REFERENCE: B-4945

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-4945	1	8

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY VANCE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 36 ON -L-(SR 1374) OVER KERR LAKE

CONTENTS

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CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY DIPPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 199) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CEMERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IMP-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOL. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE OR INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

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 I. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

LINSONNEL
O. B. OTI
D. C. DIVITED
D. G. PINTER
INVESTIGATED BY J. L. PEDRO
DRAWN BY J. L. PEDRO
CHECKED BY N. T. ROBERSON
SUBMITTED BY N. T. ROBERSON
DATE AUGUST 2015

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DATE

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
B-4945	2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

														(1 2	IUL	1 OF 2)			
						SC	IL	DES	CR.	PTI	ON					GRADATION			
BE PENE ACCORE IS CONSIST	SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM DISB6). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH									D, OR R ANI TO T IONS	WEAT D YIEI 206, GENER ION, AN	D LES ASTM (ALLY 1 D OTH	S THAN 100 1586). SOIL NCLUDE TH ER PERTINE	D BLOWS PI CLASSIFI E FOLLOWI NT FACTOR	ER FOOT ICATION ING: RS SUCH	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS			
,	AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6								DDEL	FINE	SAND	LAYER.	S.HIGHLY PLA	ISTIC.A-7-6	·•	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.			
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS GRANULAR MATERIALS													CATION	l		MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION			
GENERAL CLASS.				, PASSI							MATER SSING		OR	GANIC MATER	RIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.			
GROUP CLASS.		A-1-b	A-3	_	_	A-2 -5 A-2	.د ا ۸	_	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7 A-7-5 A-7-6	A-1, A-2 A-3	A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7		ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY			
SYMBOL		00000					**	S				A-7-6				SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31			
% PASSING	0000	0000	3::::				***			7 7.			,,,,,,,	SILT-	************	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50			
*10 *40 *200		50 M	K 51 MN K 10 M)		x 35 M	4X 35	MX 35	5 MX 3	5 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	GRANULAR SOILS	CLAY SOILS	MUCK, PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL			
MATERIAL PASSING *40 LL PI	6	_ мх	- NP	40 M	X 41 M	1N 40	MX 41	I MN 40	3 мх 3 мх	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	LITTI	WITH LE OR ERATE	HIGHLY ORGANIC	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%			
GROUP INDEX USUAL TYPES	_	Ø FRAGS	0		И		4 MX	- 18		12 MX	16 MX	NO MX	ORG	its of Anic	SOILS	■ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING			
OF MAJOR MATERIALS	GRAV	EL, AND AND				OR CL AND			SIL			IYEY ILS	MAI	TTER		▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS			
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE			EXCE	LENT 1	ro G00	10				AIR T	0 POOR		FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSUITABLE	<u>▽PW</u> PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA			
			PI OF									ROUP IS	> LL - 30			MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS			
				COMP					RANG	E OF	STAN	ARD		GE OF UNC					
PRIMARY	SOIL	TYPE		CON	NSIST	ENCY		PE	ENE TE	(N-V	ALUE)	STENCE	COMP	RESSIVE S		WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES			
GRANUL MATERI	GENERALLY VERY LOOSE GRANULAR LOOSE MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE					4 T 10 T	4 0 10 0 30 0 50 50		N/A			SOIL SYMBOL SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT SPI DMT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER TEST							
SILT-C MATERI	VERY GENERALLY SOI SILT-CLAY MEDIUM MATERIAL STII (COHESIVE) VERY			SOF IUM STIF	T STIFF F TIFF			< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30				< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 TO 1 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4	0.5 1.0 2	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY TOTAL					
					TE	ΧTι	JRE	OR	GF	RAIN	I SI	ZE				RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS			
U.S. STD. SI OPENING (M	1M)			_	4.	4 .76	10 2.0	0	40 0.42 OARS		60 0.25	200 0.07 FINE	5 0.053			UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL			
BOULDE (BLDR.			(COB.)			AVEL SR.)			SANE SE. S)		SANI (F SI)	SILT (SL.)	(CL.)	UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EPIDAMANEM ON BACKFILL ABBRE VIATIONS			
GRAIN MI SIZE IN		305 12	SOIL	75 3	ופו	[LIB	2.0		ODE.		0.25 TON	ΩE	0.05	0.005	5	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT			
		STURE	SCAL	.E	1	FI	ELD I	MOIST	URE				FIELD MOI	STURE DES	SCRIPTION	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\hat{\gamma}_d$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC			
			IMITS					RIPTION RATEO			USUA	LY LI	GUID; VERY	WET, USU	JALLY	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST			
PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL			IC LI			- WET - (W) SEMISOLID; R						ס	FOSS, - FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS W- MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO						
OM	OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST			T - (N	1)		SOLIC	; AT 0	R NEAR OF	PTIMUM MO	DISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:							
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT			-	- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADI						0	CME-45C CLAY BITS AUTOMATIC MANUAL 6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER								
	PLASTICITY								<u>IC</u> I	ΤΥ					CME-55 8* HOLLOW AUGERS CORE 512E:				
							PLAS	TICIT		DEX (PI)		DI	RY STRENC		CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS			
SL1 MO	DERA'	Y PLA TELY	PLAST	IC				6 16	9-5 -15 -25					VERY LOW SLIGHT MEDIUM	N	VANE SHEAR TEST ☐ TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS ☐ HAND TOOLS: ☐ POST HOLE DIGGER			
HIC	HLY	PLAS1	TIC					26 0						HIGH		PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER			
									1BINA	TION			YELLOW-B ESCRIBE A			TRICONE			

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 2 OF 2)

ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN I.FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.

ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA 115115 NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES 3 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IONEQUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC. CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK WEATHERING **ERESH** ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS II OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. (V SLI.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO SLIGHT 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN MODERATE GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT SEVERE REDUCED IN STRENOTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. (SEV.) IF TESTED. WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED HARD TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. MEDILIM CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE HARD

	N THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN E	AVATED READILY WITH POINT OF BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SO	
FRACTUR	E SPACING	BEDD:	ING
RM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
RATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
E	0.16 TO 1 FOOT	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FFFT

CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.

CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH

INDURATION

POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

SOFT

VERY

TE VERY WIDE MODE

CLOSE VERY

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS. GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE: EXTREMELY INDURATED SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS. OR HAVING

A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT

WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</u> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

- A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

 $\underline{\mathsf{FLOAT}}$ - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM,

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

 $\underline{\mathsf{LEOGE}}$ - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVINIS STRATIM AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

<u>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</u> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - I - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL. TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

BENCH	MARK:				
			ELEVATION:	f	EET

NOTES:

DATE: 8-15-14



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PAT MCCRORY GOVERNOR NICHOLAS J. TENNYSON

August 6, 2015

STATE PROJECT: 39971.1.1 (B-4945)

COUNTY: Vance

DESCRIPTION: Bridge No. 36 on -L- (SR 1374) over Kerr Lake

SUBJECT: Geotechnical Report – Inventory

The Geotechnical Engineering Unit has completed a subsurface investigation for this project and presents the following inventory. No plans, profiles, or cross-sections will be submitted for this roadway project.

Project Description

The project consists of the replacement of Bridge No. 36 on SR 1374 (Anderson Creek Rd.) over Kerr Lake. The total length of the roadway portion of the project is 0.10 miles. The proposed grade will be raised just slightly compared to the existing grade. Three hand auger borings were performed in June 2015 along with a review of nearby projects. Representative soil samples were collected for visual classification in the field.

Physiography & Geology

The project is located 4.0 miles northwest of the town of Middleburg in the gently rolling terrain of the Piedmont Physiographic province. A mixture of woods, farmland and some scattered single-family dwellings are located along the project corridor. Geologically the site is underlain by intrusive granitic rock from the Raleigh belt.

Soil Properties

Soils within the project are roadway embankment, alluvial, and residual soils. The soils consist of granular and cohesive materials.

Roadway embankment soils consist of orange, tan, and brown, very soft to stiff, silty and sandy clay (A-7-6 and A-6) with some loose, silty sand (A-2-4). This material varies in depth from 2.0 to 8.0 feet. Alluvial soils consist primarily of tan, brown, and gray, very loose to medium dense, moist to saturated, silty and coarse sand (A-2-4 and A-1-b) with some gravel and cobbles. Residual soils consist of gray, tan, brown, and white, loose to medium dense, moist, silty and clayey sand (A-2-4, and A-2-6) and some medium stiff to stiff, sandy silt (A-4).

Rock Properties

Weathered and crystalline rock occur at depths greater than 30.0 feet below the ground surface and consist of gray and white, severely weathered to fresh, hard, granite. Crystalline rock is not anticipated to cause problems during construction.

Groundwater

The groundwater level is anticipated to be at elevations similar to Kerr Lake. Seasonal fluctuations in the water table can be expected. Groundwater is not anticipated to cause problems during construction.

JLP/NTR/jlp

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

		BORE LOG		
WBS 39971.1.1		NTY VANCE	GEOLOGIST Oti, O. B.	
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO.				GROUND WTR (fi
BORING NO. B1	STATION 16+00	OFFSET 25 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR . Dr
COLLAR ELEV. 304.9 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 5.0 ft	NORTHING 970,237	EASTING 2,187,997	24 HR. FIAI
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A	ı			ER TYPE N/A
DRILLER Pinter, D. G.	START DATE 06/30/15	COMP. DATE 06/30/15	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/	Ά
ELEV (ft) DEPTH BLOW COUNT (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.	T BLOWS PER FO	75 100 NO. MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DES	CRIPTION DEPTH
305			304.9 GROUND SURF	ACE
300		:: :::: M "]	TAN-BROWN, SAN WITH TRACE M	1ICA
			Boring Terminated at Eleva RESIDUAL (SAND' SAND'	ation 299.9 ft IN Y SILT)

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

	<i>D</i>	ORE LOG		
WBS 39971.1.1	TIP B-4945 COUNT	Y VANCE	GEOLOGIST Oti, O. B.	
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO.		LAKE		GROUND WTR (ff
BORING NO. B2	STATION 17+50	OFFSET 14 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. Dr
COLLAR ELEV. 304.9 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 5.0 ft	NORTHING 970,360	EASTING 2,188,091	24 HR. FIAI
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A	1	DRILL METHOD Han	nd Auger HAMMI	ER TYPE N/A
DRILLER Pinter, D. G.	START DATE 06/30/15	COMP. DATE 06/30/15	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	A
ELEV (ft) DEPTH BLOW COUN (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0	BLOWS PER FOO'	75 100 NO. MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION DEPTH
305			304.9 GROUND SURFA	
300			TAN-BROWN AND ORA SAND _299.9	
			Boring Terminated at Elevar ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	tion 299.9 ft IN

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

		BORE LO	JG		
WBS 39971.1.1	TIP B-4945	COUNTY VANCE		GEOLOGIST Oti, O. B.	
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE	GE NO. 36 ON -L- (SR 1374) OV	ER KERR LAKE			GROUND WTR (f
BORING NO. B3	STATION 17+38	OFFSET 25		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. Dr
COLLAR ELEV. 301.6 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 3.5 ft			EASTING 2,188,075	24 HR. FIAI
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE	N/A		DRILL METHOD Hand	Auger HAMM	ER TYPE N/A
DRILLER Pinter, D. G.	START DATE 06/30/			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/	A
ELEV (ft) DRIVE ELEV (ft) DEPTH BLOW (ft) 0.5ft 0		PER FOOT 50 75 100	NO. MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION DEPTH
305				301.6 GROUND SURF.	ACE
300		 	w	ALLUVIAL TAN-BROWN, SILT 298.1 WITH SOME COB	Y SAND BLES
				Boring Terminated at Eleva ALLUVIAL (SILTY S	tion 298.1 ft IN SAND)