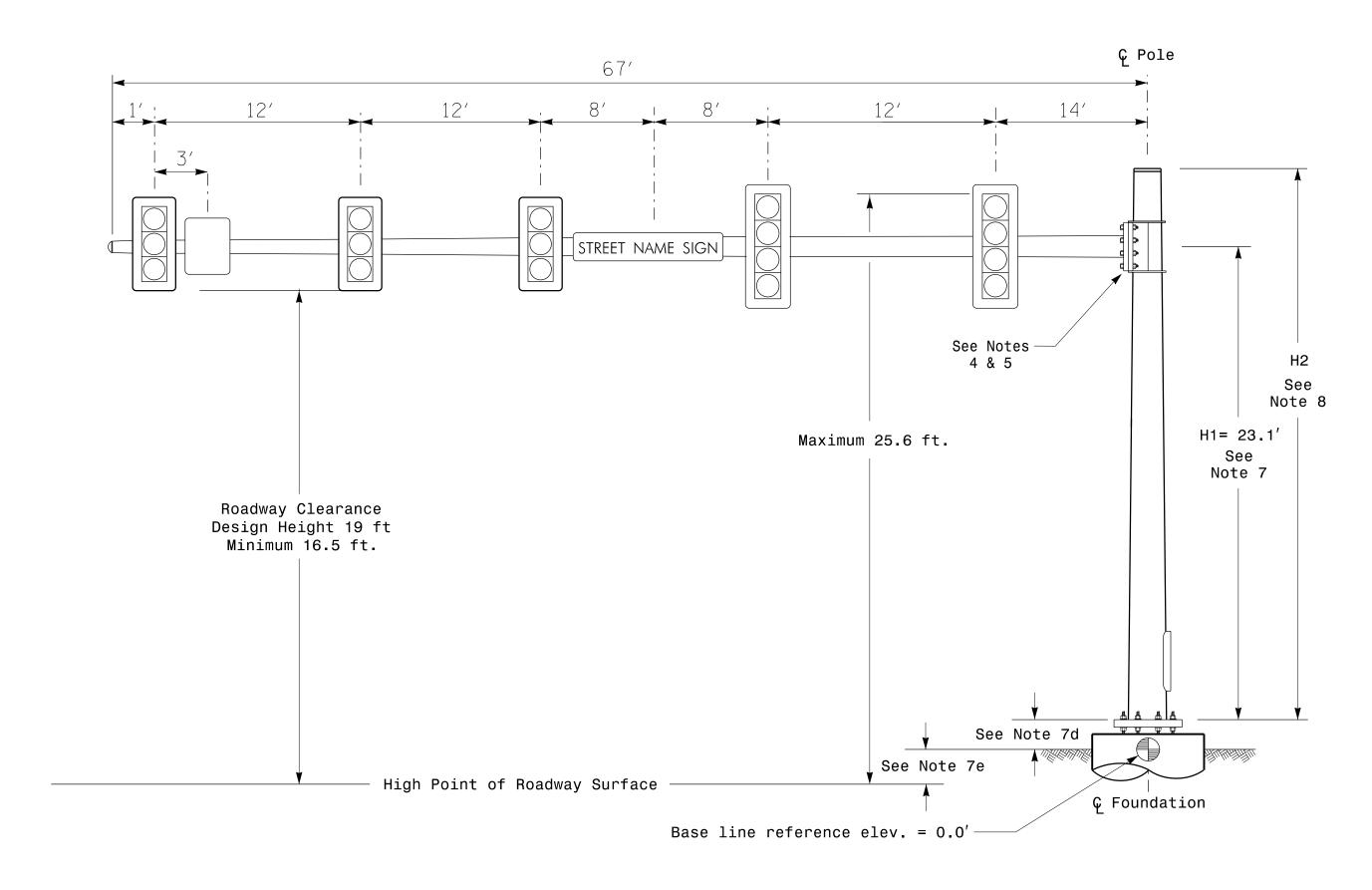


Design Loading for METAL POLE NO. 8

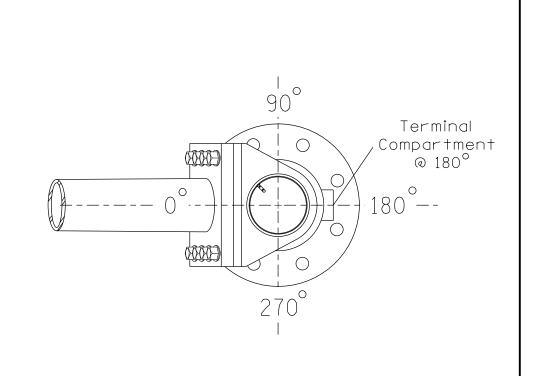


SPECIAL NOTE

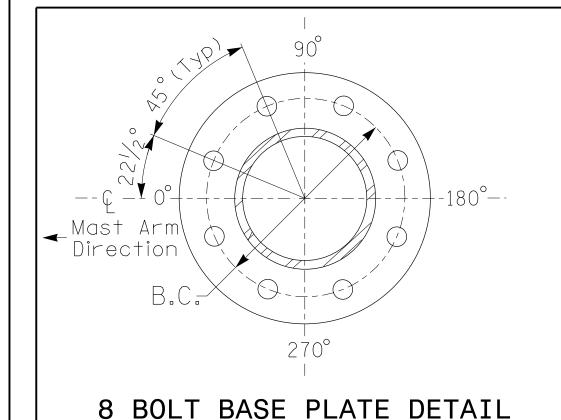
The contractor is responsible for verifying that the mast arm attachment height (H1) will provide the "Design Height" clearance from the roadway before submitting final shop drawings for approval. Verify elevation data below which was obtained by field measurement or from available project survey data.

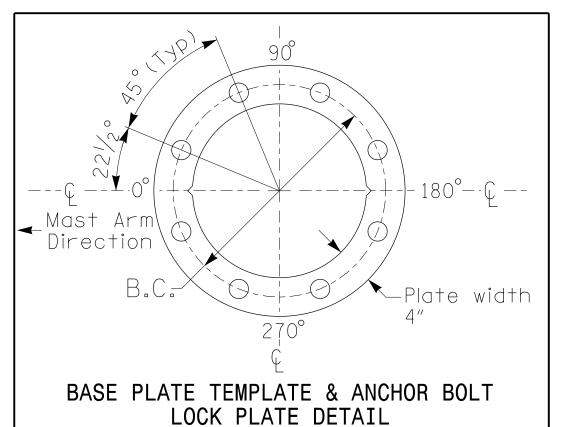
Elevation Data for Mast Arm Attachment (H1)

Elevation Differences for:	Pole 7	Pole 8	
Baseline reference point at © Foundation @ ground level	0.0 ft.	0.0 ft.	
Elevation difference at High point of roadway surface	+1.5 ft.	+1.3 ft.	
Elevation difference at Edge of travelway or face of curb	+0.5 ft.	-0.2 ft.	



POLE RADIAL ORIENTATION





For 8 Bolt Base Plate

See Note 6

METAL POLE No. 7 AND 8

ROJECT REFERENCE NO. |Sig. 5.11 U-4751

MAST ARM LOADING SCHEDULE					
loading Symbol	DESCRIPTION	AREA	SIZE	WEIGHT	
	RIGID MOUNTED SIGNAL HEAD 12"-4 SECTION-WITH BACKPLATE	11.5 · S.F.	25.5″W X 66.0″L	74 LBS	
	RIGID MOUNTED SIGNAL HEAD 12"-3 SECTION-WITH BACKPLATE	9.3 S.F.	25.5″W X 52.5″L	60 LBS	
1	SIGN RIGID MOUNTED	5.0 S.F.	24.0"W X 30.0"L	11 LBS	
Street Name	STREET NAME SIGN RIGID MOUNTED	16.0 S.F.	24.0" W X 96.0"L	36 LBS	

NOTES

DESIGN REFERENCE MATERIAL

- 1. Design the traffic signal structure and foundation in accordance with:
- The 6th Edition 2013 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, including all of the latest interim revisions.
- The 2012 NCDOT "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures." The latest addenda to
- the specifications can be found in the traffic signalproject specialprovisions.
- The 2012 NCDOT Roadway Standard Drawings.
- The traffic signal project plans and special provisions.
- The NCDOT "MetalPole Standards" located at the following NCDOT website:
- https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- 2. Design the traffic signalstructure using the loading conditions shown in the elevation views. These are anticipated worst case "design loads" and may not represent the actual loads that will be applied at the time of the installation. The contractor should refer to the traffic signalplans for the actualloads that will be applied at the time of the installation. 3. Design allsignalsupports using stress ratios that do not exceed 0.9.
- 4. The camber design for the mast arm deflection should provide an appearance of a low pitched arch where the tip or the free end of the mast arm does not deflect below horizontal when fully loaded.
- 5. A clamp-type bolted mast arm-to-pole connection may be used instead of the welded ring stiffened box connection shown as long as the connection meets all of the design requirements.
- 6. Design base plate with 8 anchor bolt holes. Provide 2 inch x 60 inch anchor bolts.
- 7. The mast arm attachment height (H1) shown is based on the following design assumptions: a. Mast arm slope and deflection are not considered in determining the arm attachment height as they are assumed to offset each other.
- b. Signalheads are rigidly mounted and vertically centered on the mast arm.
- c. The roadway clearance height for design is as shown in the elevation views.
- d. The top of the pole base plate is 0.75 feet above the ground elevation.
- e. Refer to the Elevation Data Chart for the elevation differences between the proposed foundation ground leveland the high point of the roadway.
- 8. The pole manufacturer will determine the total height (H2) of each pole using the greater of the following:
- Mast arm attachment height (H1) plus 2 feet, or
- H1 plus 1/2 of the total height of the mast arm attachment assembly plus 1 foot.
- 9. If pole location adjustments are required, the contractor must gain approval from the Engineer as this may affect the mast arm lengths and arm attachment heights. The contractor may contact the Signal Design Section Senior Structural Engineer for assistance at (919) 773-2800.
- 10. The contractor is responsible for verifying that the mast arm length shown will allow proper positioning of the signalheads over the roadway.
- 11. The contractor is responsible for providing soilpenetration testing data (SPT) to the pole manufacturer so site specific foundations can be designed.

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED NCDOT Wind Zone 2 (130 mph) ATKINS 1616 EAST MILLBROOK ROAD, SUITE 160 RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27609 (919) 876-6888 NCBEES #F-0326



US 17 Business (Market Street)

SR 2048 (Gordon Road)

PREPARED BY: AM Encarnacion REVIEWED BY: REVISIONS INIT. DATE N/A N/ASIG. INVENTORY NO. 03-0390

SEAL 025892 Division 03 New Hanover County Wilmington PLAN DATE: April 2017 REVIEWED BY: MB Toth