D: R-2413CA

IECT: 34429.3.S9

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 34429.3.S9 (R-2413CA) F.A. PROJ. N/A

COUNTY ROCKINGHAM

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 220 / FUTURE I-73 FROM NORTH OF

NC 65 TO NORTH OF SR 2338 (NEWMAN RD.)

SITE DESCRIPTION PROPOSED BRIDGE ON -LREV SB- (US 220 SB)

OVER -NC68 NB- (NC 68 NB) AT -LREV SB- STA. 90+64.5

INVENTORY



N.C. 34429.3.S9 (R-2413CA) 1 1

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORNIG LOOS, ROCK COPES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY PART ETION, ERVEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (9)91 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORNIG LOGS. ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE. SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORFHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN STUI IN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE EPPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY MINISELE AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

PERSONNEL

O.B. OTI

H. R. CONLEY

D. G. PINTER

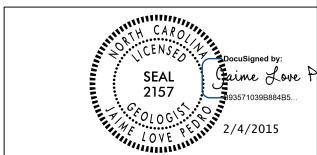
J. R. MATULA

INVESTIGATED BY J. L. PEDRO

CHECKED BY______N. T. ROBERSON

SUBMITTED BY___ N. T. ROBERSON

DATE FEBRUARY 2015



CONTENTS

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET

LEGEND

SITE PLAN

BORE LOG(S)

CROSS SECTION(S)

SOIL TEST RESULTS

SITE PHOTOGRAPGH

PROFILE

<u>SHEET</u>

2

3

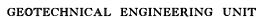
5,6

7-10

11

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS



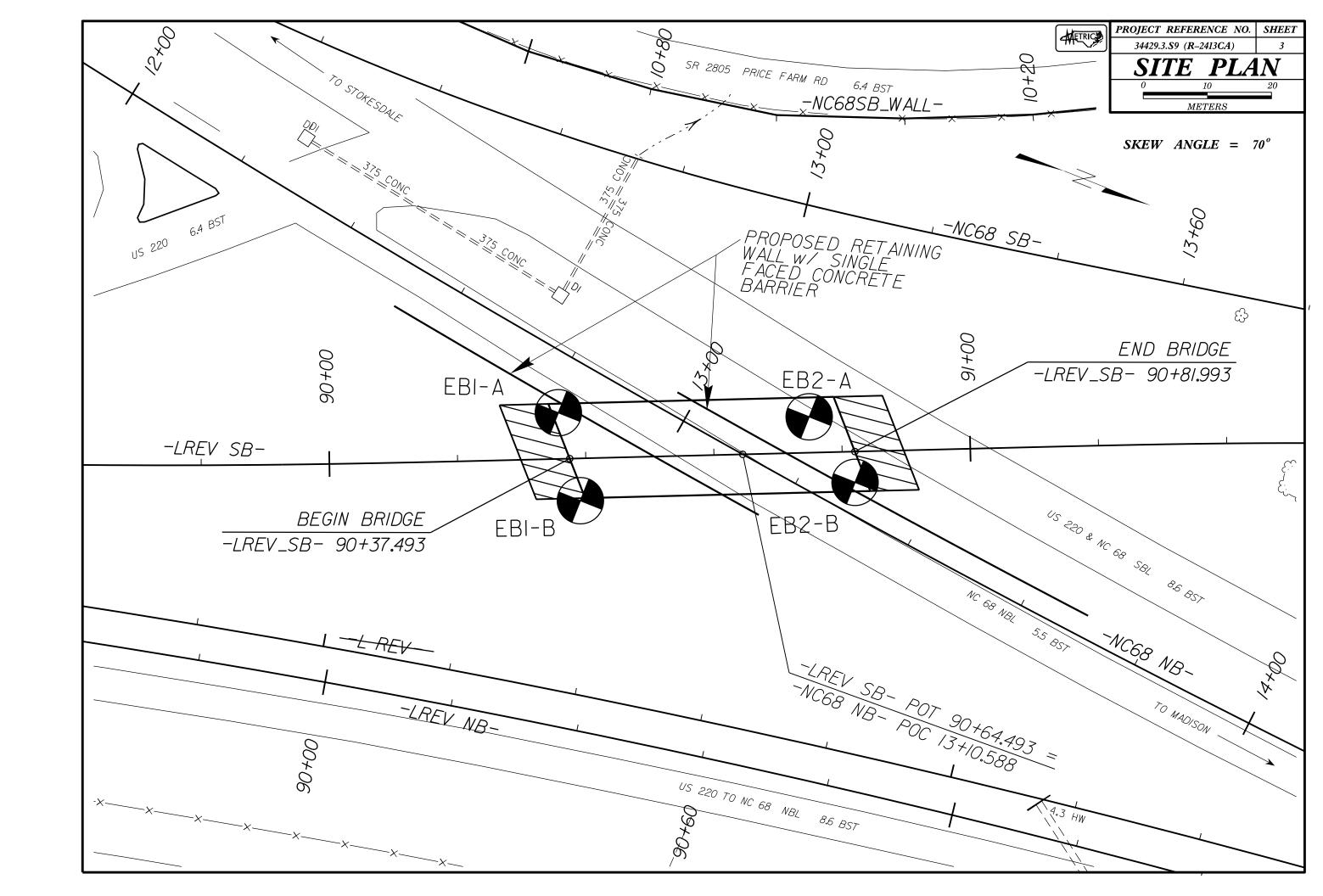


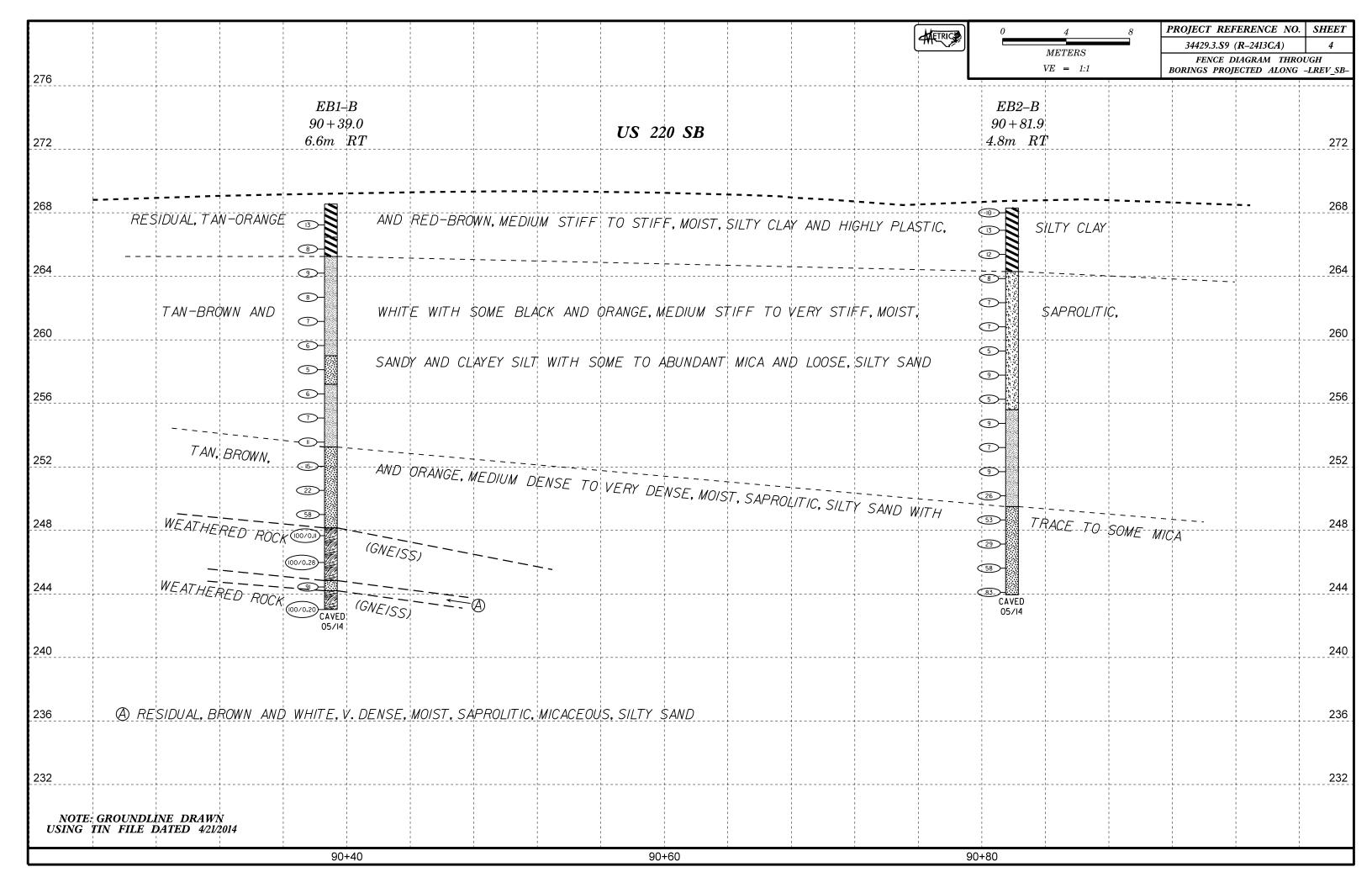
 PROJECT REFERENCE NO.
 SHEET NO.

 34429.3.S9 (R-24I3CA)
 2

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM	S, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 180 BLOWS PER 30 CM ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1286, STIM D-1586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERITNENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STIFF, GRAY, SULY CLAY, NOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAID LAVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 3 CM PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER 30 CM IF TESTED.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GREISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. <u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6 A-7 SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL
7. PASSING CILT.	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED (CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
10 50 MX	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 10 MX 11 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 11 MN 1	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</u> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH,
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND GRAVEL AND GRAVEL AND SAND SONIS SONIS SONIS MATTER AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC O	GROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAN	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	MODERATE (MOD.) MODERATE MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 : PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30 CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	SPRING OR SEEP MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH VERY LOOSE (4	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) SPT M- VALUE SPT N-VALUE SPT N-VALUE	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT OUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GRANULAR LOOSE 4 TO 10 GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50	SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) VERY SEVER (V SEV.) VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) V	ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT <2 <25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 25 TO 50 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 50 TO 100 MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 100 100	INFERRED ROCK LINE PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 200 TO 400 HARD >30 >400	SLOPE INDICATOR 25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES A SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE. ROCK HARDNESS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CM DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	Sounding Rod	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053 BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE SAND FINE SAND SILT CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT. THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUCED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.) GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA, - WEATHERED CL CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7/4- DRY UNIT WEIGHT	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 6 MM DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3 SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 13 MM DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 25 MM MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST PICK.	A 63.5 KG HAMMER FALLING 0.76 M REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 30 CM INTO SOIL WITH A 5 CM OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 3 CM PER 60 BLOWS.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRACT - FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 25 MM	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY
LL LIOUID LIMIT CSAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE PLASTIC SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS ω - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CM DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISOLIST REGULTES DATING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT ADVANCING TOOLS. HAMMER TYPE:	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BL-48 AT -NC68_NB- STA. I5+I6.7, OFFSET - 3.7m LT
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 3 M YERY THICKLY BEDDED > 1 M WIDE 3 TO 10 M THICKLY BEDDED 0.5 - 1 M MODEPATELY CLOSE 20 TO 100 M THINLY BEDDED 0.05 - 0.5 M	ELEVATION: 264.46 M
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE		CLOSE 5 TO 30 CM VERY THINLY BEDDED 10 - 50 MM VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 5 CM THINLY LAMINATED 2.5 - 10 MM TNDURATION TNDURATION	NOTES:
PLASTICITY DIACTICITY INDEX (ID) ODV CTOCACT	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N	INDUKATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X TUNG,-CARBIDE INSERTS -H	FRIARIF RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS: PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE: BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	TRICONEmm TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUGER CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	REVISED 09/23/09

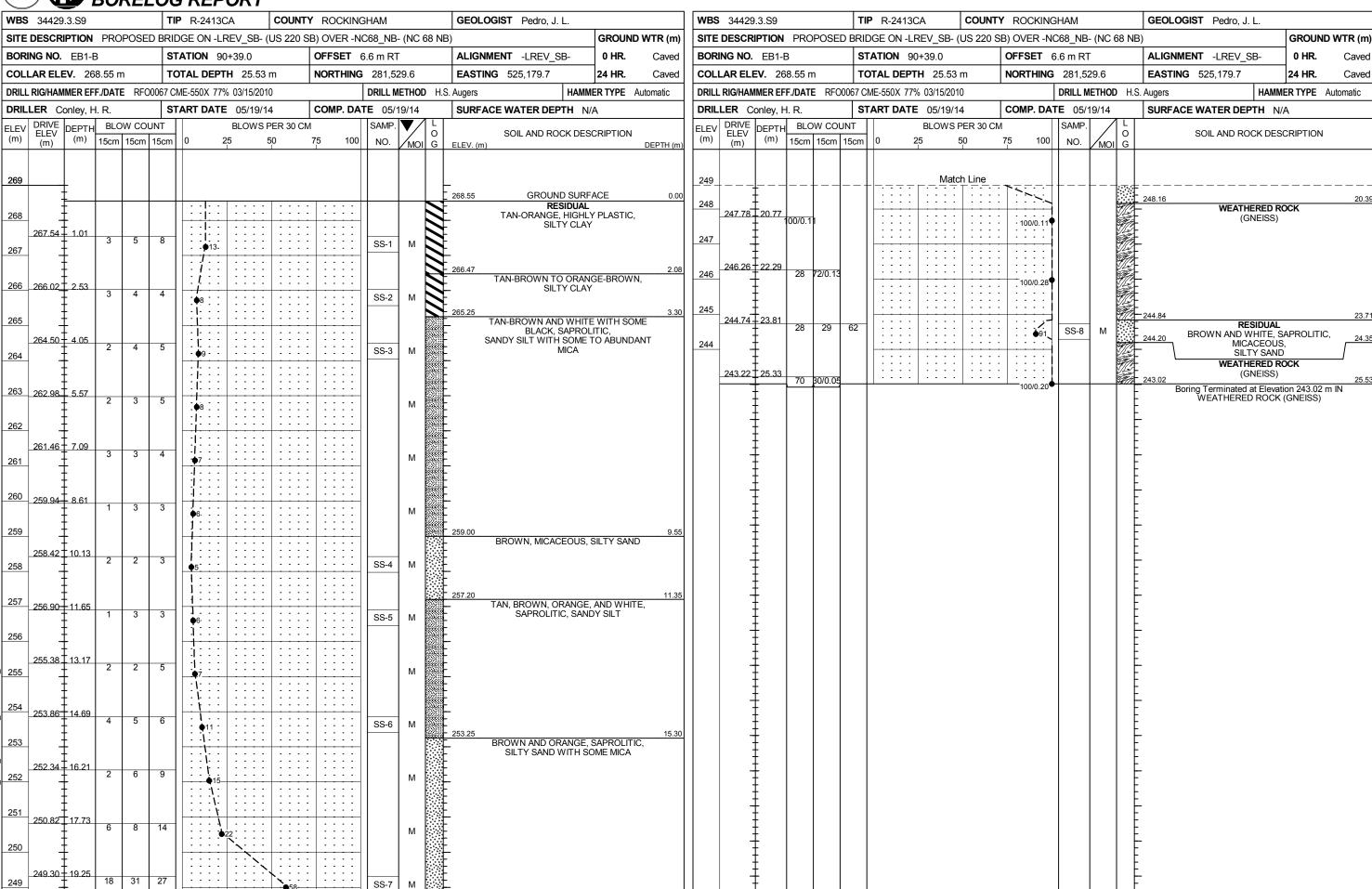


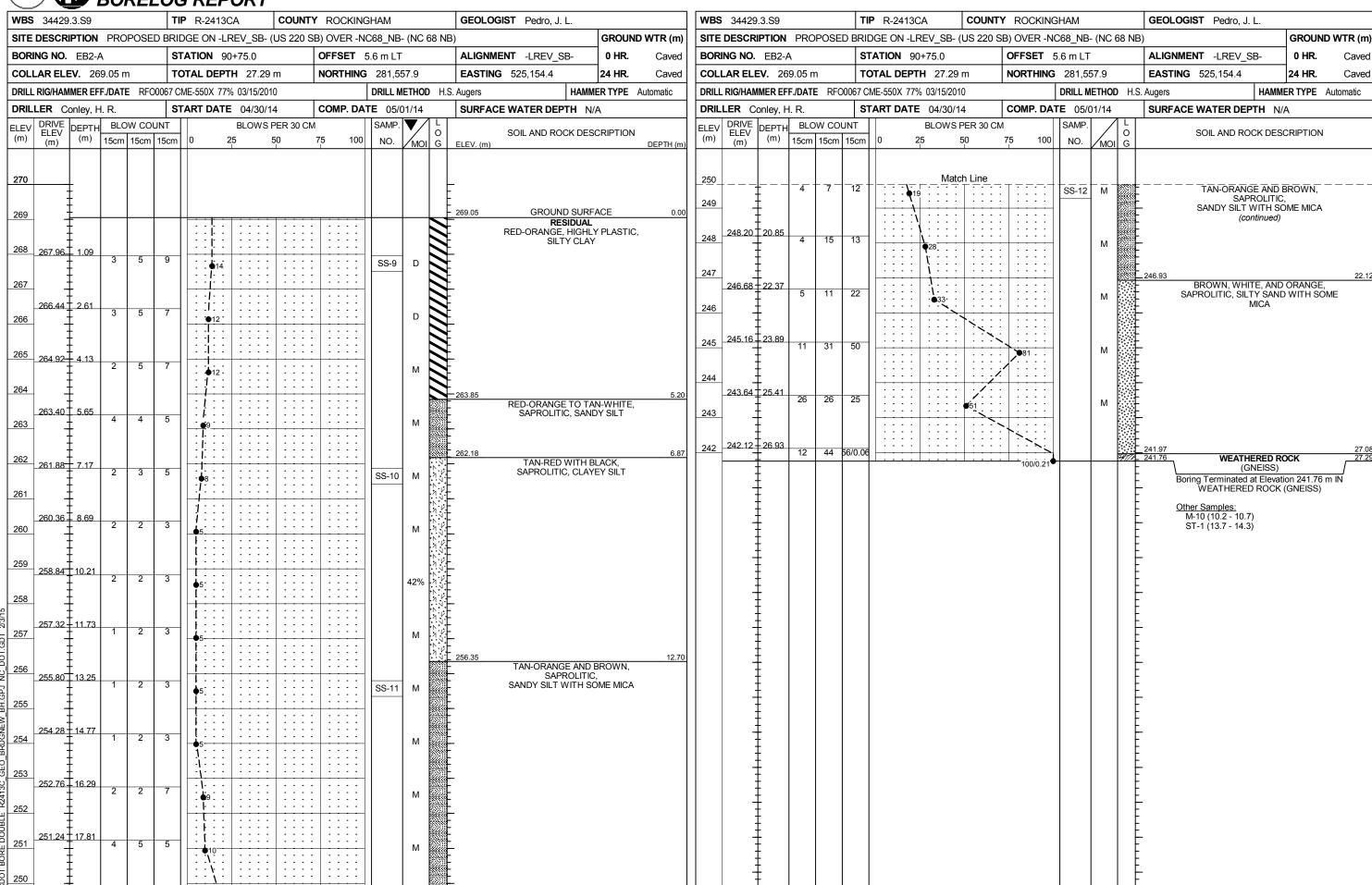


	272	270		χ Ο ;	266		264		262		260	258	256	;	7554	252		METRIC D	0	ME	2 TERS	4	3	JECT REF 24429.3. S 9 (R-2413CA)	5
 			ı	1	47	i			 		 			 	 	 					= 2:1			CROSS SE EN	ECTION I ND BENT	THROUGH	
		RT			SILTY CLA													80 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									8
	-EBI = 90 + 5	6.6m	<u>"</u>	///	////					<u>-</u>			% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %										CAVED 05-/14		 	 	I (o
	D			RE-SIDUAL;-T-AN-BROWNANDORANGE;	MOIST, SILTY CLAY AND HIGHLY PLASTIC,			TAN-BROWN AND WHITE WITH SOME	BLACK AND ORANGE, MEDIUM STIFF	7.1.1.000 V O. 1010 V J J1120 O1	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	SANDY SILT WITH TRACE TO	ABUNDANT MICA AND SOME SILTY SAND	AN-RDD	STOWN, WHITE, BROWN, AND ORAN	OOSE TO VERY DENSE	SAP, SILTY SAWD WITH SOME MICK	(28)	WEATHERED ROCK (GNE/SS)		ED	00/0°50			L, BROWN AND WHITE, V. DENSE, APROLITIC, MICACEOUS, SILTY SAND		6 4 2 0 2 4
	EB1-A $90+35.9$ $7.2m LT$		(n) (=		<u>F</u>			5			-)	(2)		F	60			61.0/001	00/07		1				RESIDUAL, BRO MOIST, SAPROL		8
	272	270	090	807	ST/F/	 	264		262		260	258			254	252	7	84 84		246	244		242	240	\bigcirc	238	- 1 7

	270	268	990	; ;	264	790	258	256	254	252	A ETRIC A	0	2	4	PROJECT REF		SHEET
27	5	,×	36	í¦	264	7	28	25	75	56			METERS		34429.3.S9 (CROSS SE	(R–2413CA) ECTION THRO	6 OUGH
 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1	 	 	 		 			 		L	VE = 2:1	1	EN	ID BENT 2	
			STIFF, MOIST,			EDIUM STIFF	APROLITIC,	ITH SOME MICA			1						
 	22-B + 81.9 v RT	;	////		I :	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠ المرابعة المرابعة الم	Ź., → . Ź., → . Ź.	2		00000			CAVED 05/14			
	EB2-90+8 $4.8m$	(<u>-</u>							6		6 9 1	60	& C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	5			
			BROWN,	CLAY		OWW,	ST	17/			1	ORANGE,	WOISI.	MICA			(
Ø		<u> </u> 	AND BR	SILTY	AUV 10	WD BR	=E, MOK	ANDYS				AND OR	DENSE, MOLS! -Y SAND WITH	SOME			
		 	VGE	PLASTIC.		1W11-17-	AYST.	AND					ERY	} -	1		
		 	RED-ORA/	HIGHLY P		\nearrow	131 O.L	CLAYEY	 			, , NWO C	DENSE TO	SAPROLITION	1 1 1 200 1		
	EB2-A $90+75.0$ $5.6m LT$				//							0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			CAVED 04/14	GNE/SS	
	EB. 90+ 5.6m	1 1 1 1	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \overline{4} \end{array}\right)$ $\left(\begin{array}{c} \overline{0} \end{array}\right)$									28		(5)	WEATH	9)	
		 	RESIDUAL,		 							1	1) 		
272	<u> </u>	 268	266	} }	267	260	258	256	254	252	250	248	246 244	1 1 1 1 1	242 240	238	

WBS 34429.3.S9			IP R-2413CA		Y ROCKIN			GEOLOGIST Oti, O. B.		—		34429.3.S9						Y ROCKING				EOLOGIST Oti, O. B		
SITE DESCRIPTION				- (US 220 S			NC 68		GROUND WTR	`				OPOSE		GE ON -LREV_SB- (_			OUND WTR (
BORING NO. EB1-A	١	s	TATION 90+35.9		OFFSET	7.2 m LT		ALIGNMENT -LREV_SB-	0 HR. 10	.30 B (ORING	G NO. EB1	-A		ST	ATION 90+35.9		OFFSET	7.2 m L	Т		LIGNMENT -LREV_S	6B- 0 I	HR. 10.3
COLLAR ELEV. 26	9.70 m	Т	OTAL DEPTH 24.1	7 m	NORTHING	G 281,521.	3	EASTING 525,168.2	24 HR. Car	ved	OLLA	R ELEV. 2	269.70 r	m	TC	TAL DEPTH 24.17	m	NORTHING	281,5	521.3	E	ASTING 525,168.2	24 1	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFI	F./DATE R	FO0067 (ME-550X 77% 03/15/2	010		DRILL MET	HOD I	H.S. Augers HAN	IMER TYPE Automati	ic DF	RILL RI	IG/HAMMER E	FF./DAT	E RFC	00067 CI	ME-550X 77% 03/15/201	0		DRILL	METHO	D H.S. Au	gers	HAMMER TY	YPE Automatic
DRILLER Conley, H			TART DATE 04/28	/14	COMP. DA	ATE 04/28/	14	SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A			R Conley,				ART DATE 04/28/1	4	COMP. DA	TE 04	/28/14	s	URFACE WATER DEF	TH N/A	
ELEV DRIVE DEPTH	BLOW C	OUNT	J	S PER 30 CI 50	M 75 100	SAMP.	/ 0			1 1 (11		DRIVE ELEV (m) DEPT	H BLC	OW CO	UNT 15cm		PER 30 CM 50	1 75 100	SAMP	1/		SOIL AND RO	CK DESCRIP	TION
(m) (m) (m)	15011 150	III IOCIII		30	75 100	NO.	MOI G	ELEV. (m)	DEPTI	H (m)	,	(m) (III)	Tocili	1 15CIII	ISCIII	0 25 .	JU	75 100	NO.	/ MO	I G			
269.70 + 0.00								_ 269.70 GROUND SUF	RFACE	0.00	50			+			h Line	T	∤				ERED ROCK	
	4 5	4	9	: :::	: ::::		м	TAN-BROWN, SI	L	24	49	± 248.84 ± 20.86					::::	::::	!			(GNEISS	S) (continued)	
269						_		TAN-BROWN, OIL	LIT OLAT			40.04 20.00	10	54	46/0.4		::::	100/0 10	<u>i</u>					
268.60 1.10	3 4	7	1 . 1	: ::::			м	\		24	48	Ī					: : : :	- 100/0.19]					
268						-		\									::::	: : : :	!					
								\		24	47 <u>2</u>	247.32 + 22.38	25	41	59/0.14		::::]					
267 267.08 + 2.62	4 5	9	1 1			4 ,	м	<u>}</u>				‡							•					
			1 14					\$		24	46	Ī							<u> </u>					
266 +						-		265.70		4.00	_2	245.80 23.90	43	57/0.12	2			100/0.27			245			2
265.56 4.14	4 5	6					м	TAN-BROWN AND WHI	ΓΕ, SAPROLITIC,	4.00		Ī						100/0.27			ΙĖ	Boring Terminated WEATHERED	at Elevation 24 DROCK (GNE	45.53 m IN EISS)
265			11			<u> </u>	ıvı 🔯	SANDY SILT WITH	I RACE MICA			Ŧ									l E		•	,
1 1												‡												
264 264.04 5.66	2 4	5	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			↓ .	🏻	_				Ŧ									l E			
			9::				M	E				‡												
263 +			-	: : : :	: : : : :			_				Ŧ									l E			
262.52 + 7.18	3 4	7	: :: :::					-				‡												
262	3 4	'	11] '	М	E				‡									F			
			: <i>i</i> :: :::					# -				Ŧ									E			
261 261.00 8.70		<u> </u>						E				‡									F			
	2 3	4	7 : : : : :				М	-				Ī									E			
260 ±								E				‡												
259.48 + 10.22]	: ::::			7 🎇	-				Ī									l E			
259	1 2	3	5				M	Ė				‡									-			
			1::: :::	: : : :	: :::::			-				Ī									l E			
258 257.96 11.74								E				‡									-			
1	4 5	6	1 11 1 1 1				М					ŧ									l E			
257 +]			1	12.75		‡									-			
256.44 T 13.26								TAN-BROWN AND WHI	ΓΕ, SAPROLITIC,			ŧ									E			
256 44 13.26	2 3	6	9]]	м	SILIT SAI				-									F			
												<u>‡</u>									E			
255			:j:: :::					•				Ŧ									F			
255 254.92 14.78 254 253.40 16.30 253	5 7	6	13-]	м					ŧ									<u> </u>			
254 ‡								•				Ŧ									F			
<u> </u>												‡												
253.40 T 16.30 253	8 14	15	629				м	-				‡									 			
<u> </u>						1						‡												
252 251.88 17.82 251 250.36 19.34			:::::/ ::::					-				<u>‡</u>									<u> </u>			
251.88 + 17.82 I	8 10	8	410	: : : :		† ,	м					‡												
251			18					:- 				+									<u> </u>			
+						1		- -				Ŧ									E			
	5 8	13	::::					;				‡												
250 +	- "		21			∤∣ ∣ '	М	249.70		20 00		‡		1	1						1 ‡			





WBS 34429.				$\overline{}$	R-2413			NTY R	ROCKING	GHAM			GEOLOGIST Oti, O. B.			WBS 34429.	3.S9			TIP	P R-2413CA COU	NTY ROCKIN	NGHAM			GE	EOLOGIST Oti, O. B.	
SITE DESCRI	PTION	PROPO	OSED	BRID	GE ON -L	REV_SB	· (US 220	SB) C	OVER -N	C68_NE	3- (NC	68 N	3)	GROUND V	VTR (m)	SITE DESCRI	PTION	PROPO	SED E	BRID	GE ON -LREV_SB- (US 22	0 SB) OVER -I	NC68_N	IB- (NO	C 68 N	NB)		GROUND WTR (n
BORING NO.	EB2-B			ST	ATION 9	0+81.9		OF	FSET	4.8 m R	Т		ALIGNMENT -LREV_SB-	0 HR.	Caved	BORING NO.	EB2-B			STA	ATION 90+81.9	OFFSET	4.8 m l	RT		AL	IGNMENT -LREV_SB-	0 HR. Cave
COLLAR ELE	V. 268.	.30 m		TC	TAL DEP	ГН 24.3	5 m	NO	ORTHING	281,5	68.4		EASTING 525,161.2	24 HR.	Caved	COLLAR ELE	V . 268	3.30 m		TO	TAL DEPTH 24.35 m	NORTHIN	G 281	,568.4		EA	ASTING 525,161.2	24 HR. Cave
DRILL RIG/HAM	MER EFF./	/DATE	RF00	067 CI	ИЕ-550X 77'	% 03/15/2	010			DRILL I	METH	H.S	S. Augers HAM	MER TYPE Aut	tomatic	DRILL RIG/HAM	MER EFF	./DATE	RFO006	067 CM	ME-550X 77% 03/15/2010		DRILL	METH	OD H	H.S. Auge	ers HAN	MMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Co					ART DATI	05/05	/14	co	OMP. DA	TE 05/	/05/14	1	SURFACE WATER DEPTH	I/A		DRILLER Co					ART DATE 05/05/14	COMP. DA			4	su	JRFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A
ELEV DRIVE ELEV (m)	DEPTH 1	BLOW 5cm 15	COUI	VT 5cm	0	BLOWS	50 50	CM 75	100	SAMP NO.	17	0	SOIL AND ROCK DE ELEV. (m)		DEPTH (m)	ELEV DRIVE ELEV (m)	DEPTH (m)	BLOW 15cm 15	COUN cm 15	NT 5cm	BLOWS PER 30 0 25 50	75 100	SAM 0 NO	- /	0 0 G		SOIL AND ROCK DE	ESCRIPTION
269	<u>. </u>												_ - -			249					Match Line					<u></u>	TAN-BROWN, SA	
268.30	0.00	3	4	6	- 1		-	-			М		- 268.30 GROUND SUR - RESIDUAI		0.00	248	- - -						\dashv				(continue	
267 267.20 266 265.68	2.62	4	6	7	13.						M		RED-BROWN, HIGHL SILTY CLA	Y PLASTIC, Y		247.44 247 246 245.92		23 2		30	29			M				
265	:				.								<u>-</u> -			244.40	23.90	30 3	7	46								
264.16	4.14 - 4.14	3	4	4	. 8			: : :			М	7. 7.7.	- 264.30 TAN-BROWN, SAF CLAYEY SILT WITH 1		4.00	244	- - - -	30 3		40		83		M		243.9	95 Boring Terminated at Elev RESIDUAL (SILT	
263 262.64	5.66	3	3	4	1						М	パン トカン トカン	- - - - -				<u>-</u>											
262	:				. ¶							7 × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	<u>-</u> - -				- -									-		
261 261.12	7.18 - 7.18	3	3	4	7						М	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	- - - -				- - - -											
259.60	8.70	1	2	3	1 : : :						M		- - - -				-											
259	40.00				1::::		: : :					X	- - - - -				- - -											
258 258.08	10.22	2	4	5	- 99						М	7					: - -									-		
	11.74	1	2	3	1			-			 M	Z 7 Z	- - -				: :									ŧ		
256.56					♦ 5			-			I IVI	7 7 7 7 7 7	- - - - 255.60 - TAN-BROWN, SAF		12.70											E		
255 255.04	13.26	2	4	5	9 - 1						М		SANDY SIL - - - -	.1			- - -									<u> </u>		
253.52	14.78	1	3	4							М						- - -									-		
252 252 00	16.30				:1: ::		: : :	: : :					- - - -				- - - -									-		
251		2	4	5	9		-	: : :			М		- - - -				- - -									<u> </u>		
250.48 - 250	17.82	11	13	13	:::'\	26	-	: : :			М		- - - - -				- - - -											
249 248.96	19.34	10	15	38		; \ ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;							- 249.50 TAN-BROWN, SAF SILTY SAND WITH T		18.80		- - - -									-		

PROJ. NO. - 34429.3.S9 ID NO. - R-2413CA COUNTY - ROCKINGHAM

EB1-B

	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO				% BY W	VEIGHT		% PAS	SING (S	IEVES)	%	%
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-1	6.6M RT	90+39.0	1.01-1.46	A-7-6(21)	56	31	8.7	26.0	17.1	48.3	100	96	70	-	-
SS-2	6.6M RT	90+39.0	2.53-2.98	A-7-6(15)	48	24	8.2	29.6	19.9	42.3	100	97	67	-	-
SS-3	6.6M RT	90+39.0	4.05-4.50	A-4(0)	39	NP	22.7	44.7	24.5	8.0	100	89	41	-	-
SS-4	6.6M RT	90+39.0	10.13-10.58	A-2-5(0)	47	NP	16.1	58.6	19.3	6.0	100	96	33	-	-
SS-5	6.6M RT	90+39.0	11.65-12.10	A-4(0)	33	NP	18.9	50.9	22.1	8.0	100	95	39	-	-
SS-6	6.6M RT	90+39.0	14.69-15.14	A-4(0)	34	NP	14.1	55.7	24.1	6.0	98	94	40	-	-
SS-7	6.6M RT	90+39.0	19.25-19.70	A-2-4(0)	29	NP	32.4	41.4	20.1	6.0	100	86	33	-	-
SS-8	6.6M RT	90+39.0	23.81-24.26	A-2-4(0)	32	NP	19.9	49.7	24.3	6.0	95	87	35	-	-

SHEET 11

EB2-A

LD2-A															
	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE															
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-9	5.6M LT	90+39.0	1.09-1.54	A-7-6(17)	51	28	10.7	28.2	12.9	48.3	99	95	65	-	-
SS-10	5.6M LT	90+75.0	7.17-7.62	A-5(0)	41	NP	13.7	45.5	30.8	10.1	100	96	51	42.1	-
SS-11	5.6M LT	90+75.0	13.25-13.70	A-4(0)	30	NP	20.5	45.5	26.0	8.0	99	92	42	-	-
ST-1	5.6M LT	90+75.0	13.70-14.30	A-4(0)	35	3	15.5	48.6	29.9	6.0	10	96	48		
SS-12	5.6M LT	90+75.0	19.33-19.78	A-4(0)	34	NP	20.7	44.7	26.6	8.0	100	93	42	-	-

SITE PHOTOGRAPH

Proposed Bridge on -LREV_SB- (US 220 SB) over -NC68_NB- (NC 68 NB)



7	C
	j
113	7.
VC	† 1
^]
2	4

OJECT: 34429.3.S9

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

CONTENTS

<u>SHEET</u>	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND
3	SITE PLAN
4	-NC68_NB- RT.WALL PROFIL
5	-NC68_NB- LT.WALL PROFIL
6	-NC68SB_WALL- PROFILE

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 34429.3.S9 (R-2413CA) F.A. PROJ. N/A

COUNTY ROCKINGHAM

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 220 / FUTURE I-73 FROM NORTH OF

NC 65 TO NORTH OF SR 2338 (NEWMAN RD.)

SITE DESCRIPTION

RETAINING WALL RIGHT OF -NC68 NB- AT STA. 12+55.6

RETAINING WALL LEFT OF -NC68 NB- AT STA. 13+18.1

RETAINING WALL LEFT OF -NC68 SB- AT STA. 12+10.0

WALL INVENTORY



N.C. 34429.3.S9 (R-2413CA) 1 6

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (1919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORNOS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON DONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABLITY NIMEBERT IN THE STRANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INDICATED IN CONDITIONS AND WAY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MY LARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MY DATE OF THE MEDITAL OF THE NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS ANDE, OR OPHIONN OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY PEASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

PERSONNEL

O. B. OTI

H. R. CONLEY

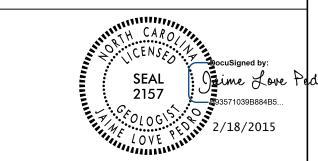
D. G. PINTER
J. R. MATULA

INVESTIGATED BY J. L. PEDRO

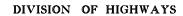
CHECKED BY N. T. ROBERSON

SUBMITTED BY N. T. ROBERSON

DATE FERUARY 2015



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION







 PROJECT REFERENCE NO.
 SHEET NO.

 34429.3.S9 (R-24/3CA)
 2

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM	IS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	<u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. <u>UNIFORM</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 3 CM PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	AGUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STIFF, GRAY, SLTY CLAY, WOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	THE TO COMPET COMM. ROLLING AND METAMORPHIC POCK THAT	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS	ROCK (P) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	GROUND SURFACE.
ULASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY	ON-CRYSTALLINE NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND SON TAKEN OF THE TOTAL PLAIN FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND SON TAKEN OF THE TOTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7 A-7, A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7 A-7, A-7, A-7, A-7, A-7, A-7, A-7,	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
Z PASSING SILT-	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	C(P) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
" 10 50 MX GRANULAR CLAY MUCK,	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL		ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
= 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN S6 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIQUID LIMIT	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 10 MX 110 MX 111 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 111 MN 111 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANI	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
UISING TYPES STONE FRACS	C GROUND WATER ✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
GEN. RATING	ZPW DEPOLED HATER CATURATED FOR HATER REARING CIRATA	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID (MOD.) ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITAB	.t.	UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION FIRST BORING W/ CORE		JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
VERY LOOSE	AUGER RORING CREAT NEVALUE	(SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10 GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A		IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM	ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER ————————————————————————————————————	VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT (V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN
VERY DENSE >50 VERY SOFT <2 (25)	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MW MONITORING WELL	REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 25 TO 50	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 50 TO 100 MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 100 TO 200	INSTALLATION TTT++T ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY SLOPE INDICATOR	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 200 TO 400 HARD >30 >400	INSTALLATION	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CM DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES CONE PENETROMETER TEST	ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBRE VIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, COUGES OR GROOVES TO 6 MM DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN 12 3	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY γ - UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC γ_d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3 SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 13 MM DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 25 MM MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 63.5 KG HAMMER FALLING 0.76 M REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 30 CM INTO SOIL WITH A 5 CM OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS
SOIL MOISTURE - CURRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	THAN 3 CM PER 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GOIDE FOR FIELD MOISTORE DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT,) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 25 MM	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY
LL LIQUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CM DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FINGERNAIL. FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HANGE TYPE	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BL-48 AT -NC68_NB- STA.15+16.7. OFFSET - 3.7m LT
OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID: AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: HOYANCING TOOLS:	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 3 M VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 1 M	
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B-	WIDE	ELEVATION: 264.46 M
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 Y 202 VOLUME AUSTRE	VERY CLOSE 15 TO 30 CM THICKLY LAMINATED 2.5 - 10 MM	NOTES:
HITHIN OFTIMON MOISTONE	_ C ZØ3mm HULLUW AUGERS	INDURATION < 2.5 MM	
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	_ CME-45C	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	1
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	FRIARIF RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE TRICONE POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE: BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	
			REVISED 09/23/09

