

| STATE | STATE PROJECT REPERENCE NO. | SHEET NO. | TOTAL SHEETS |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| N.C. | U–2524D | 1 | 5 |

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOLI TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEICH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1919) TO7-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOLI TEST DATA A RE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORCHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU UNI-FLACE)TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DECREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST WETHO. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY YARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERRETATIONS MADE, OR OPNION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY IMINSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES: I. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT. 2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

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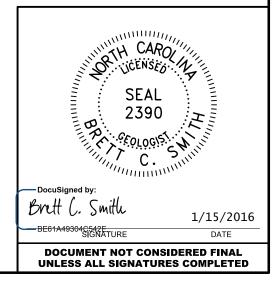
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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

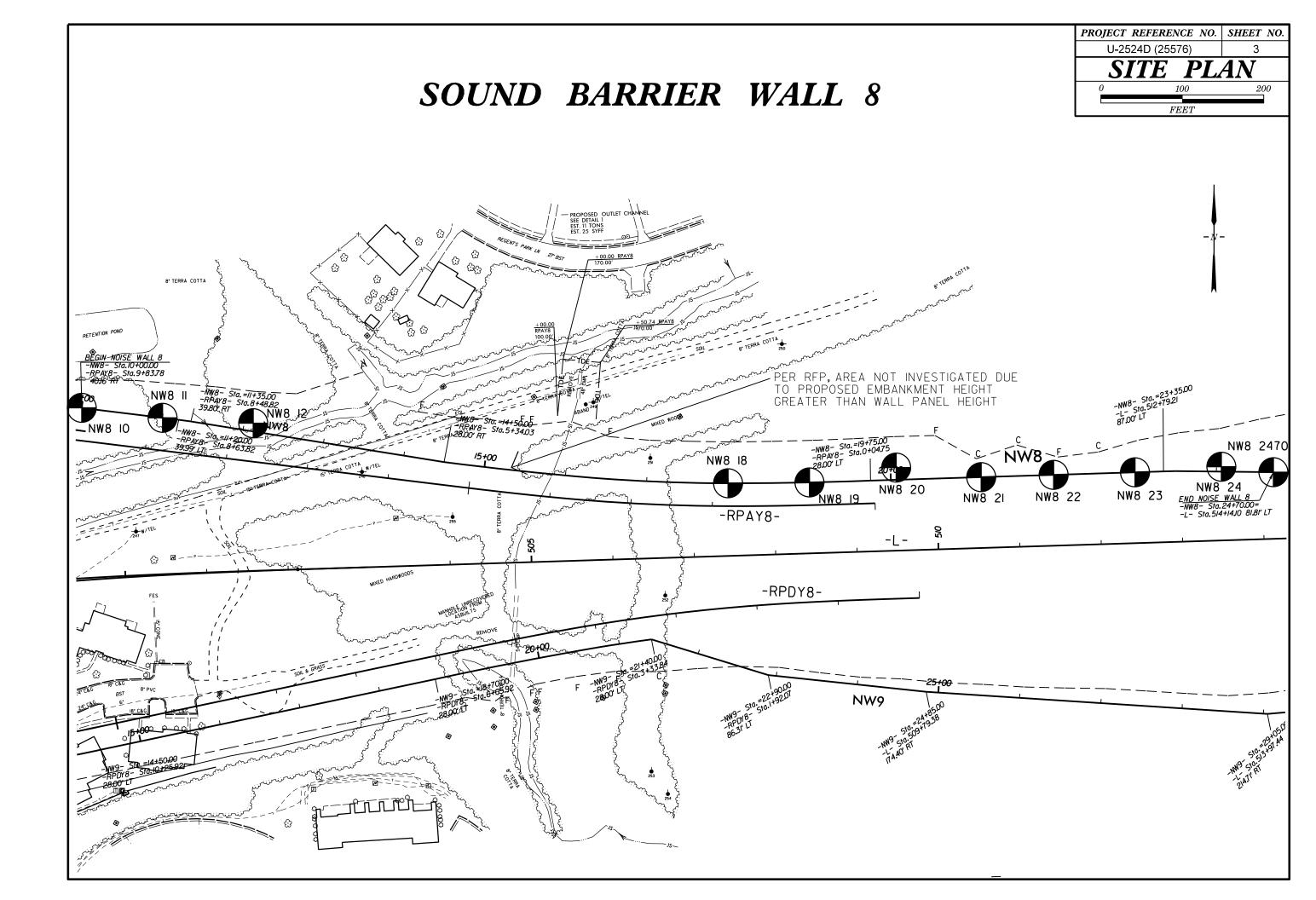
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

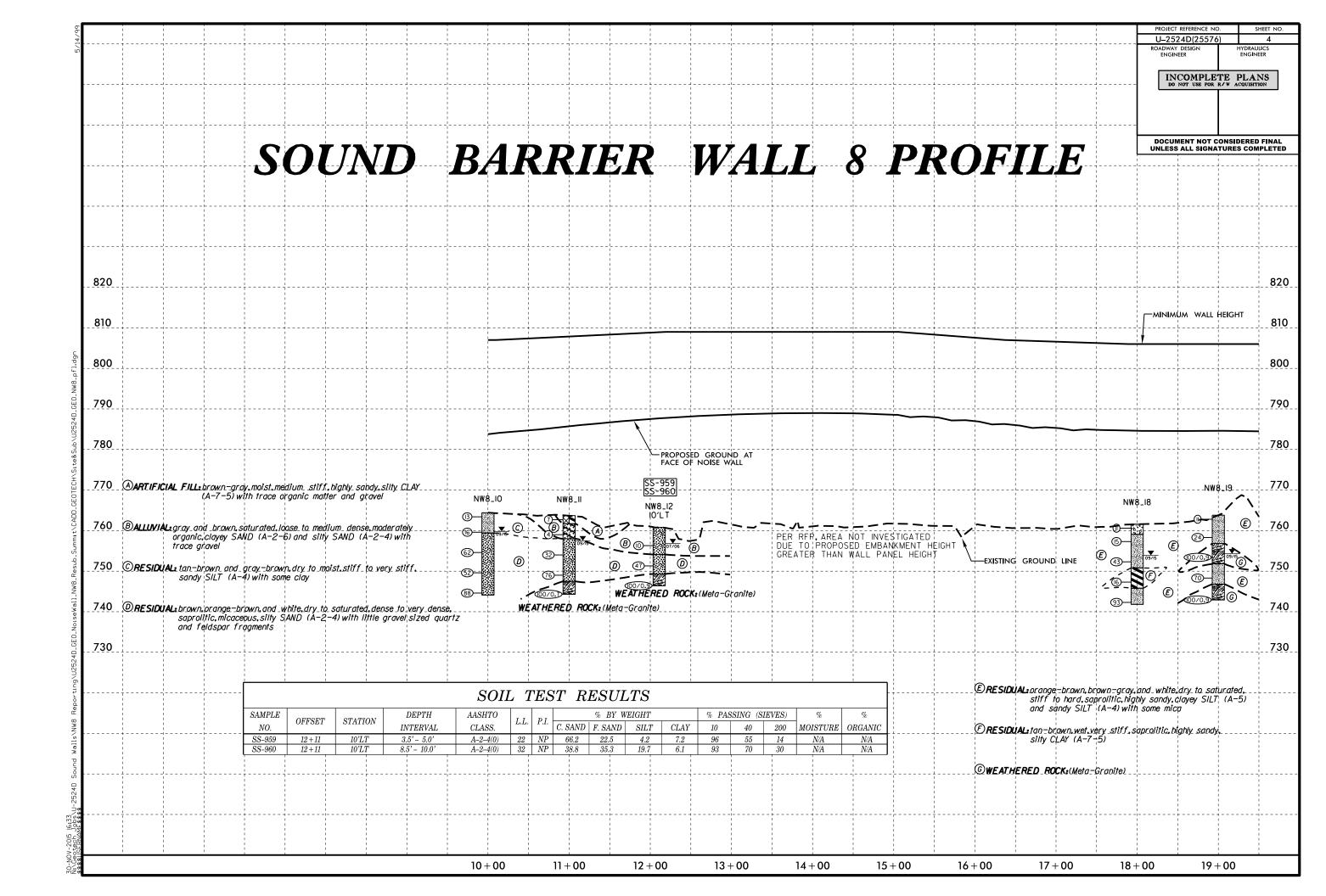
| SOIL DESCRIPTION | | GRADATION | ROCK DESCRIPTION | TERMS AND DEFINITIONS | |
|---|---------------|---|---|--|--|
| SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS | | WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. | HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. | ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. | |
| BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOW ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASS | | UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. | SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 | AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. | |
| IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLL | NG: | GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. | BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. | ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. | |
| CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FAC AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAM | | ANGULARITY OF GRAINS | ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: | ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING | |
| VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A- | | THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. | WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > | A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. | |
| SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION | | | ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. | ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT | |
| GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MA | ALS | | CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT | WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. | |
| ULASS. (\$ 334 PASSING 200) (\$ 334 PASSING 200) | 1 | MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. | ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC. | | |
| GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A | | COMPRESSIBILITY | NON-CRYSTALLINF FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN | CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. | |
| | | SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 | ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. | COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. | |
| SYMBOL DOCOGDOCOCO | | MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 | COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD | CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED | |
| X PASSING SILT | | HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 | SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC. | BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | |
| *10 50 MX *40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN | MUCK, PEAT | PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL | WEATHERING | DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT | |
| *200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN | | GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL | FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER | ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. | |
| MATERIAL | | TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% | HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. | DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. | |
| PASSING *40 SOILS WITH | | LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% | VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, | DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE | |
| LL – – – 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN | HIGHLY | HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE | (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. | LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. | |
| GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF | ORGANIC | GROUND WATER | SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO | FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE | |
| USUAL TYPES STONE EPACS | SOILS | ✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING | (SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR | SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. | |
| OF MAIOR CRAVELAND FINE SILIT OR CLATET SILIT CLATET MATTER | | | CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. | FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. | |
| MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS | | STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER <u>24</u> HOURS | MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN | FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM | |
| GEN. RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FOR POOR | UNSUITABLE | ∇PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA | (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED | PARENT MATERIAL. | |
| HS SUBURHUE FUUR | | SPRING OR SEEP | WITH FRESH ROCK. | FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. | |
| PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30 | | | MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL | FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. | |
| CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS | | MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS | SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD.SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. | JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. | |
| PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIV | | ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION | IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL | LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO | |
| CONSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS | 2) | WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION > OF ROCK STRUCTURES | SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT | ITS LATERAL EXTENT. | |
| GENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4 | | SOIL SYMBOL | (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED | LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. | |
| GRANULAR LUUSE 4 TU 10 | | | TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF | MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS | |
| MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50 | | ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER | VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE | USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. | |
| (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50 | | | SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK | PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE | |
| VERY SOFT < 2 < 0 | | INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY - CORE BORING • SOUNDING ROD | (V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR | OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. | |
| GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 T | | | VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> | RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. | |
| SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 T MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 T | | TIET BORING WELL WITH CORE | COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS | ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF | |
| (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 T | | TTTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZOMETER SPT N-VALUE | ALSO AN EXAMPLE. | ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | |
| HARD > 30 > 4 | | | ROCK HARDNESS | SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT | |
| TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE | | RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS | VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES | ROCK. | |
| U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 | | UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE | SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. | SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND | |
| OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053 | | | HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED | RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. | |
| BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT | CLAY | SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL | TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. | | |
| (BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) SHIND SHIND (SL.) | (CL.) | ABBREVIATIONS | MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED | SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. | |
| GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0. | | AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST | BY MODERATE BLOWS. | STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF | |
| SIZE IN. 12 3 | | BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED | MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. | A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL | |
| SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS | | CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY γ - UNIT WEIGHT | HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE | WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. | |
| | | CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC γ_{d} - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC | POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. | STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY | |
| (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE | SURIPTION | DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u> | SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN | TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | |
| - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, I | AL 1 Y | DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK | PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. | STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY | |
| - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, I (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND W | | e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE | VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH | LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | |
| | | FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK | SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL. | TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. | |
| PLASTIC SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING | | FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS w - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING | FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING | | |
| | | FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO | TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS | BENCH MARK: | |
| | | EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT | VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET | ELEVATION: FEET | |
| OM _ OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM | ISTURE | DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: | WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET | ELEVATION: FEET | |
| SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT | | | MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET | NOTES: | |
| - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER |) | | VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET | Elevations obtained using u2524c_ls_tin.tin (file dated 7/24/2015) | |
| ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE | | CME-55 6* CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE: | THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET | - | |
| PLASTICITY | | 8' HOLLOW AUGERS -BH | INDURATION | The following existing borings from U-2524C Roadway Subsurface Inventory were used in this report; 773RPAY8, 51350LT (Completed 7/26/2006) | |
| PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STR | тн | X CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N | FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. | (/3KPAT8, 5350L1 (Completed (/26/2006 - 7/28/2006) | |
| NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY | | TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS | FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; | | |
| SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIG MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDI | | VANE SHEAR TEST | GENILE BLUW BY HAMMER DISINIEGRAIES SAMPLE. | | |
| MUDERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDI HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIG | | | MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. | | |
| COLOR | | | | | |
| | | X DIEDRICH D-50 | INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. | | |
| DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, E | | CORE BIT | SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; | | |
| MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARA | Ξ. | X B-57 X 2.25° Hollow Stem Augers Image: Comparison of the state of th | EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS. | DATE: 8-15-14 | |

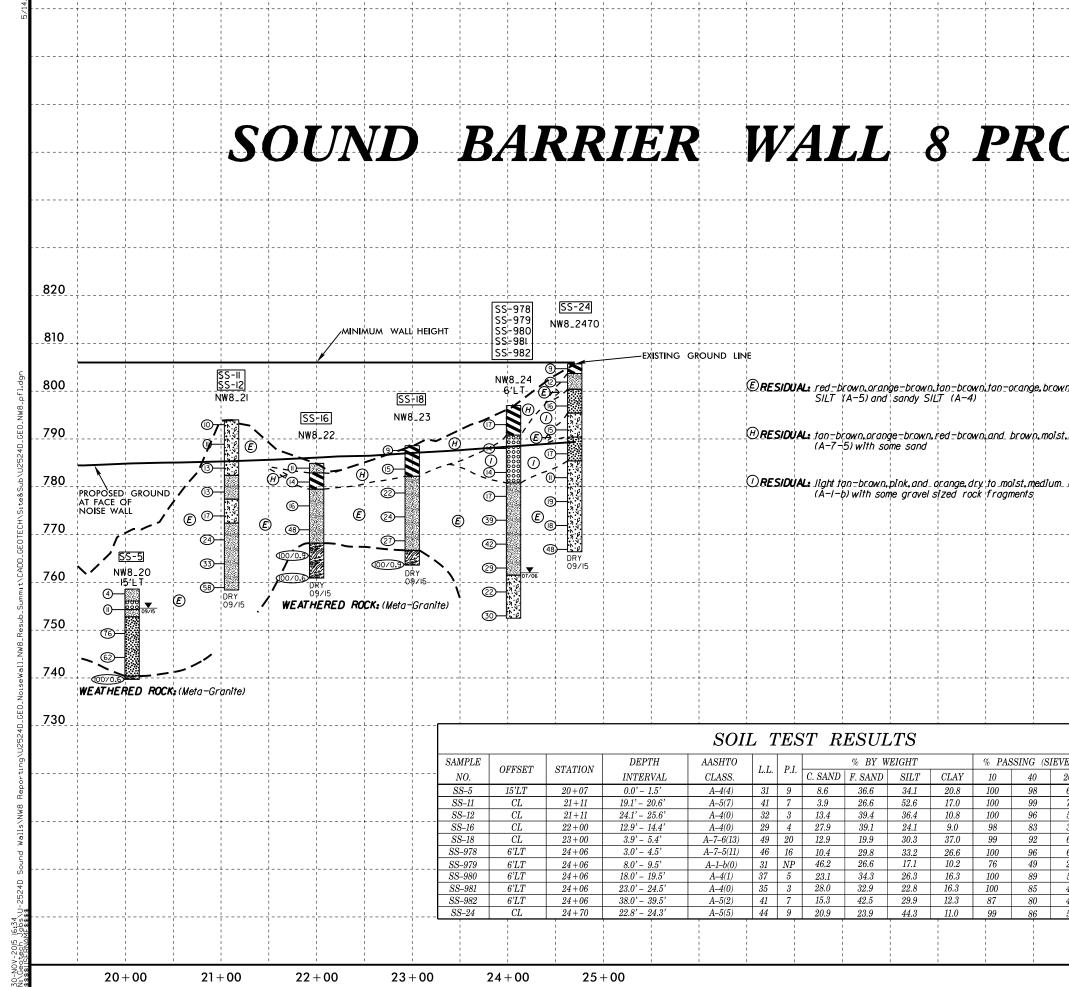
SHEET NO.

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PROJECT REPERENCE NO.







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