**CONTENTS** 

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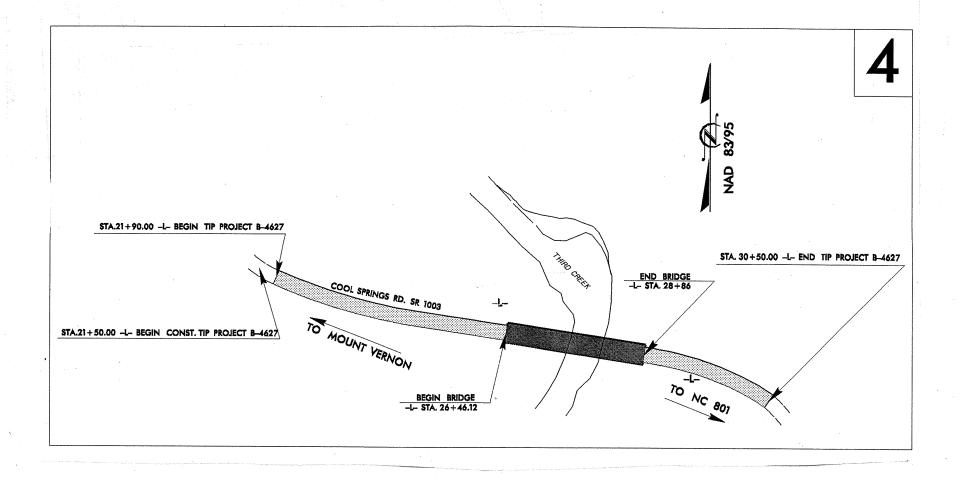
DRAWN BY: C. LITTLE

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	33802.1.1 (1	B-4627)		F.A. PR(	<i>BRZ-1003(32)</i>
COUNTY <b>ROWAN</b>		W1 (			
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	BRIDGE	26 ON	SR	1003 AND	APPROACHES
OVER THIRD CRI	EEK				
SITE DESCRIPTION					



STATE	STA.	IB PROJECT REFERENCE	NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEBTS
N.C.	B	4627		į <b>1</b>	4
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3380	2.2.1	BRZ-1003	(32)	R/W &	UTIL
3380	2.3.1	BRZ-1003	(82)	CONST	r.
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CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A CEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORNISS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON HONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIBBLITY INNERSTRIP IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS (NOTSTURE CONDITIONS MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS THE BIODER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FIRML DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR CUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

	PERSONNE
C.	SMITH

M. MAULDIN

INVESTIGATED BY\_STICKNEY

LITTLE

SUBMITTED BY\_\_\_LITTLE

AUGUST 2008



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NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

### SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK	LEGEND, TERMS	S, SYMBOLS, AND ABBR	EVIATIONS				
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	The state of the s	RO	OCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS			
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM F UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME	FINE TO COARSE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIA	IL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.			
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1206, ASTM D-1586), SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE S		SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT	SPOON SAMPLER FOLIAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PED 60 DLOVE	ADMITTED A MATTER PERSONAL PROPERTY OF CITATA			
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	01201	OF WEATHERED ROCK.	INSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZON	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.			
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS	S: ANGULAR,	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED A		ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,			
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LINERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.		NUN-CUAS	TAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 R FOOT IF TESTED.	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.  ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL			
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION  GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION  MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED 1	IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO WOULD Y	COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.			
CLASS. (\$\leq 35% PASSING *200) (\$\leq 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.		GNEISS, G	ELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, ABBRO. SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.			
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY		DOCK (NICE) SEDIMENT	COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN ARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM			
000000000 H71-0 H72-1 H72-0 H72-1 H72-0 H72-1	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL	L TO 31-50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL	PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.			
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREAT	TER THAN 50		SAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.			
7. PASSING * 10 50 MX SILT- GRANULAR CLAY MUCK	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL  GRANULAR SILT - CLAY	N <sub>1</sub> m <sub>1</sub>	The Total Di	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT			
# 40 39 MX 59 MX 51 MN SOILS SOILS SOILS SOILS		R MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT,	FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	PROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.  DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE			
LTOHO LIMIT	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE	1 - 10% 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.		HORIZONTAL.			
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	MDDERATELY ORGANIC         5 - 10%         12 - 20%         SOME           HIGHLY ORGANIC         >10%         >20%         HIGHLY	20 - 35% 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIM OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, EN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.			
LIGHT TYPE STINE EDASS AMOUNTS OF SOILS			SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS	STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.			
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLI  ▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	ING (	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONT CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCO	NIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR LORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.			
MATERIALS SAND SHIPD OF THE STAND ST	——————————————————————————————————————		MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK	SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM			
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR UNSUITAL SUBGRADE	RE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	TRATA	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLO	ARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS NAS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.			
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	and the second	WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISC	DLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.			
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS  RANGE OF STANDARD   RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORI	Y SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN			
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE CONSTSTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE)  WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  SPT CPT POT DRY TEST BORING ST PAT	SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS	IF TESTED. WOULD YIELD SPT RE	GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	THE FIELD.  JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.			
VERY LODGE	<b>┧</b> ┦ ┦	S - BULK SAMPLE	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISC (SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL.	DLORED OR STAINED ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO			
GRANIII AR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING	SS - SPLIT SPOON	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF S		ITS LATERAL EXTENT.			
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT  CORE BORING	SAMPLE	IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUE	<u>'S &gt; 100 BPF</u> DLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.  MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN			
VERY DENSE >50	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY		(V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDI	ICED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH DNLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SDILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.			
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50	MONITORING WELL  THETTE INFERRED ROCK LINE	RS - ROCK SAMPLE	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROO	AMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR K FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.			
SILT-CLAY   MEDIUM STIFF   4 TO 8   0.5 TO 1.0   MATERIAL   STIFF   8 TO 15   1 TO 2	A PIEZUMETER		COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK F	ABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.			
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD >30 >4	SLOPE INDICATOR	SAMPLE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. OU ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF			
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ROCK STRUCTURES	CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO SAMPLE	F	OCK HARDNESS	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.			
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD SPT N-VALUE		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNI	FE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE			
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	REF SFI REFUSAL		SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE		PARENT ROCK.  SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND			
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS  AR - AUGER REFUSAL HI HIGHLY	₩ - MOISTURE CONTENT	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE : TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.			
(BLDR.) (CDB.) (GR.) (CSE.SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MED MEDIUM	V - VERY	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF	OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR			
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY MICA MICACEOUS CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST MOD MODERATELY	VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLIP PLANE.			
	CSE COARSE NP - NON PLASTIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST ORG ORGANIC	7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GRODVED OR GOUGED ( HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL	.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH			
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS  SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	$\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK		A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.			
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)  PECCEIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	• - VOID RATIO SAP SAPROLITIC F - FINE SD SAND, SANDY		SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED RE FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCH	ADILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS S IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL.THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH			
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SL SILT, SILTY FRACTURED, FRACTURES SLI SLIGHTLY		PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FI	GER PRESSURE.	OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.			
LL LIOUID LIMIT (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	-	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. C SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE	AN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE			
PLASTIC   RANGE < - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJ	ree t	FINGERNAIL.		TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.			
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MDISTURE			FRACTURE SPACING  IERM SPACING	BEDDING TERM THICKNESS				
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	Britis States	AMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC MANUAL	TERM SPACING  VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEE	T VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK:			
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS	AUTOMATIC MANAGE	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: FT.			
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO		DRE SIZE:	CLOSE Ø.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:			
ATTAIN UPTIMUM MUISTURE		]-B	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FI	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET				
PLASTICITY  PLASTICITY INDEX (PL)  PROVINCENTY	CME-45C	]-N_XWL	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS INDURATION IS THE	INDURATION ARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	-			
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 9-5 VERY LOW	X CME-550 TUNG,-CARBIDE INSERTS		Di	BBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:				
LOW PLASTICITY         6-15         SLIGHT           MED. PLASTICITY         16-25         MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER	AND TOOLS:		NTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.				
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH	POST HOLE DIGGER		MAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;				
COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB.	HAND AUGER		EAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.				
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CORE BIT	SOUNDING ROD		RAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; FFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.				
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		VANE SHEAR TEST		HARP HAMMER BLOWS REOUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; HMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.				

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 33802.I.I (B-4627)

SHEET NO.

2



## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

August 13, 2008

STATE PROJECT:

33802.1.1 (B-4627)

FEDERAL PROJECT:

BRZ-1003(32) Rowan

COUNTY: DESCRIPTION:

Bridge 26 on SR 1003 and Approaches over Third Creek

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report - Inventory

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is located in northwestern Rowan County, just north of the community of Woodleaf. It is a bridge replacement project. This report addresses the roadway approaches. The geotechnical investigation was primarily a reconnaissance. One test boring was conducted right of approximate Station 30+00 in order to assess the potential for utilizing a steeper slope in order to reduce impact to the property. The boring log is included as an attachment to this report. We will not submit subsurface plans.

Third Creek flows through the area in a deep, narrow valley. The existing bridge is 226 feet long and approximately 35 feet above the stream channel. The floodplain is minimal at the crossing. Rock is exposed in the streambed.

### AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

Areas of exposed rock are present on the eastern approach. The test boring indicates that the rock mass is deeply weathered and fractured with zones of soil. The material did yield Standard Penetration Test refusal, but attempts at coring resulted in minimal recovery and zero RQD.

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### PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project area is in the west-central piedmont, Charlotte Geologic Belt, granitic rocks associated with the Salisbury Plutonic Suite.

The west approach fill height is about 15 feet. The east end bent will be near a grade point, so the fill height will be dependent on the final bridge design layout. The height of the proposed cut in the vicinity of Station 30 is 20-25 feet. Project elevations range from 650' in the stream channel to 725' on top of the proposed cut slope right of Station 30.

Respectfully submitted,

Clint Little

Regional Geological Engineer

### **EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET**

Volumes in Cubic Yards

**PROJECT TIP** # (B-4627)

COUNTY Rowan

DATE October 19,2009

SHEET 3A OF 4 SHEETS

LINE	STATION	STATION	TOTAL EXCAV.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	IINSIIIT	SUITABLE	ТОТАТ	BOCK	UNDERCUT	FADTU	EMBANK	BODDOM	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL
LINE	SIATION	STATION	(UNCL.)	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EMB.	EMB.	EMB.	EMB.	20%	BORROW	WASTE	WASTE	WASTE
L	21+90	26+47	48				48	2403			2403	2885	2837			
		BEGIN BRIDE														
	SUBTOTAL		48				48	2403			2403	2885	2837			
L	28+86 END BRIDGE	30+50	854				854	54			54	65		789		789
	SUBTOTAL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	854				854	54			54	65		789		789
1	PROJECT SUB	TOTAL	902				902	2457			2457	2950	2837	789		789
AI	DDITIONAL UI	NDERCUT														
S	HOULDER MA	TERIAL														
WAS	STE IN LIEU O	F BORROW											-789	-789		-789
LOSS DU	E TO CLEARIN	IG & GRUBBING	-150				-150						150			
	PROJECT T	OTAL	752	·			752	2457	0	0	2457	2950	2198	0		0
EST 5%	TO REPLACE	TOP SOIL ON						·	7.							
LOT 37	BORROW	1											110		,	
													***************************************			
	DRAINGE	DITCH EXC.	130										-			
	ESTIMATED	UNDERCUT			425											
	PROJECT TO	DTALS	752										2308			
Nantana, Harrison and American	SAY		780										2310			

<sup>\*</sup> EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.

NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT BORELOG REPORT

	O. 338			ID.	B-4627	······································		COUNTY	ROWA	N		GEOLOG	SIST Stick	ney, J. K.	
ITE DESCR	RIPTION	N/A		····										GROUND V	VTR (f
ORING NO	. B-1			s	TATION 304		OFFSET	36ft RT			ALIGNMENT L		0 HR.	N/	
OLLAR EL	EV. N	/A		T	OTAL DEPTH	30.0 ft		NORTHING N/A EASTING N/A						24 HR.	N/
RILL MACI	HINE C	CME-5	50X	D	RILL METHO	D Core Bo	ring	-				HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic	
TART DAT	E 06/2	6/08		C	OMP. DATE	06/26/08		SURFACE	WATER	DEPT	ГН	N/A DEPTH	TO ROCK	6.5 ft	
EV DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLC 0.5ft	0.5ft	·	0 25	BLOWS PER 50		75 <b>10</b> 0	SAMP.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND F	ROCK DESC		DEPTH
	4.3	3	20	18		<b>♦</b> 38				М		F BROV	JND SURFACE  RESIDUAL  IN SILTY SA  FALLINE RO  SEVERE WE	ND	
		, were									N. A. A. A.	REC =	GRANITE = 54% RQD =	= 0 EATHERED	<u></u>
													C =0 RQD=0		2
													=16% RQD=	:0	2
												SEVERELY W REG	C=0 RQD=0	GRANITE	3
												SEVEREĽY WEAT	HERED GR	ANITIC ROCK	