

REFERENCE: U-5725/R-3822

PROJECT: 50162 / 37765

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

**STRUCTURE**  
**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

COUNTY HAILFAX  
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION WIDENING NC 125 FROM I-95  
TO OLD FARM ROAD  
 SITE DESCRIPTION CULVERT ON NC 125 OVER CREEK  
(-L- STA. 84 + 52)

**CONTENTS**

<u>SHEET NO.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)
3	SITE PLAN
4	PROFILE
5	BORE LOGS

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	U-5725/R-3822	1	5

**CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA AND BOREHOLE INFORMATION MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

P.M. WEAVER

C.R. PASTRANA

AMERIDRILL

INVESTIGATED BY ESP Associates, P.A.

DRAWN BY C.R. PASTRANA

CHECKED BY P.M. WEAVER

SUBMITTED BY ESP Associates, P.A.

DATE DECEMBER 2017

 **ESP**  
 ESP ASSOCIATES, PA  
 7011 ALBERT PICK RD  
 SUITE E  
 GREENSBORO, NC 27409  
 FIRM # C-0587  
 WWW.ESPASSOCIATES.COM



DocuSign  
 Paul Weaver

01847D3739AD49C  
 SIGNATURE

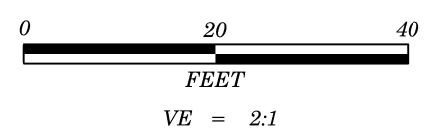
DATE

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
 UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

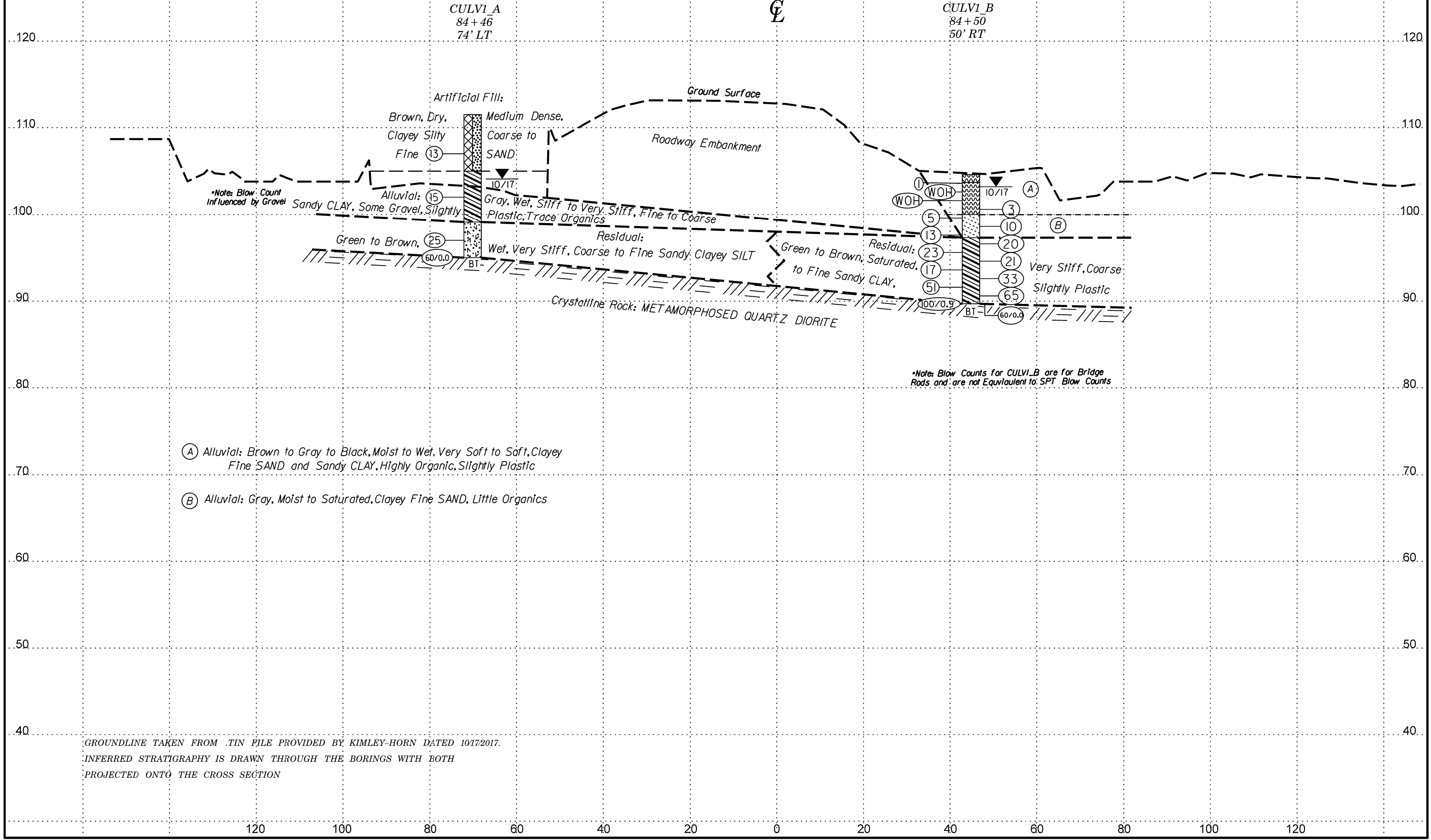
**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS**  
**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**  
**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**  
**SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

SOIL DESCRIPTION		GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																																																																																								
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206; ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>		WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.		HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:		<b>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.)</b> - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. <b>AQUIFER</b> - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. <b>ARENACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. <b>ARGILLACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. <b>ARTESIAN</b> - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. <b>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</b> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. <b>COLLUVIUM</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. <b>CORE RECOVERY (REC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>DIKE</b> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. <b>DIP</b> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. <b>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</b> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. <b>FAULT</b> - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. <b>FISSILE</b> - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. <b>FLOAT</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. <b>FLOOD PLAIN (FP)</b> - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. <b>FORMATION (FM)</b> - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. <b>JOINT</b> - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. <b>LEDGE</b> - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. <b>LENS</b> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. <b>MOTTLED (MOT.)</b> - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. <b>PERCHED WATER</b> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. <b>RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL</b> - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. <b>ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</b> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. <b>SILL</b> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. <b>SLICKENSIDE</b> - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. <b>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT)</b> - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. <b>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>TOPSOIL (TS.)</b> - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.																																																																																																																																																																								
<b>SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>GENERAL CLASS.</th> <th colspan="6">GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)</th> <th colspan="6">SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (&gt; 35% PASSING #200)</th> <th colspan="3">ORGANIC MATERIALS</th> </tr> <tr> <th>GROUP CLASS.</th> <th>A-1</th> <th>A-3</th> <th>A-2-4</th> <th>A-2-5</th> <th>A-2-6</th> <th>A-2-7</th> <th>A-4</th> <th>A-5</th> <th>A-6</th> <th>A-7</th> <th>A-1, A-2</th> <th>A-3</th> <th>A-4, A-5</th> <th>A-6, A-7</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <th>SYMBOL</th> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> <td>[Pattern]</td> </tr> <tr> <th>% PASSING #10 #40 #200</th> <td>50 30 15</td> <td>30 25 10</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <th>MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI</th> <td></td> <td></td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td>40 35 25</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <th>GROUP INDEX</th> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <th>USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS</th> <td colspan="2">STONE FRAGS. OF GRAVEL AND SAND</td> <td colspan="2">FINE SAND</td> <td colspan="2">SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND</td> <td colspan="2">SILTY SOILS</td> <td colspan="2">CLAYEY SOILS</td> <td colspan="3">SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td colspan="3">HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS</td> </tr> <tr> <th>GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE</th> <td colspan="6">EXCELLENT TO GOOD</td> <td colspan="6">FAIR TO POOR</td> <td>FAIR TO POOR</td> <td>POOR</td> <td>UNSATURABLE</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="6">PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS &gt; LL - 30</td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> </table>		GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)						SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)						ORGANIC MATERIALS			GROUP CLASS.	A-1	A-3	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7				SYMBOL	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	% PASSING #10 #40 #200	50 30 15	30 25 10	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25				MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI			40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25				GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. OF GRAVEL AND SAND		FINE SAND		SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND		SILTY SOILS		CLAYEY SOILS		SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER			HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD						FAIR TO POOR						FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE					PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30																<b>ANGULARITY OF GRAINS</b> THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: <b>ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.</b>		<b>MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION</b> MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.		<b>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</b> 		<b>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</b> 		<b>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</b> 		<b>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</b> 		<b>WEATHERING</b> FRESH - ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) - ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SL.) - ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD.) - SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i> SEVERE (SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &gt; 100 BPF</i> VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i> COMPLETE - ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	
GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)						SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)						ORGANIC MATERIALS																																																																																																																																																																	
GROUP CLASS.	A-1	A-3	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7																																																																																																																																																																
SYMBOL	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]	[Pattern]																																																																																																																																																													
% PASSING #10 #40 #200	50 30 15	30 25 10	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25																																																																																																																																																																
MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI			40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25	40 35 25																																																																																																																																																																
GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																																																																																																																																																																
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. OF GRAVEL AND SAND		FINE SAND		SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND		SILTY SOILS		CLAYEY SOILS		SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER			HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS																																																																																																																																																																
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD						FAIR TO POOR						FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE																																																																																																																																																															
		PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30																																																																																																																																																																												
<b>COMPRESSIBILITY</b> SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50		<b>PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>ORGANIC MATERIAL</th> <th>GRANULAR SOILS</th> <th>SILT - CLAY SOILS</th> <th>OTHER MATERIAL</th> </tr> <tr> <td>TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>2 - 3%</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>TRACE 1 - 10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>5 - 12%</td> <td>LITTLE 10 - 20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY ORGANIC</td> <td>5 - 10%</td> <td>12 - 20%</td> <td>SOME 20 - 35%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HIGHLY ORGANIC</td> <td>&gt; 10%</td> <td>&gt; 20%</td> <td>HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE</td> </tr> </table>		ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%	MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%	HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	<b>GROUND WATER</b> WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP		<b>CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>PRIMARY SOIL TYPE</th> <th>COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY</th> <th>RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)</th> <th>RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT<sup>2</sup>)</th> </tr> <tr> <td>GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESSIVE)</td> <td>VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE</td> <td>&lt; 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 &gt; 50</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)</td> <td>VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD</td> <td>&lt; 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 &gt; 30</td> <td>&lt; 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 &gt; 4</td> </tr> </table>		PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )	GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESSIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A	GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4																																																																																																																																							
ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL																																																																																																																																																																											
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%																																																																																																																																																																											
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%																																																																																																																																																																											
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%																																																																																																																																																																											
HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE																																																																																																																																																																											
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )																																																																																																																																																																											
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESSIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A																																																																																																																																																																											
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4																																																																																																																																																																											
<b>TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)</th> <td>4</td> <td>10</td> <td>40</td> <td>60</td> <td>200</td> <td>270</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4.75</td> <td>2.00</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.075</td> <td>0.053</td> </tr> <tr> <th>BOULDER (BLDR.)</th> <th>COBBLE (COB.)</th> <th>GRAVEL (GR.)</th> <th>COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)</th> <th>FINE SAND (F SD.)</th> <th>SILT (SL.)</th> <th>CLAY (CL.)</th> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <th>GRAIN SIZE</th> <td>MM 305</td> <td>75</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.05</td> <td>0.005</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>IN. 12</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270		4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053	BOULDER (BLDR.)	COBBLE (COB.)	GRAVEL (GR.)	COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)	FINE SAND (F SD.)	SILT (SL.)	CLAY (CL.)								GRAIN SIZE	MM 305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005		IN. 12	3					<b>MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS</b> ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SPT DMT TEST BORING AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST SOUNDING ROD TEST BORING WITH CORE SPT N-VALUE																																																																																																																																		
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270																																																																																																																																																																								
	4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053																																																																																																																																																																								
BOULDER (BLDR.)	COBBLE (COB.)	GRAVEL (GR.)	COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)	FINE SAND (F SD.)	SILT (SL.)	CLAY (CL.)																																																																																																																																																																								
GRAIN SIZE	MM 305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005																																																																																																																																																																								
	IN. 12	3																																																																																																																																																																												
<b>RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS</b> UNDERCUT SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL		<b>ABBREVIATIONS</b> AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - COARSE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HI. - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM NICA. - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY ICR - TRICONE REFUSAL M - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED % - UNIT WEIGHT %g - DRY UNIT WEIGHT <b>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</b> S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO																																																																																																																																																																												
<b>SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)</th> <th>FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION</th> <th>GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">LL - LIQUID LIMIT</td> <td>- SATURATED - (SAT.)</td> <td>USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- WET - (W)</td> <td>SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">PL - PLASTIC LIMIT</td> <td>- MOIST - (M)</td> <td>SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- DRY - (D)</td> <td>REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE</td> </tr> </table>		SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	<b>EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>DRILL UNITS:</th> <th>ADVANCING TOOLS:</th> <th>HAMMER TYPE:</th> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CME-55</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE MOIST</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *STEEL TEETH</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *TUNG-CARB.</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:	<input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL	<input type="checkbox"/> CME-55	<input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS		<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS		<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE MOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS			<input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER			<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *STEEL TEETH			<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *TUNG-CARB.			<input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT																																																																																																																																	
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION																																																																																																																																																																												
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE																																																																																																																																																																												
	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE																																																																																																																																																																												
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE																																																																																																																																																																												
	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE																																																																																																																																																																												
DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:																																																																																																																																																																												
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL																																																																																																																																																																												
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-55	<input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER																																																																																																																																																																													
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS																																																																																																																																																																													
<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS																																																																																																																																																																													
<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE MOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS																																																																																																																																																																													
	<input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER																																																																																																																																																																													
	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *STEEL TEETH																																																																																																																																																																													
	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *TUNG-CARB.																																																																																																																																																																													
	<input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT																																																																																																																																																																													
<b>PLASTICITY</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>NON PLASTIC</th> <th>SLIGHTLY PLASTIC</th> <th>MODERATELY PLASTIC</th> <th>HIGHLY PLASTIC</th> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)</th> <th colspan="2">DRY STRENGTH</th> </tr> <tr> <td>0-5</td> <td>6-15</td> <td>VERY LOW</td> <td>SLIGHT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16-25</td> <td>26 OR MORE</td> <td>MEDIUM</td> <td>HIGH</td> </tr> </table>		NON PLASTIC	SLIGHTLY PLASTIC	MODERATELY PLASTIC	HIGHLY PLASTIC					PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)		DRY STRENGTH		0-5	6-15	VERY LOW	SLIGHT	16-25	26 OR MORE	MEDIUM	HIGH	<b>ROCK HARDNESS</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>VERY HARD</th> <th>HARD</th> <th>MODERATELY HARD</th> <th>MEDIUM HARD</th> <th>SOFT</th> <th>VERY SOFT</th> </tr> <tr> <td>CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</td> <td>CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.</td> <td>CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.</td> <td>CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</td> <td>CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.</td> <td>CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.</td> </tr> </table>		VERY HARD	HARD	MODERATELY HARD	MEDIUM HARD	SOFT	VERY SOFT	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.																																																																																																																																											
NON PLASTIC	SLIGHTLY PLASTIC	MODERATELY PLASTIC	HIGHLY PLASTIC																																																																																																																																																																											
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)		DRY STRENGTH																																																																																																																																																																												
0-5	6-15	VERY LOW	SLIGHT																																																																																																																																																																											
16-25	26 OR MORE	MEDIUM	HIGH																																																																																																																																																																											
VERY HARD	HARD	MODERATELY HARD	MEDIUM HARD	SOFT	VERY SOFT																																																																																																																																																																									
CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.																																																																																																																																																																									
<b>FRACTURE SPACING</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>TERM</th> <th>SPACING</th> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY WIDE</td> <td>MORE THAN 10 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WIDE</td> <td>3 TO 10 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY CLOSE</td> <td>1 TO 3 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLOSE</td> <td>0.16 TO 1 FOOT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY CLOSE</td> <td>LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</td> </tr> </table>		TERM	SPACING	VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT	VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	<b>BEDDING</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>TERM</th> <th>THICKNESS</th> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>1.5 - 4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.16 - 1.5 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.03 - 0.16 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THICKLY LAMINATED</td> <td>0.008 - 0.03 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THINLY LAMINATED</td> <td>&lt; 0.008 FEET</td> </tr> </table>		TERM	THICKNESS	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET	THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET																																																																																																																																																	
TERM	SPACING																																																																																																																																																																													
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT																																																																																																																																																																													
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
TERM	THICKNESS																																																																																																																																																																													
VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET																																																																																																																																																																													
<b>INDURATION</b> FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.		<table border="1"> <tr> <th>FRIBLE</th> <th>MODERATELY INDURATED</th> <th>INDURATED</th> <th>EXTREMELY INDURATED</th> </tr> <tr> <td>RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.</td> <td>GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.</td> <td>GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.</td> <td>SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.</td> </tr> </table>		FRIBLE	MODERATELY INDURATED	INDURATED	EXTREMELY INDURATED	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																																																																																																																																																																			
FRIBLE	MODERATELY INDURATED	INDURATED	EXTREMELY INDURATED																																																																																																																																																																											
RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																																																																																																																																																																											
<b>COLOR</b> DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		<b>NOTES:</b> FIAD= FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING																																																																																																																																																																												
<b>BENCH MARK:</b> BL#09 N:975009 E:2398675 -BL- STA. 85+08.66		<b>ELEVATION:</b> 112.80 FEET																																																																																																																																																																												





PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-5725 / R-3822	4
SECTION THROUGH -L- 84+52 SKEW=66 DEGREES	



GROUNDLINE TAKEN FROM .TIN FILE PROVIDED BY KIMLEY-HORN DATED 10/17/2017.  
INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS DRAWN THROUGH THE BORINGS WITH BOTH  
PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS SECTION

