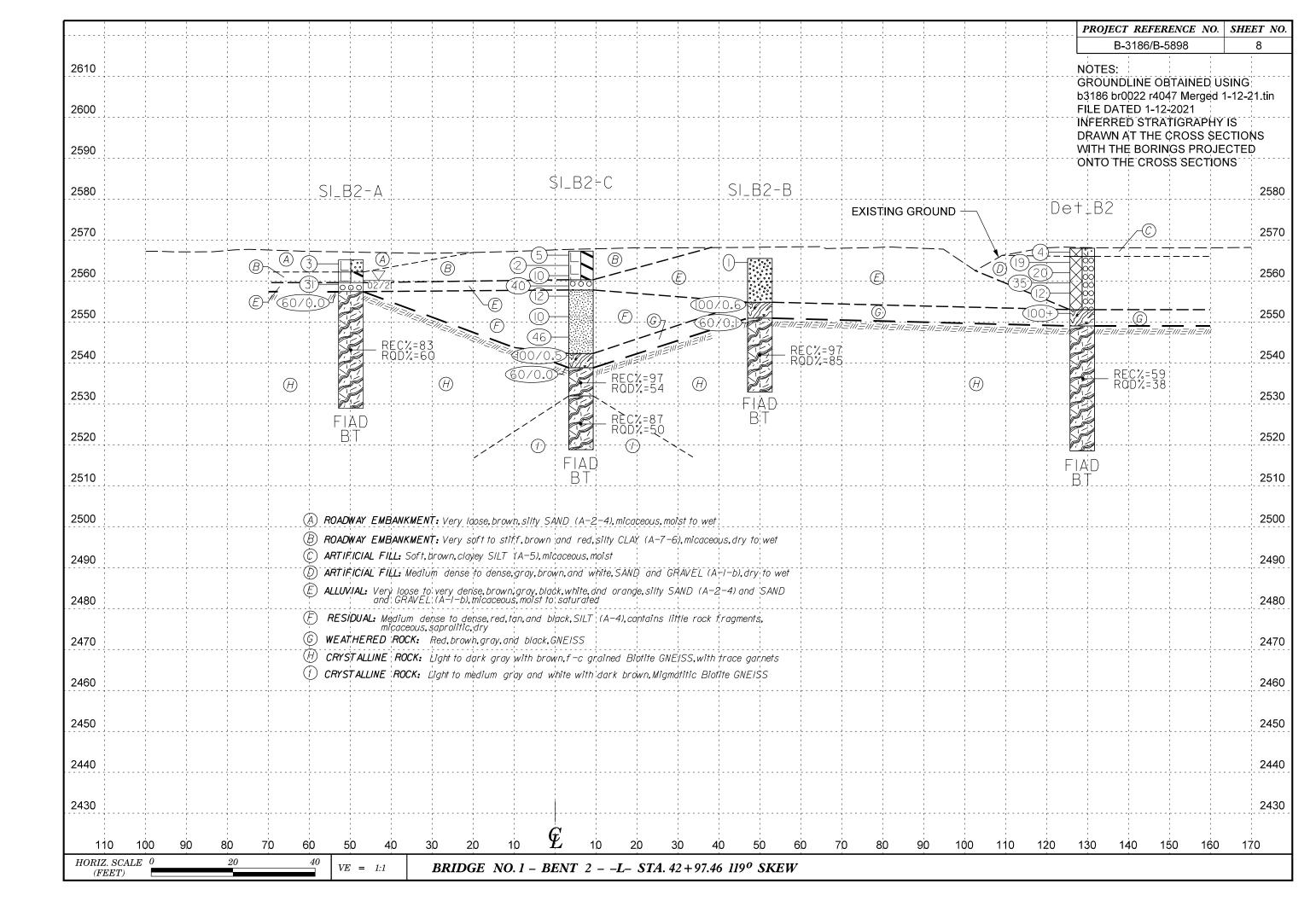


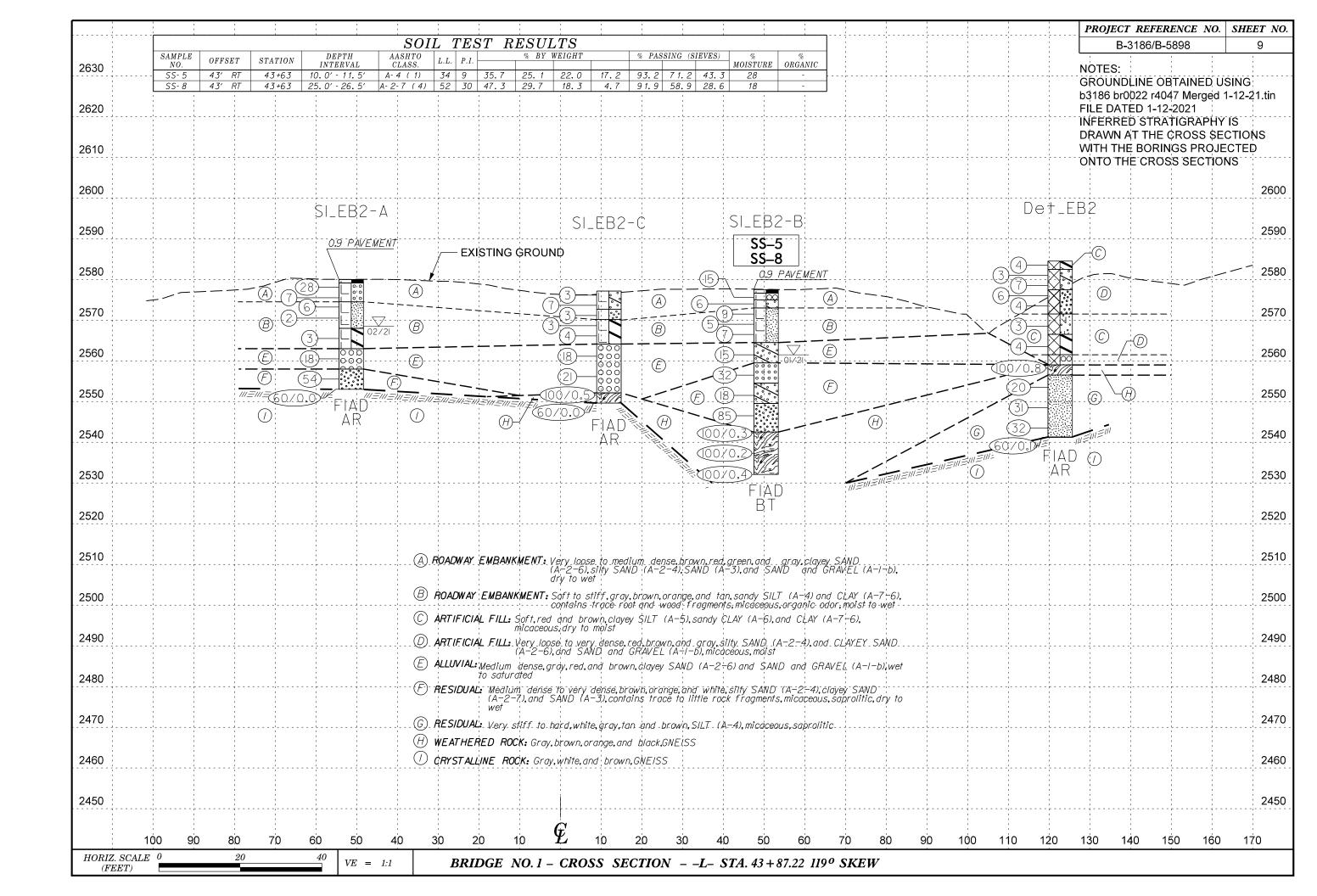


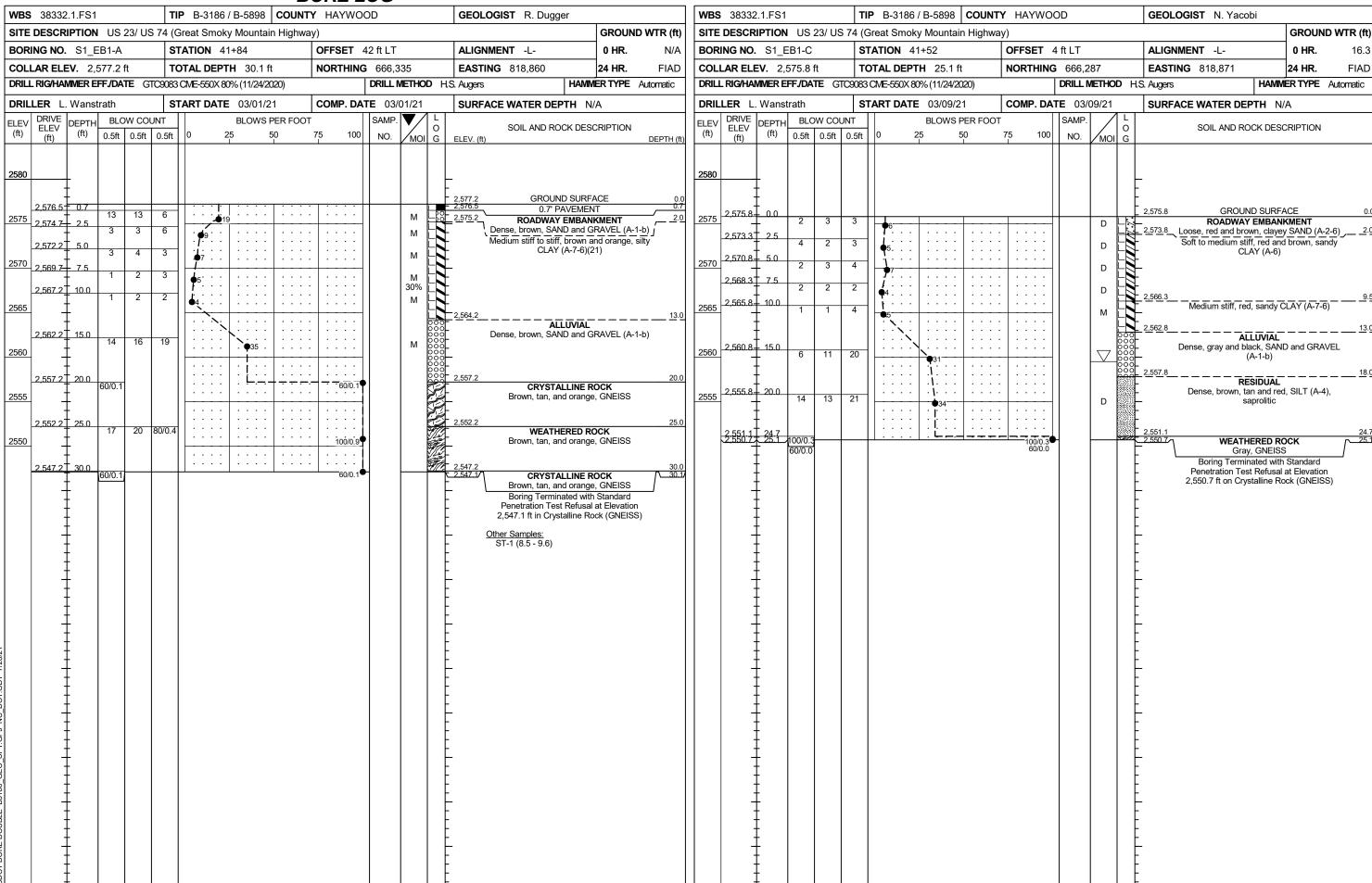










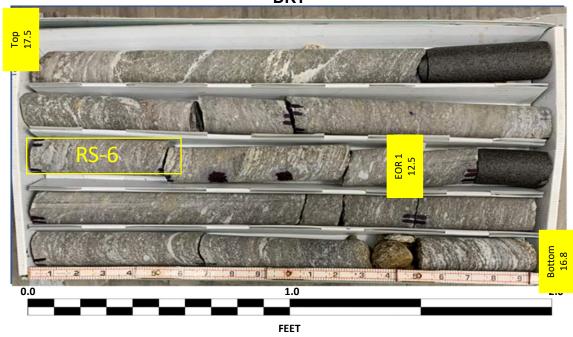


				<i>D</i>	ORE LOG			
<b>VBS</b> 38332	.1.FS1		TII	P B-3186 / B-5898 COUNT	Y HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger	
SITE DESCRI	I <b>PTION</b> U	S 23/ US	74 (G	Great Smoky Mountain Highwa	<u></u>			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO.	S1_EB1-	В	ST	<b>FATION</b> 41+27	OFFSET 42 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> 15.5
COLLAR ELE	<b>V.</b> 2,578.	8 ft	TC	OTAL DEPTH 32.5 ft	<b>NORTHING</b> 666,239		<b>EASTING</b> 818,893	24 HR. FIAD
ORILL RIG/HAN	/IMER EFF./C	DATE GTO	29083	CME-550X 80% (11/24/2020)	DRILL METI	HOD H.S	S. Augers HAMM	ER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER L.	Wanstrath		ST	TART DATE 01/29/21	COMP. DATE 01/21/2	21	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/	A
LEV DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH B 0.5	t 0.5ft	NT 0.5ft	BLOWS PER FOOT 0 25 50	75 400   7	L 0 0 G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION DEPTH (ft
2,578.2 2,576.3	<sup>-</sup>   15	18	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2,578.8 GROUND SURFA 2,578.2 0.6' PAVEMEN 2,576.8 ROADWAY EMBANI	T
2,573.8	_   2		7	7			Medium dense, brown, tan, SAND and GRAVEL Loose, brown and orange,	(A-1-b) 4.5 clayey SAND
2,571.3 570 2,568.8	7.5	2	3	18	SS-50 63 28	%	Stiff to medium stiff, brown sandy CLAY (A-6)(8)(16),	and orange,
2,563.8	- - - 15.0					7   1	2,565.8 Very stiff, brown, clayey	SILT (A-5) 13
2,558.8	2 - - - 20.0		14	21			2,562.6  ALLUVIAL  2,560.8  Medium dense, brown and g GRAVEL (A-1-t RESIDUAL	16 ray, SAND and ,— 18 b) J
55 2,553.8	- - - 25.0	2	2	\(\frac{\psi_1}{\psi_1}\)			Medium stiff to hard, brown white, SILT (A-4), micaceo	n, orange and us, saprolitic
50 2.548.8	2 - - - 30.0	5	6	1			- 2.548.8	30
2.546.3	_  100/0	0.5			100/0.5		WEATHERED RO 2,546.3 Brown, tan and white,	OCK
		D.G			60+		Boring Terminated at Elevatic Crystalline Rock (GN Other Samples: ST-8 (7.5 - 9.1)	on 2,546.3 ft on IEISS)

<b>3S</b> 38332.1.FS1	TIP	P B-3186 / B-5898 COUNTY	HAYWOOD	GEOLOGIST R. Dugger	
TE DESCRIPTION US	23/ US 74 (Gre	reat Smoky Mountain Highway)			GROUND WTR (ft)
ORING NO. S1_B1-A	STA	<b>ATION</b> 42+30	OFFSET 44 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> 5.0
<b>DLLAR ELEV.</b> 2,564.5	t <b>TOT</b>	TAL DEPTH 27.5 ft	NORTHING 666,373	<b>EASTING</b> 818,887	24 HR. FIAD
ILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DA	TE GTC9083 CI	CME-550X 80% (11/24/2020)	DRILL METHOD SPT	Core Boring HAMM	ER TYPE Automatic
RILLER L. Wanstrath	STA	<b>ART DATE</b> 02/28/21	COMP. DATE 02/28/21	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N	/A
DRIVE DEPTH BLC	W COUNT	BLOWS PER FOOT	SAMP.		
ELEV (ft) (ft) 0.5ft	0.5ft 0.5ft 0	0 25 50 7	5 100   100   7   0	SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)	CRIPTION  DEPTH (ft
55 0.0 WOD			10,00,01	2,564.5 GROUND SURFA	ACE 0.0
2,904.9 WOR	1   1	•2		ALLUVIAL Very loose, brown, silty S/	AND (A-2-4),
50				2,561.5 micaceous  Dense, brown, SAND (A-3),	contains trace
2,559.5 5.0 67	25 21		Sat.	gravel	
2,557.0 7.5		· · · ·   · · · · • • • · · · · · · ·		2,557.0	7.
60/0.0				CRYSTALLINE R Light to dark gray with brow	n, m-c grained
1 1			RS-6	Biotite GNEISS, with tra	ce garnets
<del> </del>			<del>KS-0</del>		
50 ‡					
			· · · · I I	2,548.1	16.
			RS-7	Light to dark gray with brow Biotite GNEIS	
15					
<del> </del>					
10 7					
<u> </u>					
<u> </u>				2,537.0  Boring Terminated at Elevati	27

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

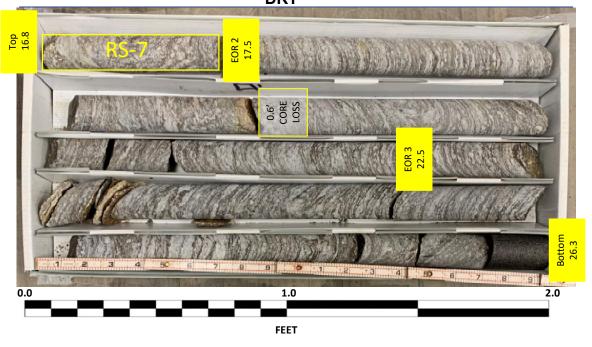
S1\_B1-A Box 1 of 3: 7.5 - 16.8 FEET DRY



S1\_B1-A Box 1 of 3: 7.5 - 16.8 FEET WET



S1\_B1-A Box 2 of 3: 16.8 - 26.3 FEET DRY

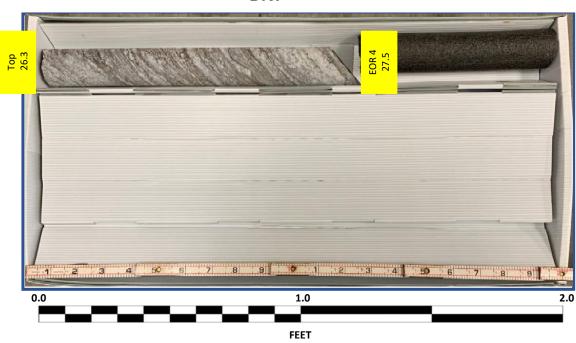


S1\_B1-A Box 2 of 3: 16.8 - 26.3 FEET WET

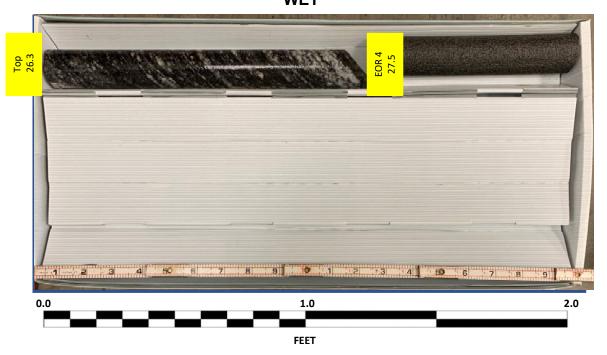


38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B1-A Box 3 of 3: 26.3 – 27.5 FEET DRY



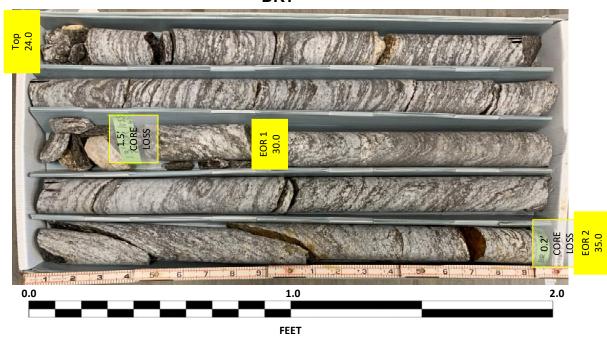
S1\_B1-A Box 3 of 3: 26.3 – 27.5 FEET WET



									UKE L	.00					
WBS	38332	.1.FS1			TI	<b>IP</b> B-3186	/ B-5898	COUNTY	/ HAYWC	OD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	l US	23/ U	S 74 (0	Great Smok	xy Mountair	n Highway	y)					GROUN	D WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	S1_E	31-C		S	TATION 4	1+70		OFFSET	1 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR.	13.0
COLI	LAR ELE	<b>EV.</b> 2,	575.5	ft	T	OTAL DEP	<b>FH</b> 44.0 ft		NORTHIN	<b>G</b> 666,2	98		<b>EASTING</b> 818,886	24 HR.	FIAD
DRILL	RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	ATE G	TC3277	7 CME-75 83%	6 (09/15/2020	)		DRILL N	/IETHO	D SP	T Core Boring HAN	MER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER L.	Wanst	trath		S	TART DATE	E 03/10/2	1	COMP. DA	TE 03/	10/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A	
ELEV (ft)	ם איני	DEPTH (ft)		OW CO	UNT		BLOWS F	ER FOOT	75 100	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DE		DEPTH (ft
575	2,575.5	- 0.0	1	1	2	•3	T::::	<del></del>	<del>                                      </del>		D		2,575.5 GROUND SUF ROADWAY EMBA 2,573.5 Very soft, red and brown,	NKMENT	0. 4-6)2.
	2,573.0 - 2,570.5 - 2,568.0	- 5.0	3 2 2	3 3 2	3 5	• 6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					D M M		Soft to medium stiff, red, CLAY (A-7	gray, and brov	
505	2,565.5- - - - -	-	1	2	3	\$5					M V		2,562.5ALLUVIA		13
	2,560.5- - - - 2,555.5-	-	11	16 50/0.5	15		•31 				w		Dense, gray, SAND and 2,557.5  WEATHERED Gray and black,	ROCK	-D)18.
2550	- - - 2,551.5 - - -	- - 24.0 -	60/0.0						100+  60/0.0				2,551.5  CRYSTALLINE Gray, black, and white, N GNEISS	ligmatitic Bioti	24. ite
545	- - - - -	- - - - -													
540	- - - - -	- - - -								RS-9					
	-												2,531.5		44
													Boring Terminated at Elev Crystalline Rock (	ation 2,531.5 GNEISS)	

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B1-C Box 1 of 2: 24.0 – 35.0 FEET DRY



S1\_B1-C Box 1 of 2: 24.0 - 35.0 FEET WET



S1\_B1-C Box 2 of 2: 35.0 – 44.0 FEET DRY



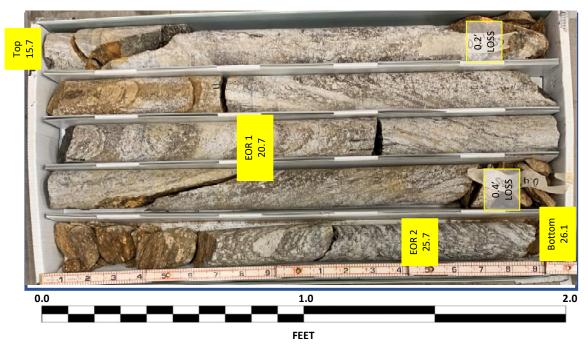
S1\_B1-C Box 2 of 2: 35.0 – 44.0 FEET WET



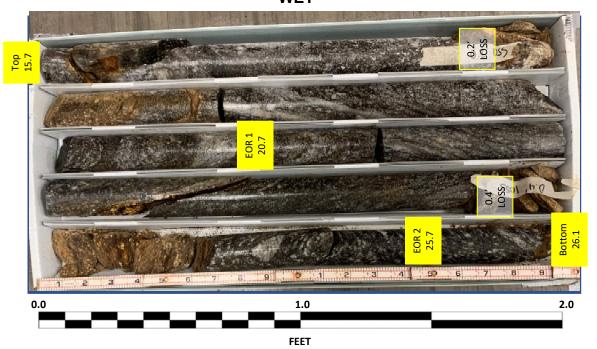
WBS 38332 1 FS1 TIP B-3186 / B-5898 COUNTY HAYWOOD GEOLOGIST R Dugger																			
WBS 38332.1.FS1 TIP B-3186 / B-5898 COUNTY HAYWOOD GEOLOGIST R. Dugger  SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway) GROUND WTR																			
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	l US	23/ US	3 74 (0	Great Sm	noky	Moun	tain I	Highwa	ay)							GROUN	ND WTR (ft)
<b>BORING NO.</b> S1_B1-B <b>STATION</b> 41+78											OF	SET	43	ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR.	0.0
COLI	AR ELE	<b>EV</b> . 2,	565.6	ft	TO	OTAL DE	PT	<b>d</b> 35.	7 ft		NO	RTHIN	G	666,2	79		<b>EASTING</b> 818,924	24 HR.	FIAD
DRILL	RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	TE G	TC9083	CME-550	X 809	% (11/24	1/2020	O)	'		1	ORILL N	ETHO	<b>D</b> SP	T Core Boring HAM	VIER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER L	Wans	trath		S	TART DA	λΤΕ	02/16	5/21		CO	MP. DA	TE	02/1	6/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH	1/A	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLC 0.5ft	0.5ft	UNT 0.5ft	0	25		S PE 50	R FOO	T 75	100	11	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DE	SCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
2570 2565 2560	2,565.6- 2,560.6-	<del>-</del> - -	2	1 20	1 12	2		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		W Sat.		2,565.6 GROUND SUR ALLUVIAI Very loose, brown and ora 2,562.6 micaceous Medium dense to dense, br with little gra	nge, silty SA	
2555 2550	2,555.6- - - - - - 2,550.6- 2,550.1	- - -	10	12 100/0.0	14		·		-				-		Sat.		2,550.1		15.5
2545	-	-	60/0.0									60+					CRYSTALLINE Brown, GNEI Light to dark gray with br Biotite GNEI	SS own, Migma	titic
2540 2535	- - - - -	- - - - -							-										
	-	-							:					RS-8					
2530	-						·		•	• • •			Ц				2,529.9  Boring Terminated at Eleva	# 0 F00 (	35.7
																	Crystalline Rock ((	NEISS)	

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B1-B Box 1 of 2: 15.7 – 26.1 FEET DRY



S1\_B1-B Box 1 of 2: 15.7 – 26.1 FEET WET



S1\_B1-B Box 2 of 2: 26.1 - 35.7 FEET DRY



S1\_B1-B Box 2 of 2: 26.1 - 35.7 FEET WET



									UKE		<u> </u>					
WBS	38332	.1.FS1			Т	<b>FIP</b> B-3186	/ B-5898	COUNT	Y HAY\	NOC	DD			GEOLOGIST R. Dugger		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	l US	23/ U	S 74 (	(Great Smok	y Mountair	n Highwa	y)						GROUI	ND WTR (ft)
BORI	NG NO.	S1_E	32-A		s	STATION 4	3+22		OFFSE	<b>T</b> 4	3 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR.	5.0
COLL	AR ELE	<b>EV.</b> 2,	565.2	ft	Т	TOTAL DEPT	<b>TH</b> 36.3 ft	:	NORTH	ING	666,4	46		<b>EASTING</b> 818,943	24 HR.	FIAD
DRILL	. RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	TE G	TC908	33 CME-550X 8	0% (11/24/20	)20)			DRILL N	/IETHO	<b>D</b> SP	T Core Boring HA	VIMER TYPE	Automatic
DRILI	LER L.	Wans	trath		S	START DATE	03/01/2	1	COMP.	DAT	TE 03/0	01/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLC 0.5ft	0.5ft	UNT		BLOWS F	PER FOOT		100	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK D		DEPTH (f
2565	2,565.2	- - - 0.0	3	2	1	3				-		W		2,565.2 GROUND SU  ROADWAY EMB  Very loose, brown, silty	ANKMENT	
	2,560.2	F	7	13	18		31			· ·		Sat.		2,562.2 micaceo Stiff, brown, CLA 2,559.6	us NY (A-7-6)	
2555	2,557.4 - - - - -	7.8 - - - -	60/0.0							0.0				2,557.4 Dense, brown and ora GRAVEL (A CRYSTALLINI Light to medium gray of Migmatitic Biotite	-1-b) E <b>ROCK</b> vith dark brov	
2550	- - - -	- - - -														
545	- - - -	- - - -									RS-10					
2540	- - - -	- - - -														
2530	-	- - - -												2,528.9		36
		-											- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Boring Terminated at Ele Crystalline Rock	vation 2,528.9 (GNEISS)	

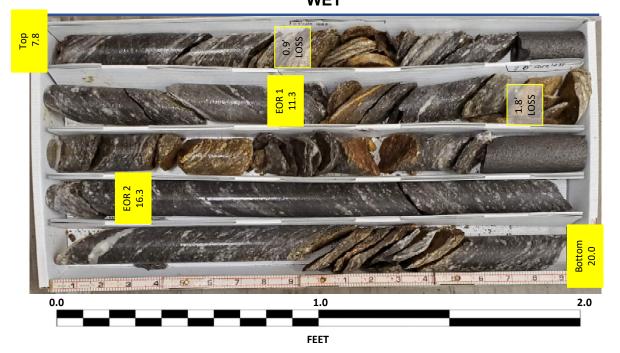
SHEET 19

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B2-A Box 1 of 3: 7.8 - 20.0 FEET DRY



\$1\_B2-A Box 1 of 3: 7.8 - 20.0 FEET WET



\$1\_B2-A Box 2 of 3: 20.0-29.9 FEET DRY

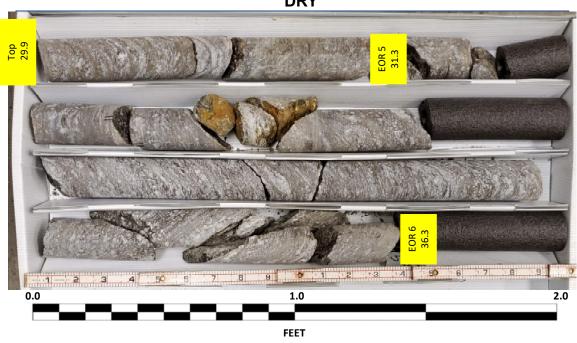


S1\_B2-A Box 2 of 3: 20.0 – 29.9 FEET WET

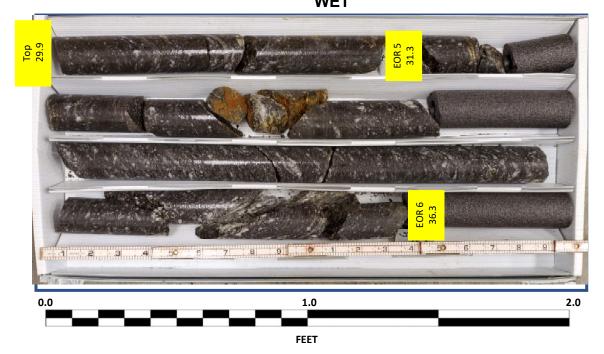


38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B2-A Box 3 of 3: 29.9 – 36.3 FEET DRY



S1\_B2-A Box 3 of 3: 29.9 – 36.3 FEET WET



									UKE				1	
	38332.					<b>P</b> B-3186		l	Y HAYW	OOD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi	
SITE	DESCRI	PTION	I US	23/ US	374 (0	Great Smok	y Mountai	n Highwa	y)					GROUND WTR (ft
BOR	ING NO.	S1_E	32-C		ST	TATION 42	2+87		OFFSET	1 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> 4.0
COLI	LAR ELE	<b>V.</b> 2,	567.3	ft	TO	OTAL DEPT	<b>H</b> 48.5 f	ť	NORTHI	<b>IG</b> 666,3	391		<b>EASTING</b> 818,957	<b>24 HR</b> . FIAD
DRILL	RIG/HAIV	MER E	FF./DA	TE GI	C9083	CME-550X 80	0% (11/24/2	020)		DRILL	METHO	<b>D</b> SP	T Core Boring HAMM	ER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER L.	Wans	trath		ST	TART DATE	03/10/2	21	COMP. D	ATE 03	10/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH NA	'A
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	JNT 0.5ft	0 2		PER FOOT 50	75 10	SAMP. 0 NO.	МОІ	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION DEPTH (
2 <b>570</b> 2565	2,567.3 2.564.8	- . 2.5	1	2	3	<b>þ</b> 5			· · · · ·		M		2,567.3 GROUND SURFA  ROADWAY EMBAN  Very soft to medium stiff, red	KMENT and brown, silty
	2,562.3	5.0	3	3	7	2					W		CLAY (A-7-6), mica	
2560	2,559.8	7.5 10.0	18	14	26		40				w	000	2,560.3  ALLUVIAL  2,557.8  Medium dense to very dense and white, SAND and GRA	e, gray, black, 9
2555		• •	4	5	7	. •12.				$\parallel$	D		Medium dense to dense, red SILT (A-4), contains little ro micaceous, sapro	tan, and black, ck fragments,
2550	2,552.3	15.0	3	4	6	. 10					D			
2545	2,547.3	20.0	8	16	30			46			D			
2540	2,542.3	25.0	100/0.5				: : : 1   : : : <u>1</u>		100/0	5			2,542.3  WEATHERED RO Red, brown, and black,	
0505	2,538.8	28.5	60/0.0						60/0	0			2,538.8  CRYSTALLINE R  Light to dark gray with brov  Biotite GNEISS, with tra	n. f-c grained
2535	1	-								RS-11			2,531.9	35.
2530	‡	• • •											Light to dark gray with bro Biotite GNEIS	wn, Migmatic S
2525		• • •												
2520	1	• • •											· - 2,518.8	48
													Boring Terminated at Elevati Crystalline Rock (Gt	
		•												
		: - : :												
		• • • •												
		<del>-</del>												

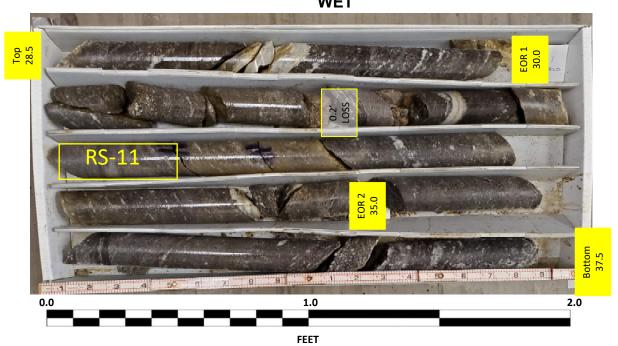


38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

S1\_B2-C Box 1 of 2: 28.5 – 37.5 FEET DRY



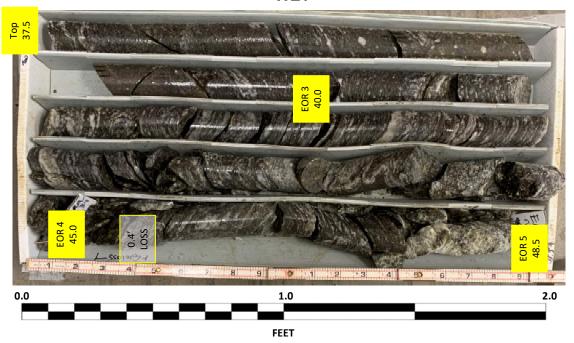
S1\_B2-C Box 1 of 2: 28.5 – 37.5 FEET WET



S1\_B2-C Box 2 of 2: 37.5 - 48.5 FEET DRY



S1\_B2-C Box 2 of 2: 37.5 - 48.5 FEET WET

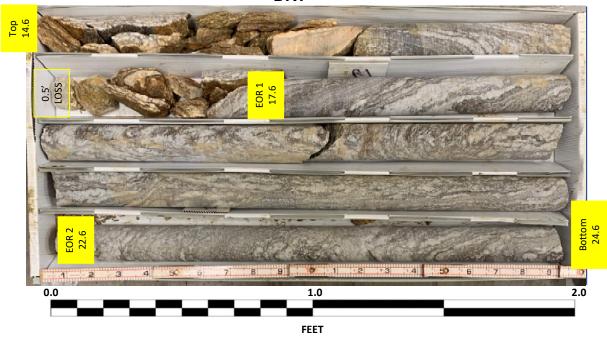


										UKI		<u> </u>			
WBS	38332	2.1.FS1			TI	<b>P</b> B-31	86 /	B-5898	COUNT	Y HA`	YWO	DD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	N US 2	23/ US	74 (0	Great Sn	noky	Mountai	n Highwa	y)					GROUND WTR (f
BOR	ING NO	. S1_l	B2-B		ST	TATION	42-	+73		OFFS	<b>ET</b> 4	3 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L- 0 HR. N//
COL	LAR ELI	<b>EV.</b> 2,	565.5 ft	t	TC	OTAL DE	EPTH	<b>d</b> 32.6 f	t	NORT	HING	666,3	54		<b>EASTING</b> 818,982 <b>24 HR.</b> FIAI
DRILL	RIG/HA	MMER E	FF./DAT	E GTO	23277	CME-75 8	33% (	09/15/202	O)			DRILL N	/IETHO	D H.S	S. Augers HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER K	. Boon	e		S	TART DA	ATE	02/15/2	21	СОМ	P. DA1	Γ <b>E</b> 02/	15/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	' <del></del>	V COU		0	25	BLOWS	PER FOOT		100	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION ELEV. (ft) DEPTH
2570	-													_ _	-
	2,565.5	1												<u> </u>	2,565.5 GROUND SURFACE
565	2,000.0	1 0.0	1	1	0	1			+ : : : :	+::			М		ALLUVIAL Very loose, brown, silty SAND (A-2-4),
		ł					:				: :			_	micaceous
2560	_	Ł					-			<u> </u>				Ŀ	_
		ł				<u> </u>	:			: :				_	
		Ŧ												<u> </u>	
2555	2,554.8	10.7	100/0.5			ļ <u> </u>					20/0.5			777	_2,554.8 10 WEATHERED ROCK
		Ŧ				: : :	-				00/0.5				Brown, GNEISS
2550	2,550.9	14.6	60/0.1			: : :			: : : :		50/0.1 <b>•</b>				2,550.9 14 CRYSTALLINE ROCK
		Ŧ					-				]				Light to dark gray with brown, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS
		Ŧ								: :					Biotito GNEIGO
545	_	Ŧ					-			$+$ $\ddot{\cdot}$					-
		‡													
540		‡													
.040	_	‡							1	1::					-
		‡					:								
2535	-	ţ					·			<u> </u>					_
		<u> </u>						 			: :				2,532.9
		ł												E	Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,532.9 ft in Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)
	-	ł												Ŀ	NOTES
		Ŧ												F	Rocking coring times not available
		Ŧ												F	
	-	ŧ												F	-
		‡													
	_	‡												L	-
		‡													
		ŧ												l E	
	-	+												<b> </b> -	-
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		Ŧ												F	-
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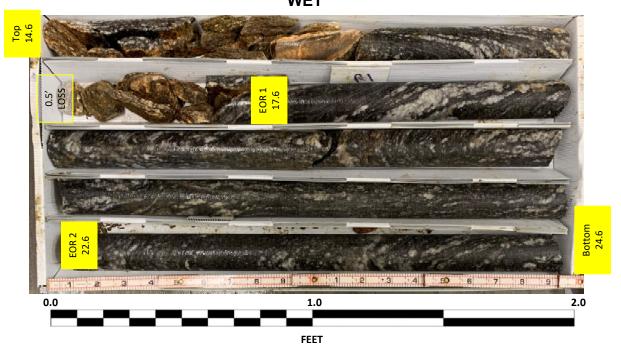


38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

\$1\_B2-B Box 1 of 2: 14.6 – 24.6 FEET DRY



S1\_B2-B Box 1 of 2: 14.6 – 24.6 FEET WET

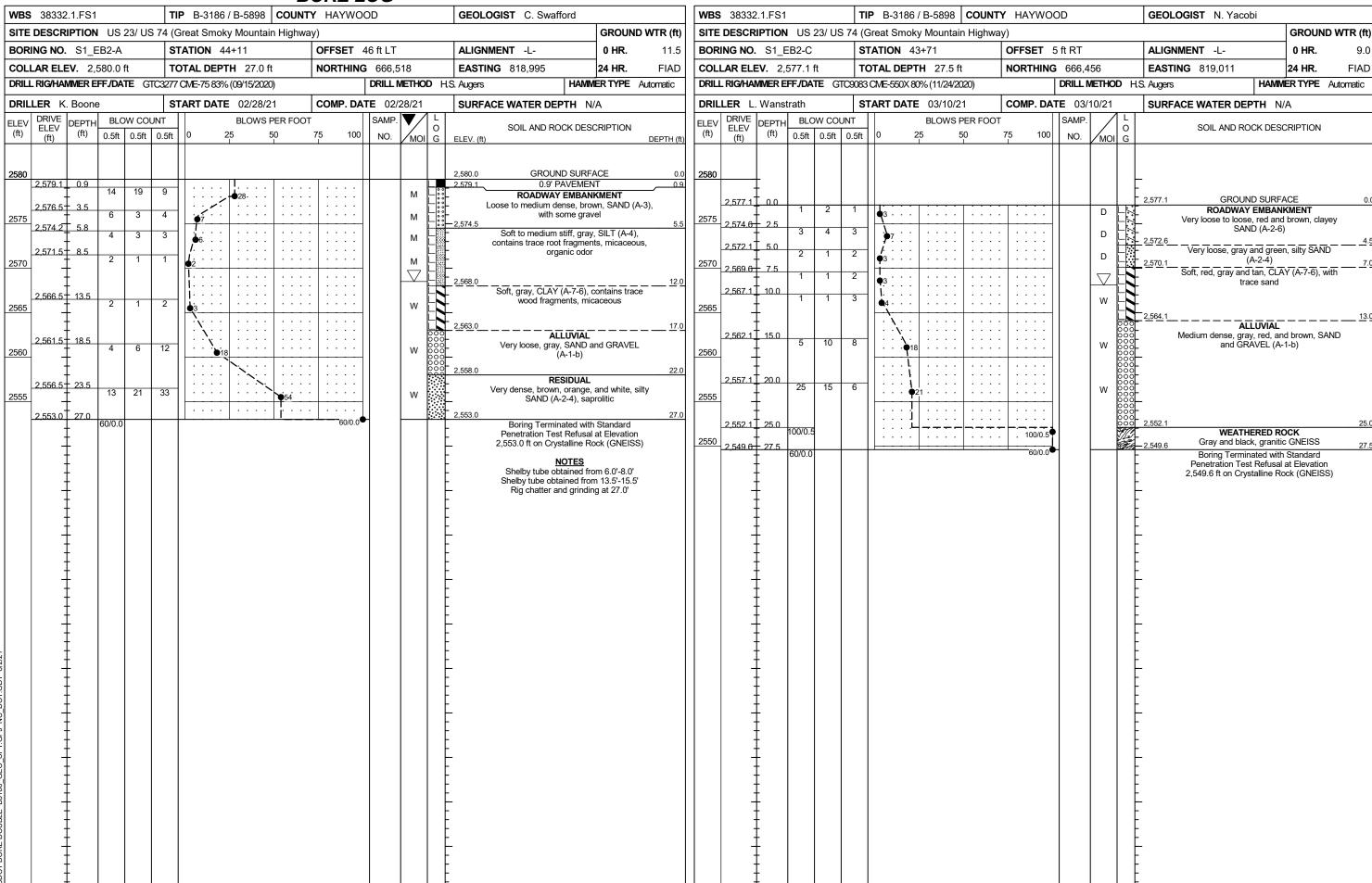


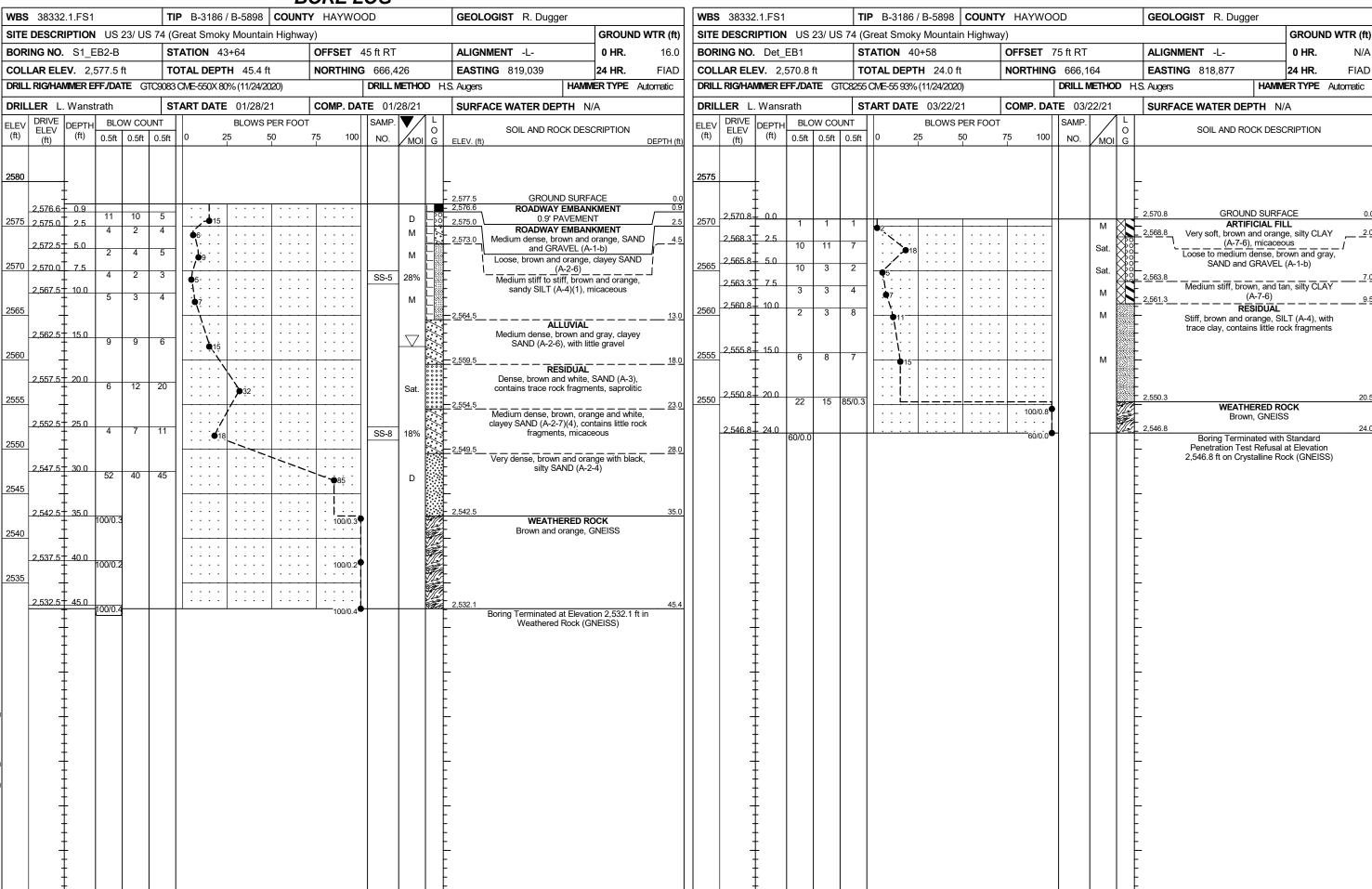
S1\_B2-B Box 2 of 2: 24.6 – 32.6 FEET DRY



S1\_B2-B Box 2 of 2: 24.6 – 32.6 FEET WET





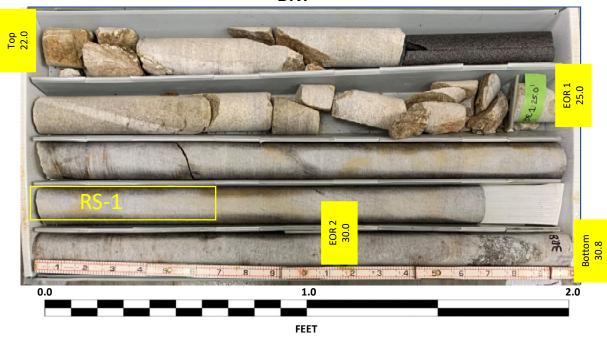


						1	DUF					T	
	38332						DUNTY H	AYWOO	DD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi	
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	I US	23/ US	3 74 (0	Great Smoky Mountain H	ighway)						GROUND WTR (1
BOR	ING NO.	Det_	B1		S <sup>-</sup>	<b>TATION</b> 41+46	OF	FSET 9	3 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> N/
COL	LAR ELE	<b>V.</b> 2,	567.0	ft	T	OTAL DEPTH 42.0 ft	NO	RTHING				l '	<b>24 HR</b> . FIA
DRIL	_ RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	TE G	TC8255	5 CME-55 93% (11/24/2020)			DRILL N	/IETHO	<b>D</b> SP	T Core Boring HAMMI	ER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER L.	Wans	rath		S <sup>-</sup>	TART DATE 03/17/21	CO	MP. DAT	E 03/	17/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	A
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft		BLOWS PER 0 25 50	FOOT 75	100	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION DEPTH
2570 2565	2,567.0	- - - 0.0	1	0	1	41				М	-	2,567.0 GROUND SURFA  ARTIFICIAL FIL  Very loose to loose, brown,	L
	2,564.5 2,562.0	Ė	2	4	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				M W		(A-2-6)  2,562.0  Medium stiff, brown and gray,	
2560	2,559.5 2,557.0	- - 7.5 - - - 10.0	2	3	3	_		: : :		M		2,559.5 with little grave  RESIDUAL  Medium stiff to stiff, gray and	<u> </u>
2555	- 2,557.0	- 10.0 - -	2	2	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				М		SILT (A-4)	
2550	2,552.0	15.0 -	5	6	8	14				M			
2545	2,547.0	- 20.0	57	100/0.3				100+			9772	2,547.0 WEATHERED RO 2,545.0 Brown and black, GN	
2540	-	- - -										CRYSTALLINE RO Light to medium gray and whit grained GRANITE with trace zenoliths	OCK
2535	-	- - -							RS-1 /				
	-	- - -										2,532.0  Light to dark gray with brow	3. n, Migmatitic
2530	- - -	- - -					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Biotite GNEISS	3
2525	-	-							RS-3			2,525.0  Boring Terminated at Elevation	4: on 2 525 0 ft in
												Crystalline Rock (GN	EISS)



38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

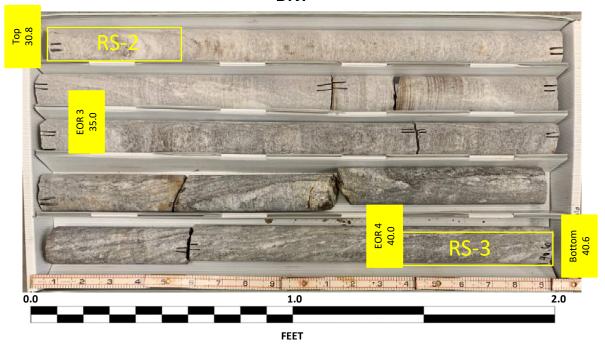
DET-B1 Box 1 of 3: 22.0 – 30.8 FEET DRY



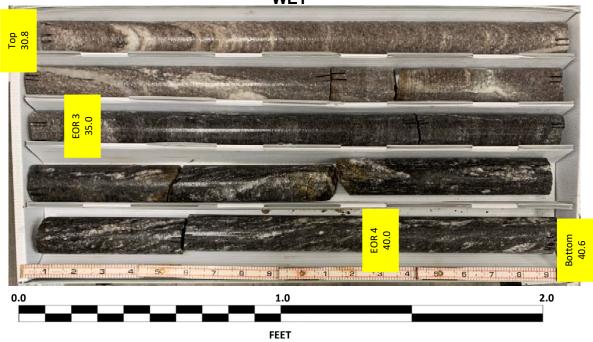
DET-B1
Box 1 of 3: 22.0 – 30.8 FEET
WET



DET-B1
Box 2 of 3: 30.8 – 40.6 FEET
DRY

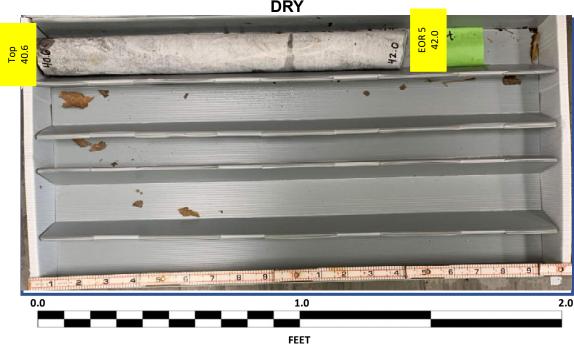


DET-B1 Box 2 of 3: 30.8 – 40.6 FEET WET



38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

DET-B1 Box 3 of 3: 40.6 – FEET DRY



DET-B1
Box 3 of 3: 40.6 – 42.0 FEET
WET

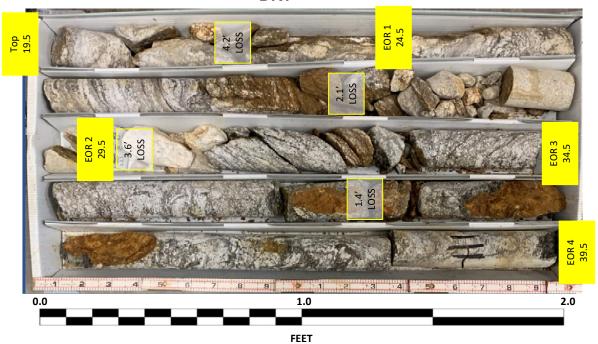


									UKE L				1	1
	38332					<b>P</b> B-318			Y HAYWO	OOD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi	
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	l US	23/ U	S 74 (C	Great Smo	oky Mour	tain Highwa	ay)					GROUND WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	Det_	B2		SI	TATION	42+34		OFFSET	113 ft R	Т		ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> N/A
COL	LAR ELE	<b>EV.</b> 2,	568.0	ft	TC	OTAL DEI	<b>PTH</b> 49.	5 ft	NORTHIN	<b>G</b> 666,2	281		<b>EASTING</b> 819,014	24 HR. FIAD
DRILL	RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	TE G	TC8255	CME-55 93	3% (11/24/2	2020)		DRILL	METHO	DD SP	T Core Boring HAMIN	MER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER L.	Wans	rath		ST	TART DA	<b>TE</b> 03/1	1/21	COMP. DA	ATE 03/	11/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N	/A
ELEV	DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH	BLO	ow co	UNT		BLOV	/S PER FOO	Γ	SAMP.	<b>V</b> /		SOIL AND ROCK DES	CRIPTION
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75 100	NO.	МО		ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
2570														
	2.568.0	0.0										l F	2,568.0 GROUND SURF	ACE 0.0
	_	-	2	2	2	4					М	N:F	ARTIFICIAL FI 2,566.0 Soft, brown, clayey SILT (A	LL
2565	2,565.5	2.5	5	10	9					11	D		Medium dense to dense, gr	ray, brown, and
	2,563.0	5.0	6	8	10								white, SAND and GRAV	/EL (A-1-b)
0500	2,560.5	75	0	ľ	12		20 · · ·		.		W			
2560	_	t	33	15	20	<del> </del>	●35			11	w			
	2,558.0	10.0	4	6	6		:1:::		.		l w	X <sub>1</sub>		
2555	_	Ŀ									''	X L		
	2.553.0	15.0										X	2,553.0	15.0
	-	- 10.0	53	58	100/0.5	:::=		: : : :	100+	<b>}</b> │			WEATHERED R Gray, GNEIS	
2550	_	-								1			2,549.0	19.0
	-	-					.			11			CRYSTALLINE F	ROCK
2545	-	-					.			11			Light to dark gray, white Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS i	nterlayered with
2545	_	-					:   : : :			11			weathered rock seams concentrations of felsic dikes	s and high s, with trace fault
	-	_					.		.	!			breccia	
2540	_	L								<u> </u>				
	-	-					.		.	11				
	-	F					.		.	i I				
2535	_	-								<del> </del>				
	-	-					.			[ ]				
2530	-	-					.		.	11				
2550	_	-								1				
	-	_					.		.	RS-4	}			
2525	_	L								]	1	M.		
	-	_					.		.	<b>i</b>				
	_						.			11				
2520	_	F				<del> </del>			+	<u> </u>				
	-						<u> </u>	-		RS-5	1	F	2,518.5  Boring Terminated at Elevat	49.5 tion 2,518.5 ft in
ı	-	-										F	Crystalline Rock (G	NEISS)
	-	ļ.											NOTES Split spoon at 10.0' resulted	in low recovery
	-												opin opean at 10.0 100anoa	
	_	_												
	-											1 -		
	_	_												
	_	-										F	•	
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	_	Ŀ										<u> </u>		
	-	Ŀ										F		
	-	F										F		
	-	<del>-</del>	I	Ì	1 1					1	i	. ⊢		

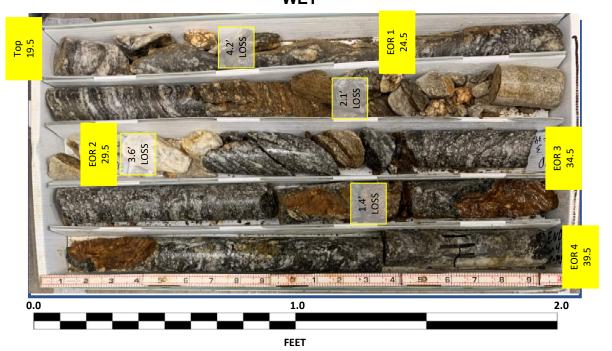
SHEET 32

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

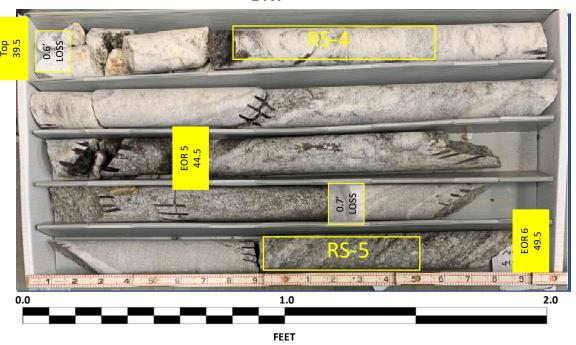
DET-B2 Box 1 of 2: 19.5 – 39.5 FEET DRY



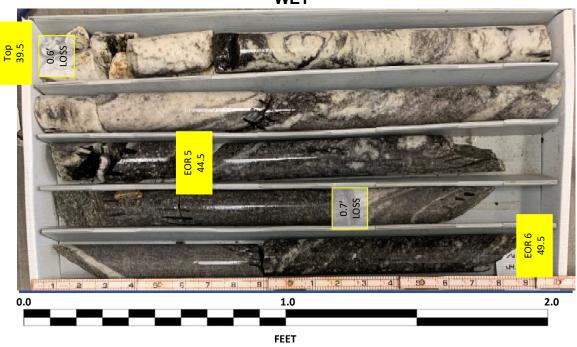
DET-B2 Box 1 of 2: 19.5 – 39.5 FEET WET



DET-B2 Box 2 of 2: 39.5 – 49.5 FEET DRY



DET-B2 Box 2 of 2: 39.5 – 49.5 FEET WET



	38332					P B-318			COUNT		YWO	OD			GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi	
				23/ US					n Highwa	_						GROUND WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	Det_	EB2		S <sup>-</sup>	TATION	43+	52		OFF	SET	121 ft R	Т		ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> N/A
	LAR ELE					OTAL DE				NOR	THING	666,3			'	24 HR. FIAD
DRILL	_RIG/HAI	VIMER E	FF./DA	TE G	TC8255	CME-55 9	3% (1 <sup>-</sup>	1/24/2020	))			DRILL N	METHO	DD H	S. Augers HAMME	ER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER L.	Wans	rath		S	TART DA	ΤE	03/11/2	1	СОМ	P. DA	<b>TE</b> 03/	11/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N//	4
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	O.5ft	0.5ft	UNT 0.5ft	0	25 		PER FOOT	75 	100	SAMP. NO.	MC	L O II G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)	RIPTION  DEPTH (ft)
2585	2,584.5	<del>-</del> 0.0	3	2	2	1	-			1			D		–2,584.5 GROUND SURFA ARTIFICIAL FIL	
	2,582.0	2.5				¶ <sup>4</sup> · · ·							"		Soft, red and brown, sandy micaceous	
2580	- 2.579.5	- 50	1	1	2	3 · ·				<u> </u>	• •		D		Very loose to loose, red, bro	wn, and gray,
	_		2	3	4	\   • † :							D		clayey SAND (A-2-6), m	icaceous 7.0
	2,577.0	7.5	4	3	3								D		Loose, red, brown, and gray (A-2-4), micaceor	, silty SAND
2575	2,574.5	10.0	2	2	2				<del> </del>	+-:					(A-2-4), Illicaceo	15
	-			2	~	<b>9</b> 4							M		- 2 571 5	13.0
2570	0.500.5	45.0												81	Soft, gray, clayey SILT (A-5	), micaceous
	2,569.5	- 15.0 -	1	1	2	●3	-						М	81	-	
	-	Ι.				ji			: : : :	: :				84	· · <u>2,566.5</u>	18.0
2565	2,564.5	20.0			3		-		<u> </u>	+					Soft, gray, lean CLAY	(A-7-b)
	-	-	1	1	3	4			: : : :	: :			M			20.0
2560	_					;:::			: : : :	: :					Very dense, gray, white and t	
	2,559.5	<del>-</del> 25.0	14	86	24/0.5		-+-								- <sub>2,559.0</sub> GRAVEL (A-1-b WEATHERED RO	, 20.0
	-	-						 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<del>+</del>	100+	'			Gray, white, and tan, C	
2555	- 2.554.5	- - 30.0								1::	• •				RESIDUAL Very stiff to hard, white, gray,	tan and brown.
	-	-	15	9	11	] ::::	20			: :					SILT (A-4), micaceous,	
0==0	-						$: \mathbb{N}$								•	
2550	2,549.5	35.0	8	15	16	<del> </del>	_   }		<del> </del>	+::					<del>-</del>	
	-	_				: : :	:   9	P31							•	
2545	- 2.544.5	- 40.0						j		<u> </u>					_	
	2,544.5	<u>40.0</u>	6	7	25	11 : : :		<b>■</b> 32							•	
	2,541.3	43.2						<u> </u>							2,541.3	43.2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)
	_	_	60/0.1	1							60/0.1				CRYSTALLINE RO Gray, white, and brown,	,
	-	-													Boring Terminated with Penetration Test Refusal a	Standard
	-	-													2,541.2 ft in Crystalline Roo	k (GNEISS)
	-	<del>-</del> -													NOTES	10.01.5
	-														Offset and augered down to 1 tube sample	8.0' for shelby
	-	_													· -	
	-	_													•	
	-	_												1	•	
	_														<del>-</del>	
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	-														•	

SHEET 34



REPORT ON SAMPLES OF: Rock For Quality

PROJECT:B-3186 / B-5898COUNTY:HaywoodDATE SAMPLED:05/11/2021RECEIVED:5/11/2021SAMPLED FROM:Test BoringsREPORTED:5/12/2021SUBMITTED BY:HDRBY / CERT NO:Kevin E. Walker

BORING NO	SAMPLE	DEPTH (FT)	ROCK TYPE	LENGTH (IN)	DIAMETER (IN)	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (PSI)
S1_B1-A	RS-6	11.0-11.5	Biotite Gneiss	4.16	1.86	175.8	18,520
S1_B1-A	RS-7	16.8-17.5	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	3.49	1.86	173.40	10,027
S1_B1-B	RS-8	32.1-32.5	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.17	1.87	172.90	10,268
S1_B1-C	RS-9	39.4-40.0	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.14	1.87	171.40	13,205
S1_B2-A	RS-10	20.0-20.8	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.15	1.87	171.50	9,796
S1_B2-C	RS-11	33.5-34.1	Biotite Gneiss	4.16	1.86	173.10	3,264
DET_B1	RS-1	27.0-27.7	Granite	4.17	1.86	165.5	22,108
DET_B1	RS-2	30.8-31.3	Granite	4.19	1.86	165.1	20,364
DET_B1	RS-3	40.1-40.6	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.11	1.86	170.4	16,519
DET_B2	RS-4	40.2-41.0	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.25	1.87	170.3	8,866
DET_B2	RS-5	48.5-49.0	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.24	1.87	169.5	8,389

5898 186B ~ Ö REFERENCE 332/48030 00 3

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

**CONTENTS** 

SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** TITLE SHEET LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

SITE PLAN PROFILE BORE LOGS

# **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY \_**HAYWOOD** 

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209(CRABTREE RD.) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE. SITE DESCRIPTION RETAINING WALL #1 FROM -L LT- STA. 48 + 60.08 TO 49 + 09.03

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. TOTAL SHEETS 5 B-3186/B-5898

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABDRATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NIDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOOD THE PROJECT. THE STED STORMAT OF THE FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

  1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

C. SWAFFORD

	GEOTECHNOLOGY, INC
INVESTIGATED	BY <b>C. SWAFFORD</b>
DRAWN BY	T. LYNN
CHECKED BY _	K. BUSSEY
SUBMITTED BY	HDR
DATE NOV	EMBER 2021



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SIGNATURE

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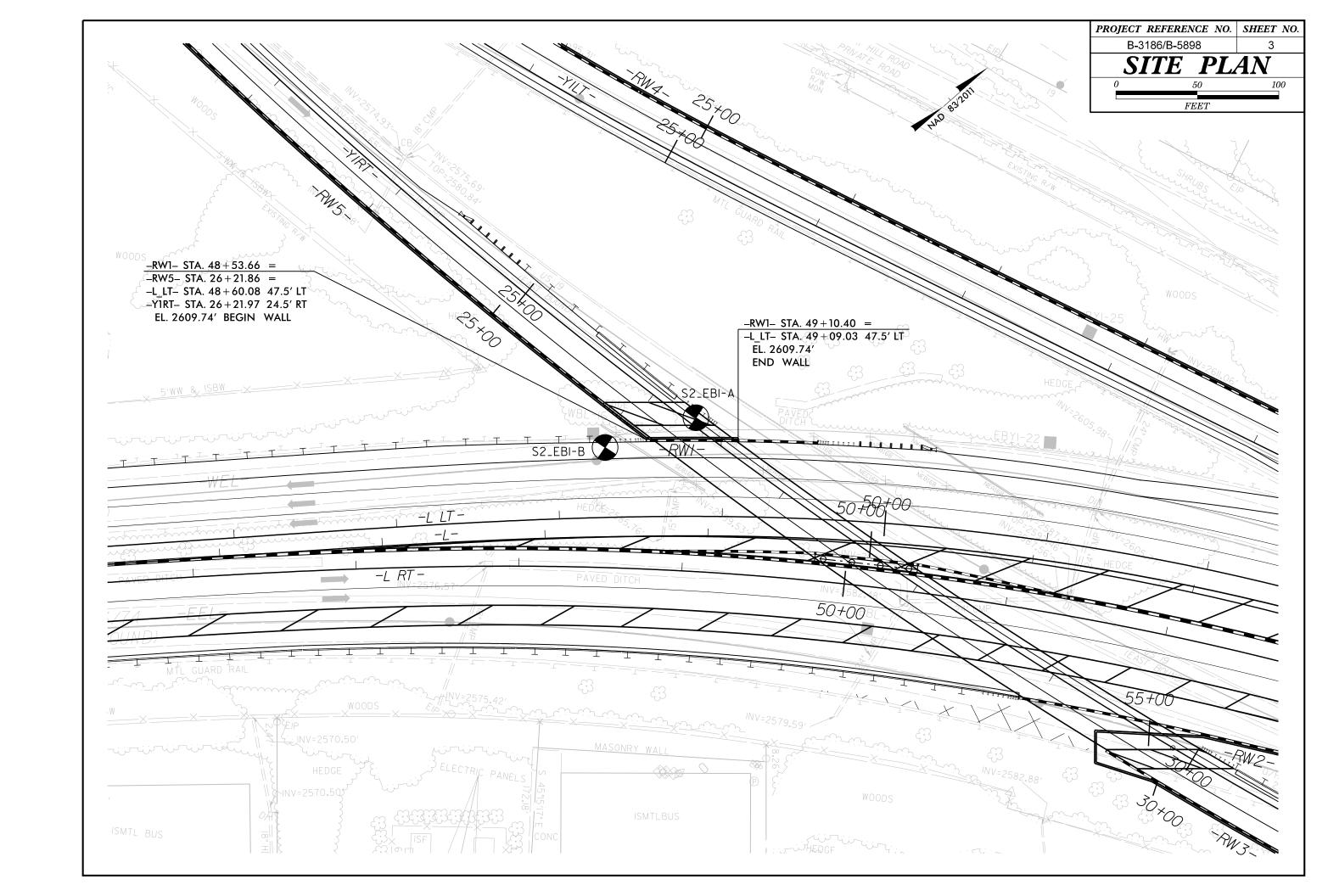
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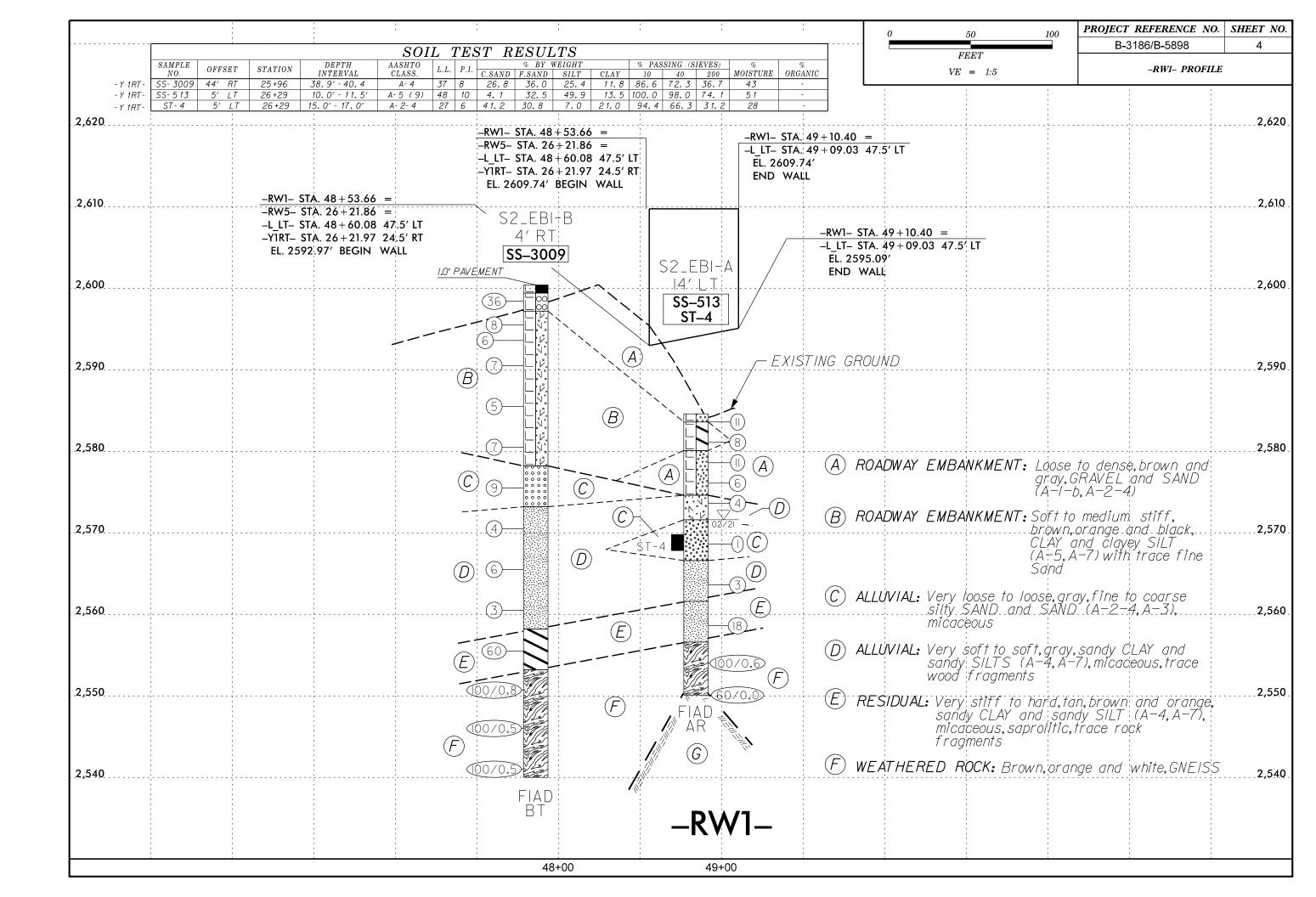
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

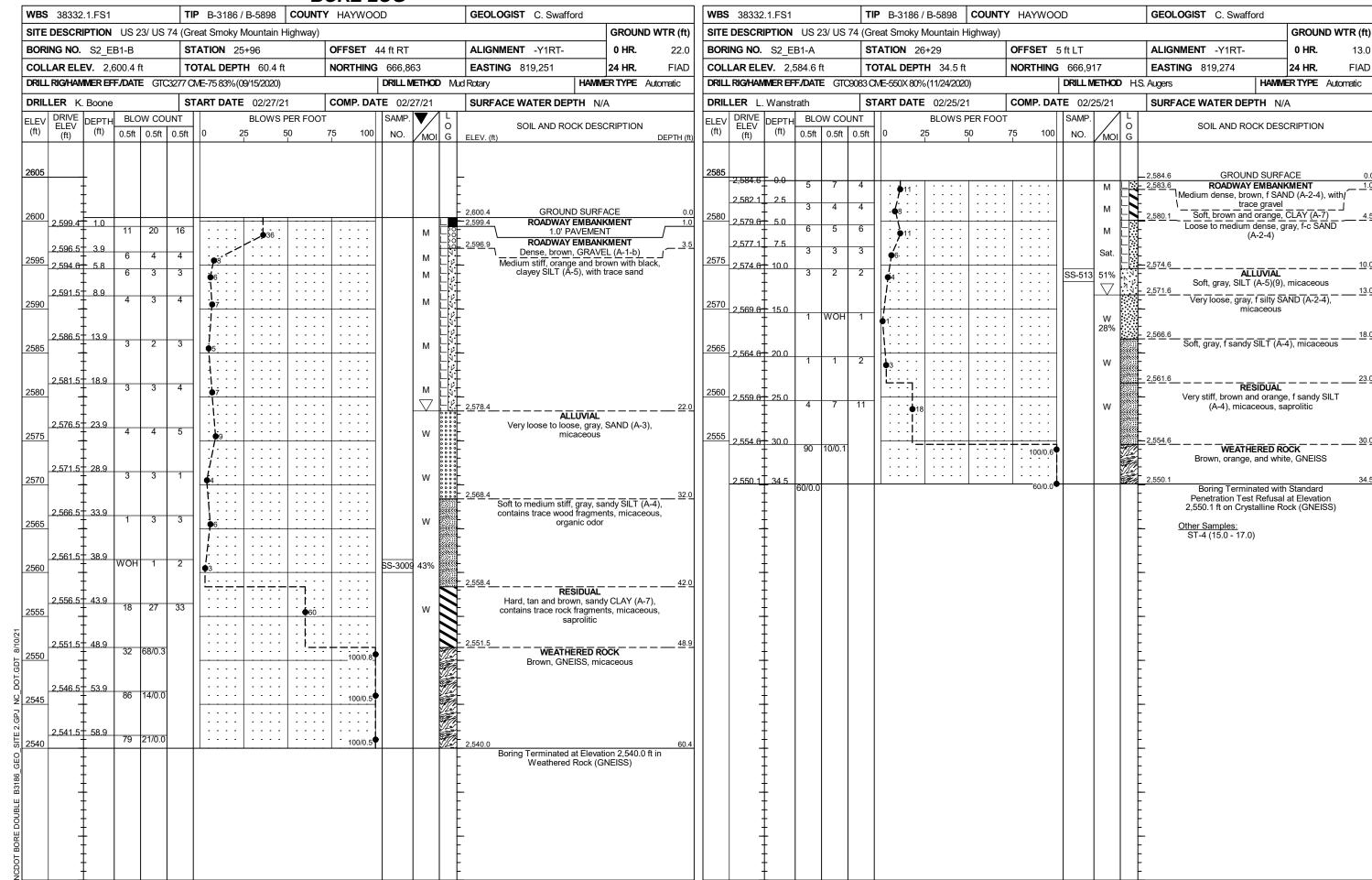
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

COLUMN DESCRIPTION			TEDUS AND SESTIMATIONS
SOIL DESCRIPTION  SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION  HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	<u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. <u>UNIFORMLY GRADED</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.  ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF.GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	WEATHERED WILL NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION  MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) CROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	<u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	ROCK (NCR) ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.  COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
"10 50 MX GRANULAR SILI- MUCK, CLAY PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
#2000 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40 40 MX 41 MN	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE UR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC SOILS	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STUNE FRAUS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN, RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE		(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBURADE POUR	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.  FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS < LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.
PANCE OF STANDARD PANCE OF UNICONSTINED		(MOD.SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (170NS/FT <sup>2</sup> )	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
VERY LOOSE 4.4	- CPT	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.  LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANUL AR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL  SOIL SYMBOL  SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.  IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A  (NON-COMPETIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50		SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
VERY SOFT         < 2         < 0.25           GENERALLY         SOFT         2 TO 4         0.25 TO 0.5	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</u>	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL TEST BORING WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
MATERIAL         STIFF         8 TO 15         1 TO 2           (COHESIVE)         VERY STIFF         15 TO 3Ø         2 TO 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION - SPT N-VALUE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
HARD > 30 > 4	INSTREETION	ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
COARSE FINE	SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BUDLUER CUBBLE GRAVEL SAND SAND SILI CLAY		MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	ABBREVIATIONS  AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	OR SLIP PLANE.  STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL CLAY  MOD MODERATELY  CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST  NP - NON PLASTIC  7 - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CHIEF OR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION SOIDE FOR TIEED HOLDS ONE BESCHIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY L10U1D; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
LL LIQUID LIMIT	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
PLASTIC   SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: N/A
- MOICT - (M) COLID. AT OR NEAR ORTIMIM MOICTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	NOTES:
PERMITES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	
- DRY - (D)  ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CME-55 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM TRIMBLE RI2 GNSS RECEIVER CERTIFIED WITH FCC PART 15 (CLASS B DEVICE), 24, 32; RCM; PTCRB; BT SIC
PLASTICITY	X 8* HOLLOW AUGERS	INDURATION	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	X CME-550X HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.  RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	VANE SHEAR TEST UNGCARBIDE INSERTS	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	X CME-75 TRICONE TRICONE SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	CHARP HAMMER BLOWS DECLIDED TO RREAK SAMPLE.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	X MUD ROTARY	EXTREMELY INDURATED SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1







5898 186/B ~ Ö REFERENCE 332/48030

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**CONTENTS** 

**DESCRIPTION** 

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

TITLE SHEET

SITE PLAN

BORE LOGS

PROFILE

SHEET NO.

5-6

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY \_**HAYWOOD** 

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209 (CRABTREE RD) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE. SITE DESCRIPTION RETAINING WALL #2 FROM -L RT- STA. 51+62.74 TO 53+56.35

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-3186/B-5898 6

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THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABDRATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NIDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOOD THE PROJECT. THE STED STORMAT OF THE FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

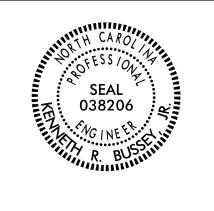
  1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

_	N. YACOBI
_	R. DUGGER
_	GEOTECHNOLOGY, INC.
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INVESTIGATED B	Y C. SWAFFORD
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SUBMITTED BY \_\_HDR DATE NOVEMBER 2021

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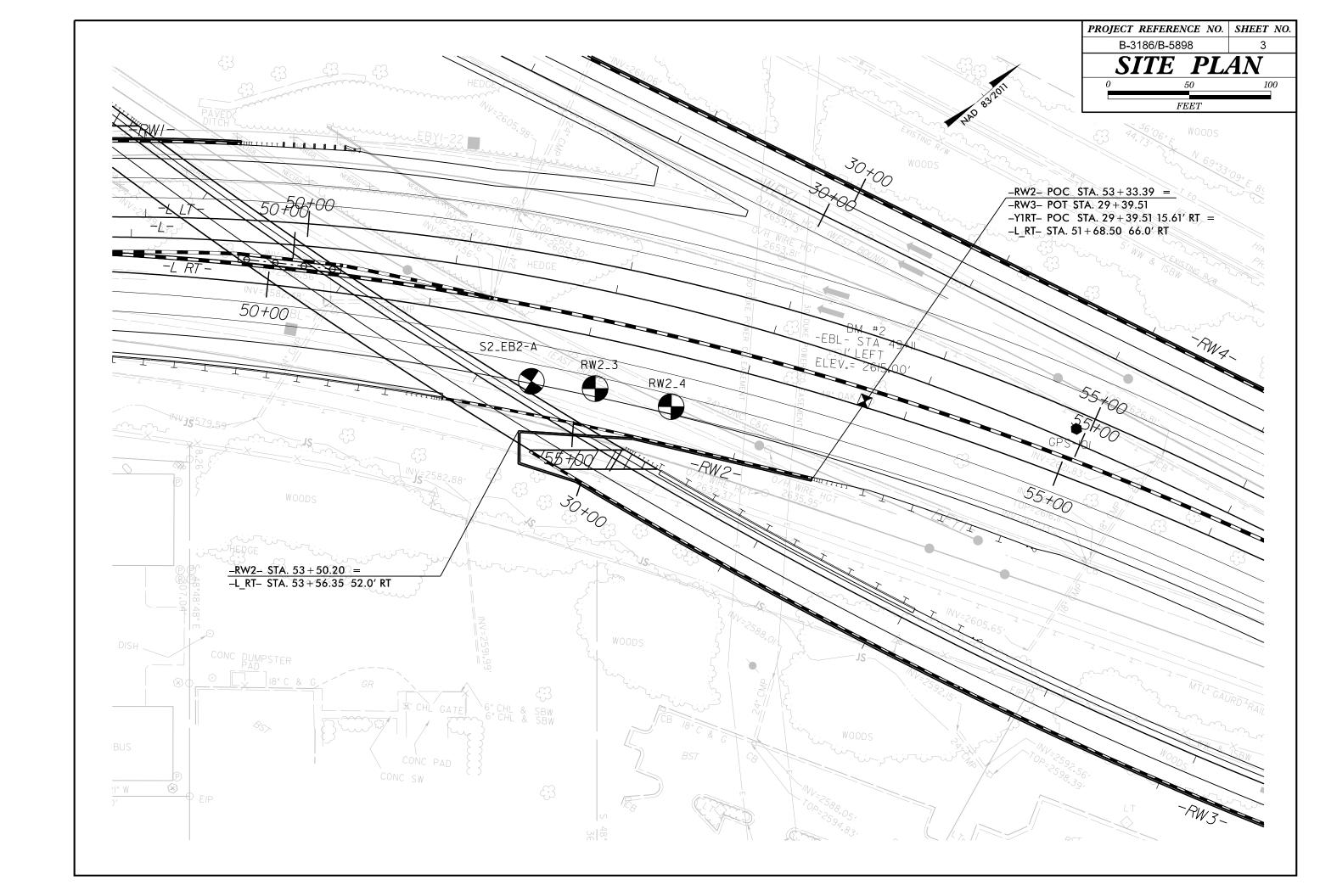
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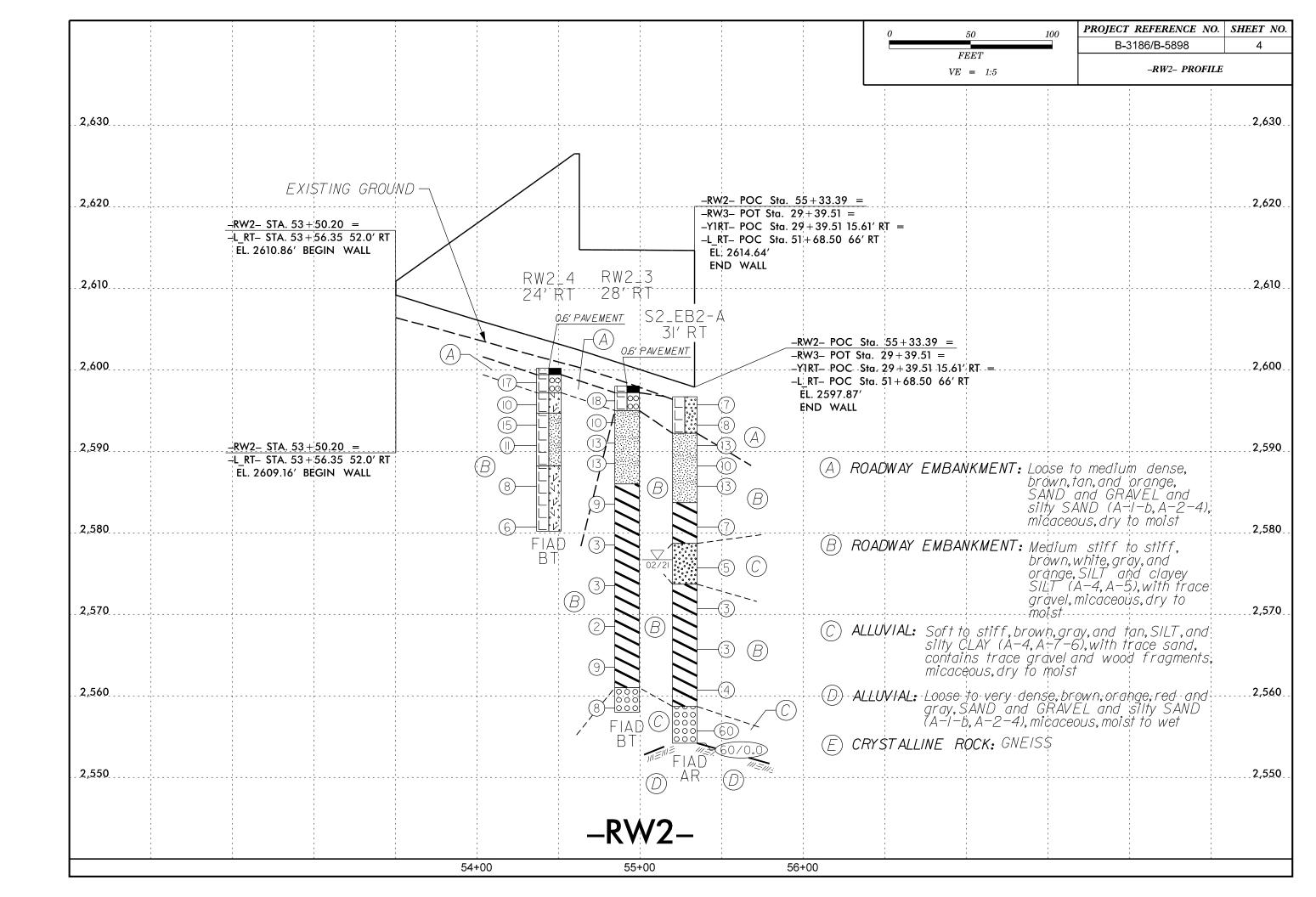
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

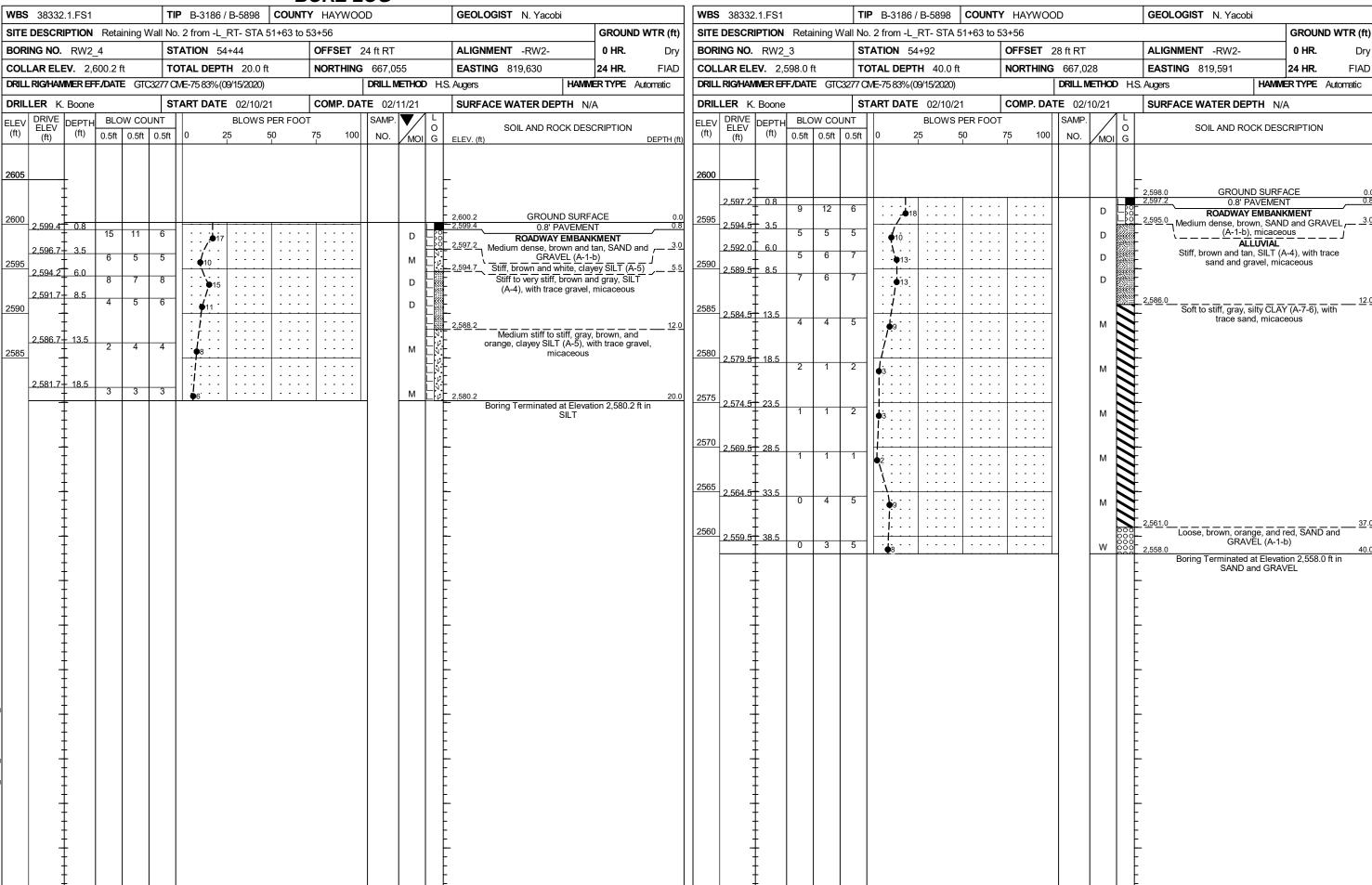
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION  SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION  HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.  UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA,
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.  ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION  MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE CRYSTALLINE WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) CROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-5 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 0000d00000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	ROCK (NCR)  ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.  COASTAL PLAIN  COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
#10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT-	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
#40    30 MX   50 MX   51 MN   PEAT   SOILS   SOILS   SOILS   SOILS   PEAT   SOILS   S	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40 40 MX 41 MN 50ILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF SOUR	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER		(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN.RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE		(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBUKALE PUUK	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	<u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</u>	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
(N-VHLOE) (TONS/FT /	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION → OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE	SOIL SYMBOL  SOIL SYMBOL  SOIL SYMBOL  SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A MATERIAL DENSE 20 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTILED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTILING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
DENSE   30 TO 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY   SOFT   2 TO 4   0.25 TO 0.5	INFERRED ROCK LINE MW MONITORING WELL TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BFF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	A PIFTOMETER	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4  HARD > 30 > 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS  VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053		HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.  MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BDRING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SIZE IN. 12 3	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.  HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC  DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC COMMIT COMMIT COMMIT COMMITTED PROVIDES	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRACT - FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNALL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
RANGE / - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REGUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: N/A
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM         SPACING         TERM         THICKNESS           VERY WIDE         MORE THAN 10 FEET         VERY THICKLY BEDDED         4 FEET	
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT  DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CL CONTINUOUS FLICHT AUGED	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED USING b3186_br0022_r4047_Merged_I-12-21.tin
	CME-55	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET  INDURATION	
PLASTICITY	_	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	SITE 2 BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM TRIMBLE RI2 GNSS RECEIVER CERTIFIED WITH FCC PART 15 (CLASS B DEVICE), 24, 32; RCM; PTCRB; BT SIG
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH  NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X CME-550X HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N	DURRING WITH FINGER EREES NUMEROUS CRAINS.	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	I   VANE SHEAR TEST     HAND TOOLS:	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	CASING W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH WARD AUSTED	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
COLOR	TRICOUS	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.  GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE:	
	X CME-75 TRICONE 'TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).  MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
THE SOURCE STORY SHANN STREET, ETC. THE COLD TO DESCRIBE MITERIATION	X MUD ROTARY	SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14







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WBS	38332	.1.FS1			TI	<b>P</b> B-3186	6 / B-5898	COUNT	Y HAYWO	OD			GEOLOGIST R. Dugger		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	US 2	23/ US	74 (Gr	reat Smok	y Mountain	Highway)					_	GROUND WTR	(ft)
BOR	ING NO.	S2_E	B2-A		S <sup>-</sup>	TATION	29+30		OFFSET	14 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-	0 HR. 2	20.0
COL	LAR ELE	<b>EV</b> . 2,5	596.7 f	ft	TO	OTAL DE	<b>PTH</b> 42.5	ft	NORTHING	667,0	01		<b>EASTING</b> 819,562	24 HR. F	IAD
DRILL	RIG/HAIV	MER EF	F./DATI	E GTO	29083 C	ME-550X 8	0%(11/24/20	20)		DRILL N	/IETHO	D H.S	S. Augers HAMM	ER TYPE Automat	ic
DRIL	LER L.	Wanst	rath		S	TART DA	<b>TE</b> 02/10/2	21	COMP. DA	TE 02/	10/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	Α	
ELEV	DRIVE	DEPTH	BLC	w co	UNT		BLOWS	PER FOOT	<u> </u>	SAMP.	<b>V</b> /		COULAND DOOK DECK	COUNTION	
(ft)	ELEV (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75 100	NO.	МО		SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)		TH (ft)
2600															
	-	F										F	=		
	2,596.7-	0.0	2	3									2,596.7 GROUND SURF		0.0
2595	2.594.2	25	-	3	4	<u>•</u> †7 ·					M		<b>ROADWAY EMBANI</b> - Loose, brown and orange,	f-c silty SAND	
		Į.	3	4	4	. 8 .					D		(A-2-4), with little (	gravel	4.5
2500	2,591.7-	5.0	3	6	7	13		.			D		ALLUVIAL		7.5
2590	2,589.2	7.5	4	1		1 7.3	<u> </u>			1			_ Stiff, brown and orange, micaceous	SILT (A-4),	
	- 2.586.7-	10.0	4	4	6	- •10	.	.			D	<b>M</b> t			
2585	2,000.7	10.0	7	6	7		.	.			D				
	-	F								11					13.0
	2,581.7-	15.0				: <i>j</i> : :		.					Medium stiff, brown and gra (A-7-6), micaced	ay, f slity CLAY ous	
2580	-	‡	3	3	4	7					M		-		
	-	<u> </u>				į::		.						c silty SAND	18.0
	2,576.7-	20.0	3	3	2			.			$\frac{1}{M}$	╂	(A-2-4), micaced	ous	
2575	_	_			_	P <sup>5</sup>		$+\cdots$	<del> </del>		l IVI	-	<b>-</b> 2,573.7		23.0
		F					.						Soft to medium stiff, gray, (	CLAY (A-7-6),	23.0
2570	2,571.7-	25.0	1	1	2	3		.			М		contains trace wood fragme	nts, micaceous	
2370	_	<u> </u>				<del>  <u>                                 </u></del>				-			-		
	2.566.7-	30.0				<u>                                 </u>	:   : : : :	.							
2565	-	00.0	1	1	2		-	.			М				
	] -	F				ļ				]			_		
	2,561.7-	35.0				;::::									
2560	-	‡	1	2	2	●4					M		-		
	-	<u> </u>				: : : `	`\:	.				000		and GRAVEL	38.0
	2,556.7-	40.0	9	25	35	:::	:   : : ``.	\			w		(A-1-b)		
2555	2,554.2	42.5						60			L vv	000	2,554.2		42.5
	-	ļ.	60/0.0						60/0.0			F	Boring Terminated with Penetration Test Refusal		
	-	ļ.											2,554.2 ft on Crystalline Ro	ck (GNEISS).	
	-	‡											_ A.R. at a depth of	42.5 .	
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