NOTE: SEE SHEET IA FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

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<u>LINE</u>

36

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STATION 15+00 TO 25+70 PLAN PROFILE XSECT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 33220.1.1

F.A. PROJ. *BRSTP-3135(4)*

COUNTY **MECKLENBURG**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE 36 OVER IRVINS CREEK

ON SR 3135 (LEBANON ROAD)

INVENTORY

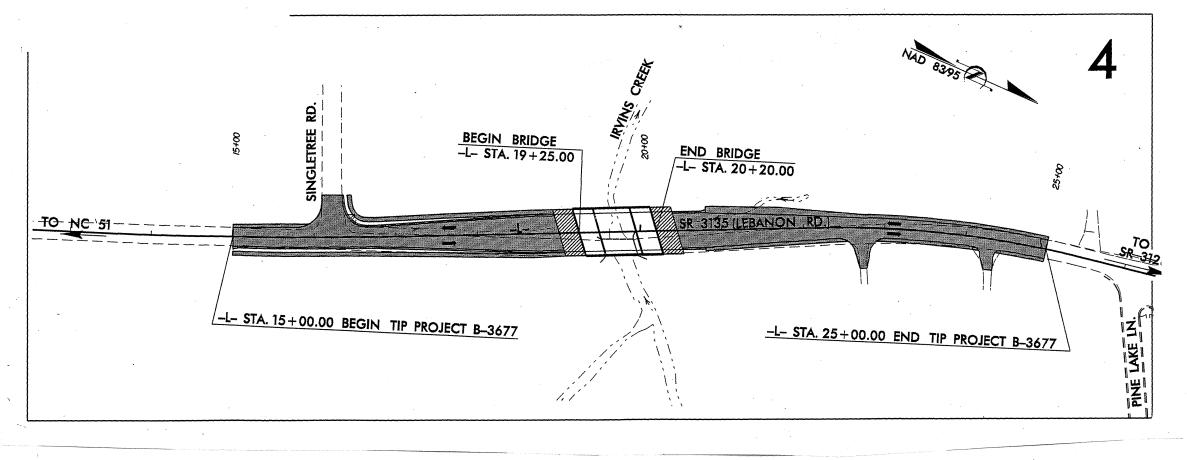


CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOLI TEST DATA AVAILABLE WAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (19) 250-0408. NETHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE COATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTULA SUBSURFACE CONTIONS BETWEEN BORNIOS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIBBLITY IN INTEREST IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INFOCATED TO CONDITIONS OF VARY CAPE CONDITIONS OF THE DATA OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS OF THE DATA OF THE DATA OF THE CONDITIONS OF THE DATA OF THE D

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR PINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS.



PERSONNEL **STICKNEY**

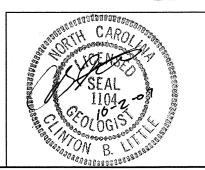
C. SMITH

TODD

INVESTIGATED BY_STICKNEY

CHECKED BY LITTLE
SUBMITTED BY LITTLE

DATE OCTOBER 2007



NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA See Sheet 1-A For Index of Sheets SHEET TOTAL SHEETS B-3677 1A 5 N.C. DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 36 MINT HILL STATE PROJ. NO. F, A, PROJ. NO. 33220.1.1 BRSTP-3135(4) PE POP. 16,991 8 SUBMITTAL 3128 LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 36 OVER IRVINS CREEK ON SR 3135 IE (LEBANON ROAD) PRE-CFI PLANS _BEGIN PROJECT TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, STRUCTURE REMOVAL & STRUCTURE PRO ROJECT 3156 VICINITY MAP SR 4141 SINGLETREE BEGIN BRIDGE END BRIDGE -L- STA. 19 + 23 + /--L- STA. 20+23+/-TO SR 3128 TO NC 151 -L- STA. 25+70.00 END TIP PROJECT B-3677 -L- STA. 15+00.00 BEGIN TIP PROJECT B-3677 INCOMPLETE PLANS PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USB FOR CONSTRUCTION CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD PLANS PREPARED BY: PLANS PREPARED FOR: HYDRAULICS ENGINEER DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA GRAPHIC SCALES DESIGN DATA PROJECT LENGTH TGS ENGINEERS
SUITE 14 I
975 WALNUT STREET
CARY, NC 275 II
PH (919) 3 19-8850 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ADT 2008 = 7,250 1000 Birch Ridge Dr. ADT 2028 = 12,750 Raleigh, NC 27610 DHV = 11 % LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-3677 = 0.184 MI LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-3677 = 0.019 MI 2006 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS D = 55 %RIGHT OF WAY DATE: CHARLES L. FLOWE, PE T = 6 % * V = 40 MPHTOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-3677 = 0.203 MI **NOVEMBER 16, 2007** ROADWAY DESIGN * (TTST 1% + DUAL 5%) ENGINEER PROFILE (HORIZONTAL) LETTING DATE: W. CRAIG PARKER, PE FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION=

> B. DOUG TAYLOR, PE PROJECT ENGINEER - ROADWAY DESIGN

NCDOT CONTACT:

URBAN COLLECTOR

PROFILE (VERTICAL)

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 33220.1.1 SHEET NO.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS						
SOIL DESCRIPTION GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION			TERMS AND DEFINITIONS	
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE, UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO		HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.			ALLUYIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.	
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 180 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T286, ASTM D-1586). SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.		SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE			NE -
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH ANGULARITY OF GRAINS		OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:			ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,	
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, VERY STIFF, GRAI, SETY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SIMO LINERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SUBANGULAR. SUBROUNDED. OR ROUNDED.		WEATHERED VISCON NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100			OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.	
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION		RDCK (WR)	ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.		ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS DRGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE US	SED IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)	WOULD YIELD SPT	GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (≤35% PASSING *200) (>35% PASSING *200) UNGANIC MATERIALS	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.		SILE TO CORDER COMMINISTRATION AND MONICOCTAL DI OTAL			CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
RROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-7 A-2-7-8 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT L		NDN-CRYSTALLINE RDCK (NCR)	SEDIMENTARY ROCK	K THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYP	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT E	EQUAL TO 31-50	COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK	COASTAL PLAIN SEI	DIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL
Y PACSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT G PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	GREATER THAN 50	(CP)	SHELL BEDS, ETC.	K TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
* 10 50 MX GRANULAR CLAY PEAT	ODCANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY					DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
* 40 38 MX 58 MX 51 MN S0ILS SOILS SOILS PEAT	TRACE DF DRGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE			RESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOIN IF CRYSTALLINE.	NTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
LIQUID LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN SOILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME		VERY SLIGHT ROCK GE	ENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED,	O, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHL			LS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE RYSTALLINE NATURE.	SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 15 MX No MX MODERATE AMOUNTS OF SDILS	GROUND WATER		SLIGHT ROCK G	ENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED	O AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
DE MOTOR GRAVEL AND FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DR	RILLING			. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR RYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SHITE OFFICE FINE STATE	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS		MODERATE SIGNIFIC	CANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DI	ISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR PRINT IN POOR UNSUITAB	$ abla_{PW} $ PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, DR WATER BEARING	G STRATA	DULL SO	DUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND	DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRADE 1001	SPRING OR SEEP			RESH ROCK.	OR OTHER MARKET PROPERTY.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		SEVERE AND DIS	COLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW	DR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
PRIMARY COIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SET CPT OPT DET TEST BORING	SAMPLE		n be excavated with a geologis <i>'ed. would yield spt refusal</i>	IST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
CONSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION VST PHT TEST BONANCE		SEVERE ALL RO	CK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED D	DR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUC	
GENERALLY VERY LODSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING		(SEV.) IN STRE	NGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANI SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG RO	ITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KADLINIZED TO SOME OCK USUALLY REMAIN.	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THON BOODWAY EMBANYMENT CORE BORING	SAMPLE	IF TEST	TED. YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100	BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50	MINITED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE				OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BU SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	, DATE L	REMAINI	NO. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF	OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT DNLY MIND	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER	RS - HUCK SAMPLE			C REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF DT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE DNLY IN SMALL AND	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY INSTALLATION	SAMPLE	SCATTER	RED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY	Y BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD >30 >4	25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	ALSO AN	EXAMPLE.	HADDNESS	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE RATIO SAMPLE SPT N-VALUE RATIO SAMPLE		ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES			SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE	
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD REF— SPT REFUSAL			T BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SH AL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIS		PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBREVIATIONS				ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL HI HIGHLY	w - MOISTURE CONTENT		TACH HAND SPECIMEN.	GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (CUB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MED MEDIUM CL CLAY MICA MICACEOUS	V - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	HARD EXCAVA	ATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOG	GIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST MOD MODERATELY CSE COARSE NP - NON PLASTIC	WEA WEATHERED 7 - UNIT WEIGHT		DERATE BLOWS. E GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHE	HES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST ORG ORGANIC	7- ONLY WEIGHT	HARD CAN BI		D PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST • - VOID RATIO SAP SAPROLITIC				Y KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	THAN Ø.I FOOT PER 60 BLDWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	F - FINE SD SAND, SANDY		FROM		ZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES SLI SLIGHTLY				XCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY
LL LIQUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL			RE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN	BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EDUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PF	ROJECT		RE SPACING	BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TODLS:	HAMMER TYPE:	IERM	SPACING	TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK:
OM DPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE		X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	VERY WIDE WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET 3 TO 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B-		MODERATELY CLOS	E 1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	ELEVATION: FT.
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER BK-51 BY 99 HOLLOW AUGEDS	CORE SIZE:	CLOSE VERY CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:
	O TIDELOW HODERS			I INDUF	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET RATION	-
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	_ CME-45C		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROC		G OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	H	FRIABLE		AITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:		00.000	LOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 DR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONESTEEL TEETH	POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY		IN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; ASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB.	HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED		RE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT	VANE SHEAR TEST			TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.			EXTREMELY		MMER BLDWS REDUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; REAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

October 1, 2007

STATE PROJECT:

33220.1.1 (B-3677)

FEDERAL PROJECT:

BRSTP-3135(4)

COUNTY:

Mecklenburg

DESCRIPTION:

Bridge 36 over Irvins Creek

On SR 3135 (Lebanon Road)

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report - Inventory

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is located in east-central Mecklenburg County. Lebanon Road connects between Matthews-Mint Hill Road and Lawyers Road in east Charlotte. The existing one-lane bridge will be replaced in its current location.

This report addresses the roadway approaches for the replacement bridge. The project limits are Station 15+00 –L- to 25+70 –L- for a total length of 1070' including the structure. The proposed earthwork is primarily embankment construction. There is some minor cut at the ditchline on the right side, from Station 22 ahead to the end of the project. Depth of cut is about three feet. Maximum embankment heights are about seven feet.

The Geotechnical investigation consisted of three standard penetration test borings.

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

There were no particular areas of concern.

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project is located in the piedmont region of North Carolina. The geology is Charlotte Belt, about ten miles west of the boundary with the Carolina Slate Belt. The NCGS Geologic Map (1985) indicates felsic metavolcanic rocks. No outcrops were observed and no samples taken.

Project elevations range from a high of about 665 feet at either end of the project, to a low in the stream channel of about 647 feet. The floodplain is about 150' wide, with a surface elevation around 654'.

SOIL PROPERTIES

Residual Soils

Nearest the stream, the residual soil was sandy, with shallow rock. Further from the stream, a tan cap clay was found over clayey sandy silt saprolite.

Artificial/Roadway Fill Soils

The existing roadway embankments were not sampled. They were not widespread and have a maximum height of about five feet.

Alluvial Soils

Alluvial soils are confined to the floodplain, Station 19+50 to 21+00. They consist of soft to medium stiff clayey sandy silt.

GROUNDWATER

The borings were filled after drilling, so no 24 hour measurements were obtained. No water was present at the time of drilling, and none of the samples appeared to be saturated.

Respectfully submitted,

Clint Little

Regional Geological Engineer

EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET

Volumes in Cubic Yards

SHEET 3A OF 5 COMPILED BY: WCP DATE 27-Apr-09 PROJECT B-3677 COUNTY MECKLENBURG WASTE **EXCAVATION EMBANKMENT** UNSUIT. SUITABLE SUITABLE UNSUIT LINE STATION STATION TOTAL **ROCK** UNDERCUT TOTAL **ROCK EARTH** EMB. **BORROW** ROCK (UNCL.) UNCLASS. UNCLASS. +20% 15+00.00 19+25.00 608 737 737 884 276 -L-608 BRIDGE 20+20.00 414 25+00.00 1,245 1,245 1,494 1,080 414 TOTALS 1,022 1,022 1,982 1,982 2,378 1,356 Estimated loss due to Clear. & Grub. -100 -100 100 250 300 Shoulder Material 250 300 922 922 2,232 2,232 1,756 PROJECT TOTALS 2,678 Est. 5% to replace Topsoil on Borrow Pits 88 GRAND TOTALS 922 2,232 2,232 2,678 1,844 970 1,900 SAY Pavement Structure Volume = 278

Contingency Undercut = 600 421

* EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.

