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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

CONTENTS

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STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 33662.1.1 B-	4325 F.A. PROJ. BRZ-1580(2)
COUNTY WILKES	9.
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE 1	NO. 718 ON SR 1580 OVER
MIDDLE FORK REDDIES RIV	
SITE DESCRIPTION	
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STATE	STATE PROJECT R	EFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	SHEETS
N.C.	33662.1.1	B-4325	1	9

CAUTION NOTICE

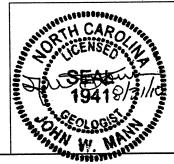
THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEGIA BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNITA T 1919 SEQ-0-040B. RETHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORENOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOL MOSITURE CONDITIONS (NOICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOSITURE CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLE WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MIND, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETALS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETALLS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS, SOR DECLINANTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THES PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR CUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS - NECESSARY TO SATISTY HINSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

	D.C. ELLIOT
·	C.J. COFFEY
-	R.D. CHILDERS
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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

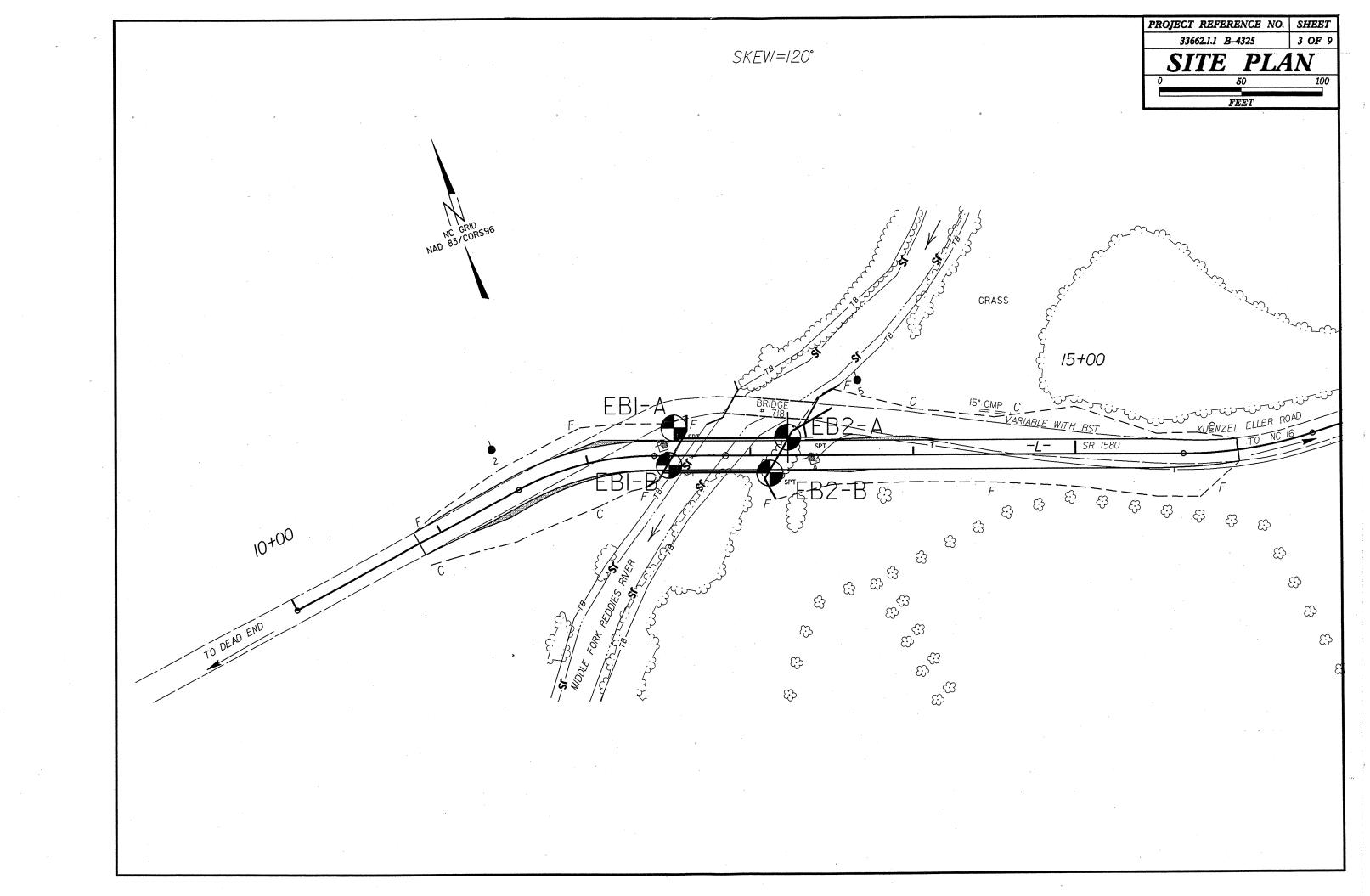
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

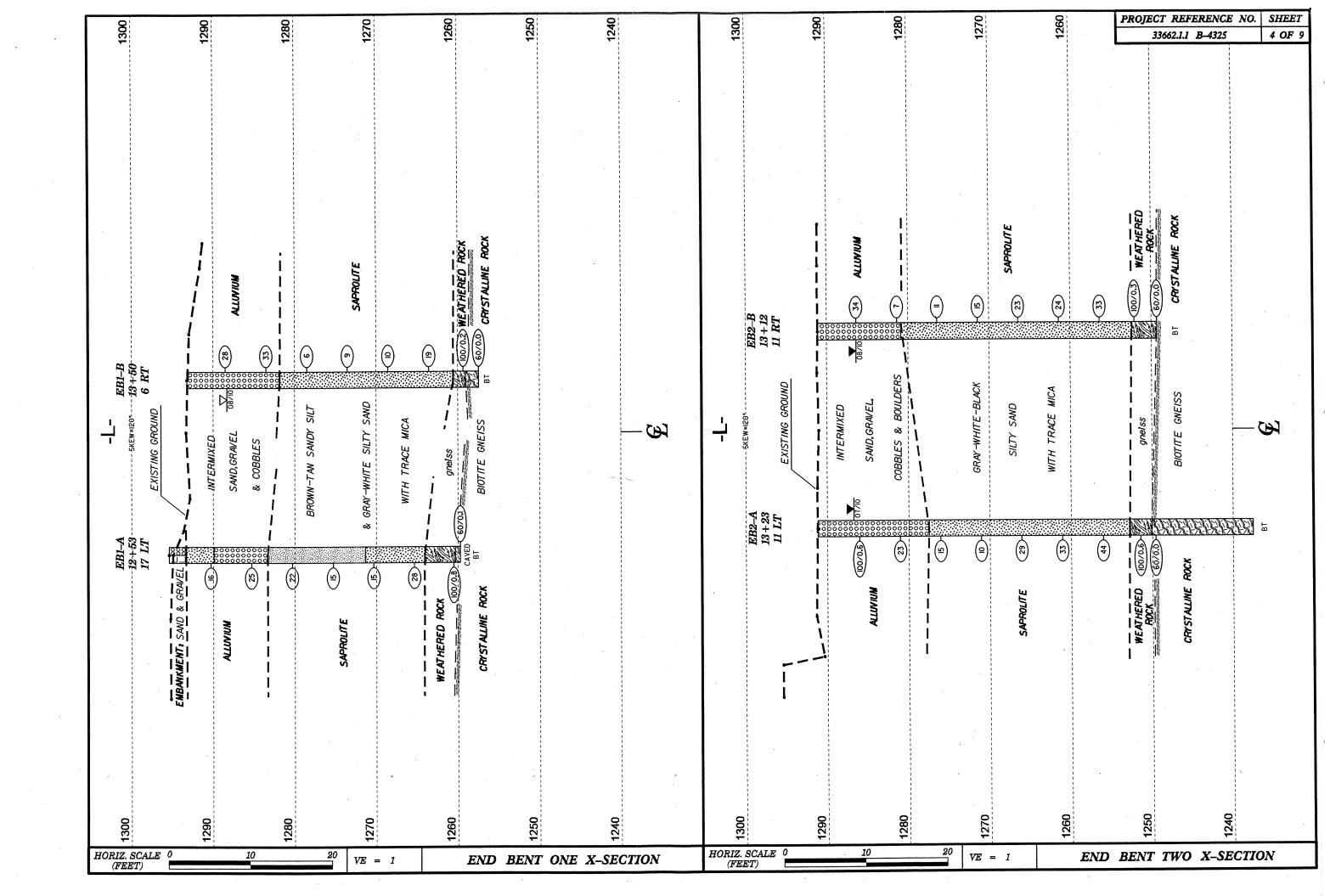
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGE	END, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COAR	ARSE. HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED PORT LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUYIUM (ALLUY,) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN	UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.	ADUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND RUCK IS OF HEN REPRESENTED BY A ZUNE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR,	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STEFF, FRAY, SULY CLAY, MOST WITH WITERBEDDED FINE SAMD LIVERS, MISHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 1800 ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTION		GROUND SURFACE. <u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> - SDILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-A-1-b A-2-A-2-5 A-2-CA-2-7 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD VEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE ROCK (NCR) INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-3 A-6 A-7 SYMBOL SOCIETION SOCIETION SYMBOL SOCIETION SOCIETION	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
7 PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
* 10 58 MX GRANULAR CLAY MUCK,	ODCANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY		ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
40 38 HX 56 HX 51 HN 25 HX 10 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 36 HN 36	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, ENTSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JUINTS MAT SHOW SCIONT STRINGROUND ROLL AND SHOULT	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIGORD LINUT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 80ILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	I VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JUINIS STAINED, SUME JUINIS MAT SHOW THIN CLAT COATINGS IF OF CITY	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
PLASTIC INDEX S MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND		THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 8 8 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO DNE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRACE. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SUILS SUILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR	∇PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRADE	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SDUND WHEN STRUCK.	THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE (N-VALUE) (TONS/F12)		ESIGNATIONS TO THE STATE OF THE	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
VEDV LONGE (N-ANLOE) (10/07/1- /	S - BULK S	(SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRUNG SUIL. IN GRANTTOID ROCKS ALL PELDSTAINS ARE RADIANZED TO SOTIE	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GRANIS AR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SS - 9PLIT	IT SPOON EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 (MINISTRUMENTE) DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT CORE BORING TO SHEELE	THE STATE OF STATES OF STA	MOTILED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTILING IN
VERY DENSE >50	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY SAMPI	THE MACO TO PERFORMENT OF STRONG ROCK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
VERY SOFT <2 <0.25 CENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50	MONITORING WELL RS - ROCK		INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0		OMPACTED TRIAXIAL COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SAMPI	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
HARD >30 · >4	25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CALI	LIFORNIA BEARING ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	SPT N-VALUE	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY (BLDR.) (CDB.) (GR.) (GS.) (CL.)	AR - AUGER REFUSAL HI HIGHLY W - MOISTU BT - BORING TERMINATED MED MEDIUM V - VERY	TURE CONTENT MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
(LSC, SU,) (F SU,)	CL CLAY MICA MICACEDUS VST - VANE	NE SHEAR TEST HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST MOD MODERATELY WEA WEA' CSE COARSE NP - NON PLASTIC 7 - UNIT V	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLDWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST ORG ORGANIC 76- DRY U	UNIT WEIGHT CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLUWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CHIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST FIAD- FILL 6 - VOID RATIO SAP SAPROLITIC	LED IN SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE <u>RECOVERY (SREC.)</u> - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH
	F - FINE SD SAND, SANDY AFTE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SL SILT, SILTY	TER DRILLING FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	DF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES SLI SLIGHTLY	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	Strata rock quality designation (srod) - a measure of rock quality described by total length of rock segments within a stratum equal to or greater than 4 inches divided by the
LL LIOUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISULING METURES DRYING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING TERM IHICKNESS SPACING VERY THICKLY REDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BL-4 STA. II+38.83
OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID: AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADTIMIZED TOOLS:	IC MANUAL VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 1295.33 FT.
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 8.16 - 1.5 FEET PROPERTY THINLY BEDDED 9.20 - 8.16 FEET	
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE: BK-51 R HOLLOW AUGERS	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:
אוואוא סרווחטיי אטוסטיים		INDURATION (BOOK TEET	
PLASTICITY	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS X -N XWL	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 9-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS -H	DUDDING WITH FINGED EDEES NIMEROUS GRAINS.	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	X CME-550 X CASING X W/ ADVANCER HAND TODLS:	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MED. PLASTICITY		HOLE DIGGER MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	·
COLOR	TRICONE TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUG	NUGER	
	CORE BIT SOUNDING	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HARMEN	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		SHEAR TEST EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
Soon to assert, strang or manages, a to mile ooch to produce mit enunce.		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 33662.I.I B-4325

SHEET NO. 2 OF 9







SHEET

PRO.	JECT NO). 336	62.1.	1	ID	. B-4325		COUNTY	WILKE	S		GEOLOGIST Elliott, D. C.	
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Brid	ige No	. 718	on SR 1580 ove	r Middle Fork F	Reddies Rive	r				GROUND WTR (ft
3ORI	NG NO.	EB1-	Α		S	TATION 12+53		OFFSET '	17 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N/A
OLL	AR ELE	V . 1,	295.4	ft	TO	OTAL DEPTH	35.7 ft	NORTHING	926,2	209		EASTING 1,321,453	24 HR. Caved
RILL	RIG/HAI	MER E	FF/DA	TE A	FO0071	CME-550X 72% 0	9/03/2009	<u> </u>	DRILL I	NETHO	D NV	N Casing w/ SPT HA	MMER TYPE Automatic
RIL	LER C	offey, J	lr., C.		S	TART DATE 08	3/04/10	COMP. DA	TE 08/	04/10		SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A
ΕV	DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH	BLC	ow co	UNT	BL	OWS PER FOOT		SAMP.	V /	L	SOIL AND ROCK D	ESCRIPTION
ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 25	50	75 100	NO.	МОІ		ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH
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	1	Ē	ļ									1,293.3 Sand & Gr	AL #
290	1,291.3	4.1	1	4	12	16						Brown silty Sand wi	ith trace mica 5
	-							1			000	. ALLUVIA Intermixed Sand, Gra	AL
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285		-	7	8	17	25-						•	
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260	1,261.3 1,259.8		7	100/0.3] 3			100/0.8	,			1,260.3	3
	1.203.1	- 11/1.0	60/0.1					60/0.1	7			CRYSTALLIN Biotite Gn	eiss
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255	-	-									F	1,259.7 ft in Crystalline R	lock: Biotite Gneiss
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NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT BORELOG REPORT

SHEET SOF 9

PROJ	IECT NO). 336	62.1.1		ID.	B-4325			COUN	VTY '	WILKES	3		GEOLOG	GIST Elliott, D.	C.		
1							over Midd	le Fork F	Reddies River									D WTR (ft)
	NG NO.					TATION 12					ft RT			ALIGNM	IENT -L-		0 HR.	4.9
-	AR ELE			ft	TC	OTAL DEPT	H 35.8 ft		NORT	THING	926,1	88		EASTING 1,321,444 24 HR.			Caved	
L					00071	CME-550X 7	2% 09/03/20	109	<u> </u>		DRILL N	IETHO	D N	W Casing w/	SPT	НАММ	ER TYPE	Automatic
	DRILLER Coffey, Jr., C. START DATE 08/04/10										TE 08/	04/10		SURFAC	E WATER DEP	TH N/	'A	
ELEV (ft)	200 /5	DEPTH (ft)	BLC	OW COL		0 2	BLOWS P		75	100	SAMP.	MOI	L O G	ELEV. (ft)	SOIL AND RO	CK DESC	CRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
1295	-	-							7 : :			,	000	- 1,293.2 -	GROUN ALI Intermixed Sand	LUVIAL		0.0
1285	1,289.5 - 1,284.5	- - -	20	15	13	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	•28 					∇						
1280	1,279.5	13.7	2	3	3	6 6							ÖÖÖ	_ 1,281.8	SAF Gray-white silty	PROLITE Sand with		11.4 a
1275	1,274.5 -	- - 18.7 -	3	5	4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •												
1270	1,269.5	23.7	2	5	5	10								- - - -				
1265 1260	1,264.5		5	8	11		9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					77	- - - 1,260.5	WEATH	ERED R	OCK	32.7
1255	1.259.5	-	100/0.:	İ						60/0.0				1,259.0 - 1,257.4	CRYSTA	gneiss) LLINE R ite Gneis	OCK s	34.2
	-													- - - -	Penetration Tes ,257.4 ft in Crystal	t Refusal	at Elevation	on
1250	- - -													- - - -				
1245	-					-		٠						<u>-</u>		-		
1240		<u></u>												-				
1235	_	 									,			<u> </u> - -				
1230	_													<u> </u>		-	r v	
1225		<u> </u>						÷										1.7
1240 1235 1236 1225 1220		† † †																



SHEET

	JECT NO.					B-4325	COUNTY		GEOLOGIST Elliott, D. C.	GROUND WTR (ft
				e No		on SR 1580 over Middle Fork			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N//
	NG NO.					ATION 13+23	OFFSET 1		EASTING 1,321,518	24 HR. 4.
	AR ELEV					DTAL DEPTH 53.6 ft	NORTHING			ER TYPE Automatic
				E AF		CME-550X 72% 09/03/2009	Tages Da		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N	
DRIL	LER Cof					TART DATE 07/14/10		SAMP. V L		
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	EPTH (ft)		V COL	,	BLOWS PER FOO 0 25 50	75 100	NO. MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DES	CRIPTION DEPTH
1295									-	•
	†		į			·		[1,291.2 GROUND SURF	ACE
1290	 					 		000	ALLUVIAL	
	Ŧ								Intermixed Sand, Gravel, Co	obles & Boulders
	1,287.1	4.1	10	10	90/0.1			V 000		¥.
1285	‡						100/0.6 Boulder		-	
	1.282.1	9.1						000		
1280	Ŧ		4	8	15	23			-	
	1 · Ŧ		I				4	0000	- - 1,277.5	
	1,277.1	14.1	5	7	8	15			SAPROLITE Gray-white silty Sand with	
1275						715		🔯	- Gray-Write Sity Stand III	37 (1400 17110a
	1.272.1	19.1								
1270	1		2	5	5	- 10			• ••	
	1 T								• •	
	1,267.1	24.1	6	12	17	29				
1265	1 ‡					1			-	
	1.262.1	29.1				$ \ldots $		🔯	<u>.</u>	•
1260	Ŧ		11	16	17				= 	
,	1 7	•							•	
	1,257.1	34.1	14	23	21				-	
1255	∤ ∓	•								
	1.252.1	39.1							_ 1,252.8 WEATHERED F	ROCK
1250	I		82	18/0.1			- 100/0.6		1,250.1 (gneiss)	
	1,249.6	41.6	60/0.0						Biotite Gneis	ss
	\mathbf{I}								Run 1: 41.6-43.6' REC=10 Run 2: 43.6-48.6' REC=	96% RQD=96%
1245	$+$ \pm	-							Run 3: 48.6-53.6' REC=	90% KUD=80%
	1								-	
1240]]								_	•
	1 1		ľ						- - 1,237.6	
		 - -			1				 Boring Terminated at Eleva Crystalline Rock: Bio 	ation 1,237.6 ft in tite Gneiss
1235	1 1	-							-	
	\mathbf{I}	-								
1230	<u> </u>	-			1				- 	
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1225	 	-							-	
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1235 1235 1225 1220	1	-							- - - -	



SHEET 6 OF 9

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	JECT NO					3-4325				1	JNTY WILKES	GEOLOGIST Elliott, D. C.	
	DESCRI			ge No. 7				Middle	Fork F				GROUND WTR (ft)
BORI	NG NO.	EB2-	4		STAT	ION	13+23			 	SET 11 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N/A
	AR ELE						PTH 53			NO	RTHING 926,182	EASTING 1,321,518	24 HR. 4.4
DRILL	RIG/HAM	MER E	FJ/DA	re afoo	071 CM	E-550X	72% 09/0	03/2009		,		Casing W/SPT & Core HA	AMMER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER Co	ffey, J	r., C.		STAF	RT DA	TE 07/1			со	MP. DATE 07/14/10	SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A
CORI	E SIZE	NXWL			TOTA	AL RUI	12.0	t		<u> </u>			
ELEV	RUN ELEV	DEPTH	RUN	DRILL RATE	REC.	JN RQD (ft)	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft)	RQD (ft) %	P		ESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(Min/ft)	(ft) %	(ft) %	NO.	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	% %	G	ELEV. (ft)		DEPTH (ft)
249.56	1,249.6	41.6	2.0	N=60/0.0	(2.0)	(2.0)				7	-	Begin Coring @ 41.6 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
	1,247.6	43.6	5.0	N=60/0.0 2:17 2:12	100%	100%					Gray-white, very slig	htly weathered to fresh, hard Biotit acing is generally wide. (continued	e Gneiss. Fracture
1245	Ŧ		5.0	2:07 2:11 2:13 2:01	(4.8) 96%	(4.8) 96%					- 	aong is generally vide. (sommos	
	1,242.6	40.6		2:13 2:01									
	1,242.0	48.0	5.0	2:10 2:16	(4.9)	(4.0)					- •		
1240	1	•		2:10 2:08	98%	80%					- -		-
	1,237.6	53.6		2:17 2:11				<u></u>	<u> </u>		- 1,237.6	Elevation 1,237.6 ft in Crystalline I	53.6 Rock: Biotite Gneiss
1235											- boring reminated at	Lievation 1,237.0 it in Crystalline i	toon. Divine di leiss
1200		•					,				- -		
	‡	•									. -	•	
1230		• •									- -		
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1220	1 1	- -									<u>-</u>		
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1015		• •									- -		
1215	1 1	- -									- -		
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1180		Ŀ			ľ						<u></u>	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
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NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SHEET 70F9

\geq						REPORT	COUNTY WILK	=======================================	GEOLOGIST Elliott, D. C.		
	ECT NO					. B-4325 on SR 1580 over Middle Fork F			SECTORIO E LIIOU, D. O.	GROUND WTR (ft)	
	DESCRI NG NO.			ye 140.		FATION 13+12	OFFSET 11 ft R		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N/A	
	AR ELE					OTAL DEPTH 41.8 ft	NORTHING 926		EASTING 1,321,501 24 HR .		
						CME-550X 72% 09/03/2009				MER TYPE Automatic	
				IL A		FART DATE 08/03/10	COMP. DATE 0		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N		
	DRIVE	DEPTH		w col		BLOWS PER FOOT		P. V	<u> </u>		
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	(ft)			0.5ft		75 100 NO	MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DES	CRIPTION DEPTH (ft)	
	(11)										
1295											
1200	-	-					!				
	-	-							T 1,291.1 GROUND SURF		
1290	-	-						900	ALLUVIAL Intermixed Sand, Grave		
	1.287.4	3.7						- 000	F		
1285	-	-	57	17	17	34		V 000			
1200	-	-					1	000	-		
	1,282.4	8.7	6	4	3			000	1,280.9	10.2	
1280	_	-					+		SAPROLIT Gray-white-black silty Sand		
	1.277.4	13.7								·	
1275			3	5	6	11					
1210	-	-									
	1.272.4	18.7	4	6	9	15	.				
1270	-	‡				1	+				
	1.267.4	23.7] : : : ; : : : : ; : : : :	.				
1265		ŧ	5	12	11	23			<u>.</u>		
1200	-	‡								•	
	1,262.4	<u>† 28.7</u>	4	14	10	24	.				
1260	-	‡ .				1			<u>+</u> ,		
	1.257.4	33.7		<u> </u>						٠	
1255		ŧ	11	16	17	33					
1200	-	Ŧ							1,252.4	38.7	
	1,252.4	38.7	100/0.:	<u>]</u> 3			100/0.3	7	WEATHERED (gneiss)	ROCK	
1250	1.249.3	41.8					60/0.0	37	1,249.3 CRYSTALLINE	41.8	
		Ŧ	60/0.0)			00/0.0		Boring Terminated w	ith Standard	
1245		Ŧ							Penetration Test Refus 1,249.3 ft on Crystalline Ro	al at Elevation ck: Biotite Gneiss	
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1240	-	Ŧ	l			,			-		
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1215		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		



FIELD SCOUR REPORT

WBS: 33662.1.1 TIP: B-4325 COUNTY: Wilkes													
DESCRIPTION(1): Bridge No. 718 on SR 1580 over Middle Foek Reddies River													
EXISTING BRIDGE													
Information from: Field Inspection X Microfilm (reel pos:) Other (explain) BSR dated 01/12/10													
Bridge No.:718Length:~51'Total Bents:2Bents in Channel:1Bents in Floodplain:1Foundation Type:Timber post with wooden vertical abutments	-												
EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2) Abutments or End Bent Slopes: Probable scour beneath End Bent One Scour at upstream wing wall	-												
Interior Bents: n/a	-												
Channel Bed: None noted	-												
Channel Bank: Sloughing downstream of End Bent One	-												
EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION Type(3): Boulders	_												
Extent(4): Placed along upstream wing wall & abutment of End Bent Two	_												
Effectiveness(5): Poor to Fair	-												
Obstructions(6): None	_												

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 Describe the specific site's location, including route number and body of water crossed.
- 2 Note scour evidence at existing end bents or abutments (e.g. undermining, sloughing, degradations).
- 3 Note existing scour protection (e.g. rip rap).
- 4 Describe extent of existing scour protection.
- 5 Describe whether or not the scour protection appears to be working.
- 6 Note obstructions such as dams, fallen trees, debris at bents, etc.
- 7 Describe the channel bed material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- 8 Describe the channel bank material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- **9** Describe the material covering the banks (e.g. grass, trees, rip rap, none).
- 10 Determine the approximate floodplain width from field observation or a topographic map.
- 11 Describe the material covering the floodplain (e.g. grass, trees, crops).
- 12 Use professional judgement to specify if the stream is degrading, aggrading, or static.
- 13 Describe potential and direction of the stream to migrate laterally during the bridge's life (approx. 100 years).
- Give the design scour elevation (DSE) expected over the life of the bridge (approx. 100 years). This elevation can be given as a range across the site, or for each bent. Discuss the relationship between the Hydraulics Unit theoritical scour and the DSE. If the DSE is dependent on scour counter measures, explain (e.g. rip rap armoring on slopes). The DSE is based on the erodability of materials, giving consideration to the influence of joints, foliation, bedding characteristics, % core recovery, % RQD, differential weathering, shear strength, observations at existing structures, other tests deemed appropriate, and overall geologic conditions at the site.

Channel Bank Material(8): Sand, gravel & cobbles Channel Bank Material(8): Sand, gravel & cobbles Channel Bank Cover(9): Well vegetated bushes Floodplain Width(10): -2000' Floodplain Cover(11): Grass (pasture), trees, weeds Stream is(12): Aggrading Degrading _X Static Shannel Migration Tendency(13): Toward End Bent One downstream; Toward End Bent Two upstream Observations and Other Comments: DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet _X Meters BENTS EB1	<u>DESIGN INFORMATION</u>											
Channel Bank Material(8); Sand, gravel & cobbles Channel Bank Cover(9): Well vegetated bushes Floodplain Width(10): ~2000' Floodplain Cover(11): Grass (pasture), trees, weeds Stream is(12): Aggrading DegradingX Static Channel Migration Tendency(13): Toward End Bent One downstream; Toward End Bent Two upstream Observations and Other Comments: DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) FeetX Meters BENTS EB1 EB2 Q5:	Channel E	Bed Material(7	'): <u>Sand, gr</u>				***		× 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Channel Bank Cover(9): Well vegetated bushes Floodplain Width(10): -2000' Floodplain Cover(11): Grass (pasture), trees, weeds Stream is(12): Aggrading Degrading Static Channel Migration Tendency(13): Toward End Bent One downstream; Toward End Bent Two upstream Observations and Other Comments: DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet _X Meters BENTS EB1	Channel B	ank Material(8		avel & co	obbles							
Stream is(12):	Channel	Bank Cover(9										
Stream is(12): Aggrading Degrading X Static S	Flood	olain Width(10)): <u>~2000'</u>									
Channel Migration Tendency(13): Toward End Bent One downstream; Toward End Bent Two upstream Observations and Other Comments: DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet X Meters BENTS EB1 EB2 Q5: 1286 1282	Flood	olain Cover(11): Grass (p	oasture),	trees, we	eeds			<i></i>			
DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) BENTS EB1 EB2 Q5: 1286 1282		Stream is(12	2): A(ggrading	-	Degr	ading	<u> </u>	Sta	tic		
DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet X Meters	Channel Migration	Tendency(13	B): Toward	End Ben	t One do	wnstrea	n; Towai	rd End B	ent Two	upstream		
DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet X Meters	Observations a	and Other Com	nments:	,								
BENTS EB1 EB2	Observations e											
BENTS EB1 EB2												
BENTS EB1 EB2	DESIGN SCOL	JR EI FVATIC)NS(14)				Feet	Х	Mete	ers		•
EB1 EB2	DESIGN SCO	ON LLEVAIIC	/HU(14)				1 000		141010			•
Comparison of DSE to Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour: DSE is in agreement with BSR dated 01/12/10 SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset		BENT						,				
Comparison of DSE to Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour: DSE is in agreement with BSR dated 01/12/10 SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset					,		·	<u></u>	1			T
SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset		Q5: 1286	5 1282				 					ļ
SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset				 	ļ			 				
SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset	•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>							
SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset				<u> </u>	<u> </u>					ļ		
SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>			 		 			
Bed or Bank Sample No. Retained #4 ————————————————————————————————————												
Sample No. Retained #4 Passed #10 ————————————————————————————————————		IS RESULTS	FROM CH	ANNEL	BED AN	D BANK	MATER	RIAL				
Retained #4 Passed #10 Passed #40 Passed #200 Coarse Sand Fine Sand Silt Clay LL PI AASHTO Station Offset	L											
Passed #10 ————————————————————————————————————											 	
Passed #40 ————————————————————————————————————	-											
Passed #200						<u> </u>					 	
Coarse Sand	L-					 						
Fine Sand	L-										 	
Silt Clay LL Silt PI Station Offset Station						 				.,		
Clay	I				·	 						
LL PI PI PI AASHTO PI Station PI Offset PI	ļ-			_		-						
PI AASHTO Station Offset						1	 				 	
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Form GEU-017e Revised 7/26/200

Reported by:	J.W. Mann	Date:	8/5/2010

33662.1.1 (B-4325) WILKES COUNTY BRIDGE # 718 ON SR 1562 OVER MIDDLE FORK REDDIES RIVER

CORE PHOTOS

