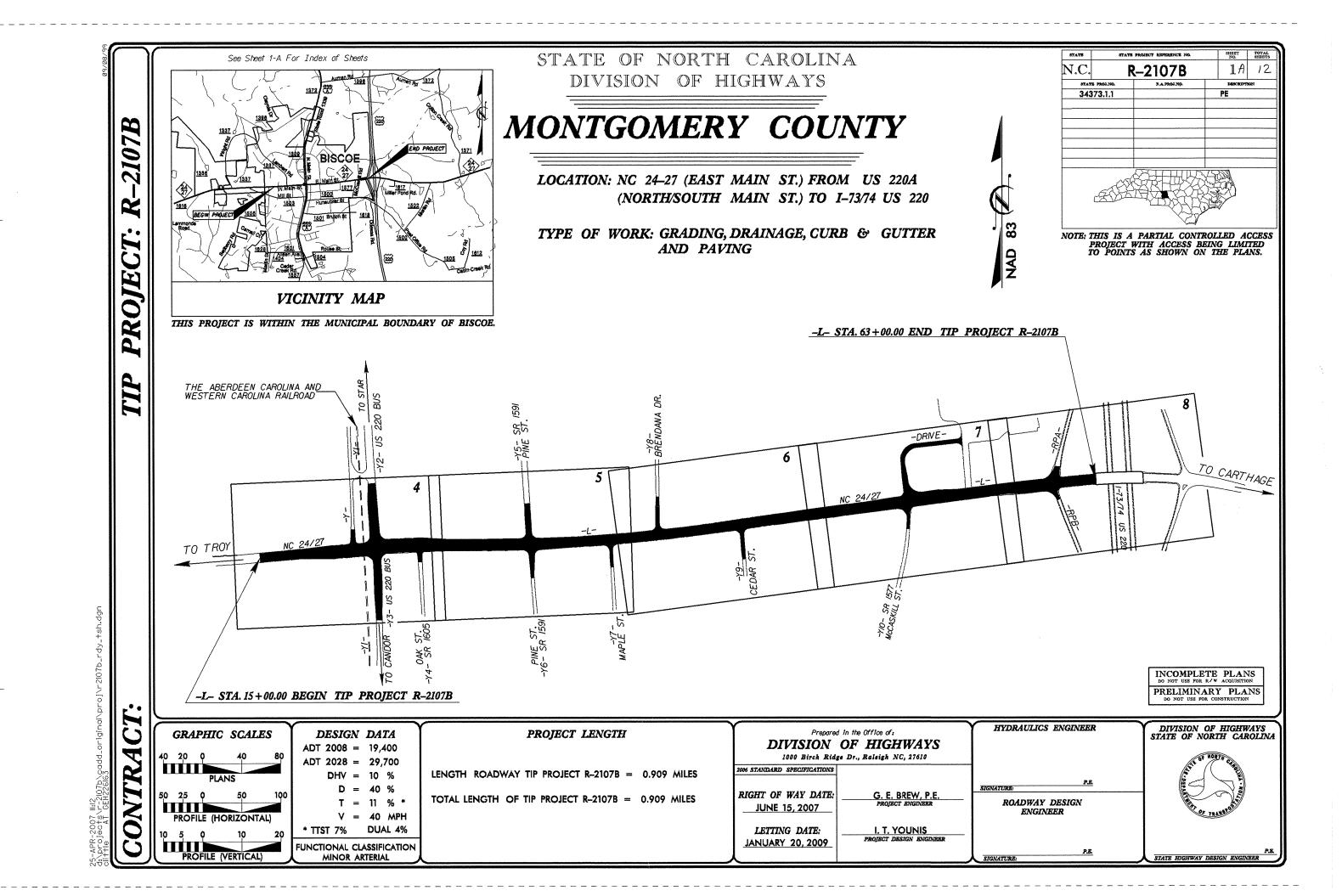
STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. STATE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA NOTE: SEE SHEET 1A FOR PLAN SHEET N.C. R-2107B 1 LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 34373.1.1 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 34373.2.2 RW & UTIL **CONTENTS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT 34373.3.5 PROFILE XSECT 15+00 TO 63+00 **CAUTION NOTICE ROADWAY** 10+17.50 TO 16+21.78 DRIVE THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALIGIOH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (1919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION SOIL SAMPLE DATA SHEET 12 NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS. ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT. CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSUBFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORNOS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORENOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY 10 THE DECREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHAD. THE OSSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MIDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE RIVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORPING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS. PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 34373.1.1 COUNTY MONTGOMERY PROJECT DESCRIPTION NC 24-27 (EAST MAIN STREET) FROM US 220A (NORTH/SOUTH MAIN STREET) TO I-73/74 US 220 THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN HYDROGRATION ON THIS PROJECT, THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOT THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PRODUCT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE DIFFERING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION. INVENTORY -L- STA. 63+00.00 END TIP PROJECT R-2107B THE ABERDEEN CAROLINA AND WESTERN CAROLINA RAILROAD -DRNE--Y2- POT Sta. 12+00.00 BEGIN CONSTRUCTION \_L\_ STA. 10 + 00.00 TO CARTHAGE BEGIN CONSTRUCTION 4APERSONNEL STICKNEY NC 24/27 TO TROY C. SMITH WISE 2202043 DRAINAGE SYSTEM INVESTIGATED BY STICKNEY \_L\_ STA. 15+00.00 BEGIN TIP PROJECT R-2107B CHECKED BY SUBMITTED BY\_\_\_ LITTLE FEB. 2007 NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT DRAWN BY: LITTLE OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.



### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

|  | SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM  | S, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| SOIL DESCRIPTION   | GRADATION   | ROCK DESCRIPTION   | TERMS AND DEFINITIONS  |  |  |  |
| SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS   | WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO   | HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.              | ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.   |  |  |  |
| THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL              | PODRLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.  | SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE |  |  |  |  |
| CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH | ANGULARITY OF GRAINS  | OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:  | ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS.                     |  |  |  |
| AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:   | THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR,   | WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100   | OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.   |  |  |  |
| VERY STIFF, GRAY, SULTY CLAY, MORST WITH WITERGEDOED FINE SAND LIVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6   | SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.  MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION  | ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.  | ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL  AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE                     |  |  |  |
| SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION  GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS OPERANCE MATERIALS   | MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS   | CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,  | GROUND SURFACE.  |  |  |  |
| GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)   | WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.   | SNE TO COADE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN   | CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMDUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.  |  |  |  |
| GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6 A-7  | COMPRESSIBILITY   | NON-CRYSTALLINE SEDIMENTARY BOCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.   | <u>COLLUVIUM</u> - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.   |  |  |  |
| ULASS.  A-1-a A-1-b     A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7  | SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50   | COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD  | CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL  |  |  |  |
| SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000  | HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50  PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL  | SEDIMENTÁRY ROCK SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.   | LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  |  |  |  |
| 7. PASSING 10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT- MUCK, CLAY  | GRANIA AR STIT - CLAY   | WEATHERING   | DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.   |  |  |  |
| 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN S0 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN S0ILS     SOILS     PEAT  | ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL  TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%  | FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER   | DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE  |  |  |  |
| DOUTE LINET  | LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%  | HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.  VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,   | HORIZONTAL. <u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF   |  |  |  |
| LIQUID LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 50ILS WITH PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY                     | MODERATELY ORGANIC         5 - 10%         12 - 20%         SOME         20 - 35%           HIGHLY ORGANIC         >10%         >20%         HIGHLY         35% AND ABOVE | (V SLI,) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF   | THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.  |  |  |  |
| GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANI  | GROUND WATER  | OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.  SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO  | FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.   |  |  |  |
| USUAL TYPES STONE FRACS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC   | WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING   | (SLI) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.                                 | FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.  |  |  |  |
| OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER   | STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS   | MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN  | FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM  |  |  |  |
| GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITA   | PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA  | (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED                            | PARENT MATERIAL.   |  |  |  |
| SUBGRADE   | SPRING OR SEEP  | WITH FRESH ROCK.   | FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.  |  |  |  |
| PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS   | MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS   | MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT DUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH          | FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN  |  |  |  |
| COMPACTMESS OF RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED   | ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE)  WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  POPT OFFT TEST BORING  DESIGNATIONS  SAMPLE  OFFT OFFT TEST BORING  DESIGNATIONS  | (MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK,  IF TESTED, WDWLD YIELD SPT REFUSAL  | THE FIELD.  JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.   |  |  |  |
| PRIMARY SOIL TYPE CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) CTONS/FT2  | WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  S - BULK SAMPLE  | SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED   | LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO  |  |  |  |
| GENERALLY VERY LOOSE   | SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING SS - SPLIT SPOON   | (SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KADLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.   | TTS LATERAL EXTENT.  |  |  |  |
| MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A   | ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER ASSESSMENT SAMPLE  | IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF   | LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.  |  |  |  |
| (NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50   | THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT - CORE BORING ST - SHELBY TUBE  | VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT (V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK       | MOTTLED (MOT.)- IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.  |  |  |  |
| VERY SOFT <2 <0.25   | INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY  MONITORING WELL  BS - BOCK SAMPLE   | REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR  | PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.   |  |  |  |
| GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0  | INFERRED ROCK LINE  PIEZOMETER  | VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES &lt; 180 BPF</i> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND         | RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.   |  |  |  |
| MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2  | INSTALLATION RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL SAMPLE   | SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS  | ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF  |  |  |  |
| (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD >30 >4  | 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF SLOPE INDICATOR CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING  | ALSO AN EXAMPLE.  ROCK HARDNESS  | ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.   |  |  |  |
| TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE  | RATIO SAMPLE  SPT N-VALUE  RATIO SAMPLE   |  | SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE   |  |  |  |
| U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270  | SOUNDING ROD     REF SPT REFUSAL  | VERY HARD  CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.   | PARENT ROCK.   |  |  |  |
| OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053   | ABBREVIATIONS   | HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.   | SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL                      |  |  |  |
| BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY  | AR - AUGER REFUSAL HI HIGHLY # - MOISTURE CONTENT   | MODERATELY CAN BE GCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE   | TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.   |  |  |  |
| (BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)  | BT - BORING TERMINATED MED MEDIUM V - VERY  CL CLAY MICA MICACEOUS VST - VANE SHEAR TEST  | HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.   | SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.  |  |  |  |
| GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005<br>SIZE IN 12 3  | CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST MOD MODERATELY WEA WEATHERED  CSE COARSE NP - NON PLASTIC 7 - UNIT WEIGHT   | MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.  | STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH |  |  |  |
| SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS   | DMT - DILATOMETER TEST ORG ORGANIC 7/4 - DRY UNIT WEIGHT  DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST   | HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.   | A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS   |  |  |  |
| SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  OFFICE OF THE MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  OFFICE OF THE MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  | e - VOID RATIO SAP SAPROLITIC   | SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS   | THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  STRATA_CORE_RECOVERY_(SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH  |  |  |  |
|  | F - FINE SD SAND, SANDY FOSS, - FOSSILIFEROUS SL SILT, SILTY  | FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.   | OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  |  |  |  |
| - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABL  | FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES SLI SLIGHTLY  | VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH  | STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE        |  |  |  |
| PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT   | FRAGS FRAGMENTS TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL   | SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.  | TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  |  |  |  |
| RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISOLING REGULATES DETING TO   | EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT   | FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING   | TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.   |  |  |  |
| (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT  | DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:  | TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS  VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET  | BENCH MARK:  |  |  |  |
| OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTUR  | X AUTOMATIC MANUAL  | VERY WIDE MURE HAN 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET   | ELEVATION: FT.   |  |  |  |
| SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT   | — I MORITE B- — I —   | MIDERATELY CLOSE   |  |  |  |  |
| - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE   |   | VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET   | NOTES:   |  |  |  |
|  | A PHOLEON HOUSENS   | INDURATION   | 1  |  |  |  |
| PLASTICITY  PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH   | HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N   X TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS   | FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.  |  |  |  |  |
| NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW  | X CME-660   | FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.   |  |  |  |  |
| LOW PLASTICITY         6-15         SLIGHT           MED. PLASTICITY         16-25         MEDIUM  | CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:  | GENILE BLUW BY HAMMER DISINIEGRATES SAMPLE.  |  |  |  |  |
| HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH  | PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER  TRICONE TING-CARR X HAND AUGER   | MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.   |  |  |  |  |
| COLOR  | SOLINDING POD   | INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;   |  |  |  |  |
| DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).  | CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST   | DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.  |  |  |  |  |
| MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.   |   | EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;   |  |  |  |  |

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 37373.I.I



# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

February 8, 2007

STATE PROJECT:

34373.1.1 (R-2107B)

COUNTY:

Montgomery

**DESCRIPTION:** 

NC 24-27 (East Main Street) from US 220A (North/South Main Street) to I-73/74 US 220

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report - Inventory

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is located along East Main Street through the town of Biscoe. It consists of widening of NC 24-27 through the main business and residential section of Biscoe. Included are several small retaining walls (addressed separately). The project runs from west to east along existing East Main Street. The following alignments were investigated:

-L- Station 15+00 to 63+00 DRIVE Station 10+17.50 to 16+21.78.

Several –Y- lines were inspected but are not specifically addressed. The investigation consisted of a combination of Standard Penetration Test borings, hand auger borings, and visual observations.

### SITE DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGY

The geology is mapped as CZVe, meta-volcanic epiclastics (Geologic Map of North Carolina, N.C. Geologic Survey, 1985). No rock core samples were obtained. Soils encountered were predominantly fine-grained, silty clays and clayey silts, commonly with medium to high plasticity. Moisture content based on field classification was generally at or near optimum. The soils were at least medium stiff, commonly very stiff to hard, and weathered rock was encountered within ten feet of the ground surface in several borings. No groundwater was encountered in any boring. The borings were shallow, averaging 10 feet; the deepest was 17 feet.

### AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

**Plastic Clays**: Of 20 soil samples obtained, five are considered to be highly plastic. Sampling was minimal and no specific trends were evident. Plastic soils may be encountered in the subgrade at various locations. These soils are subject to rutting and pumping during compaction, and may require soil improvement techniques in order to achieve a stable subgrade.

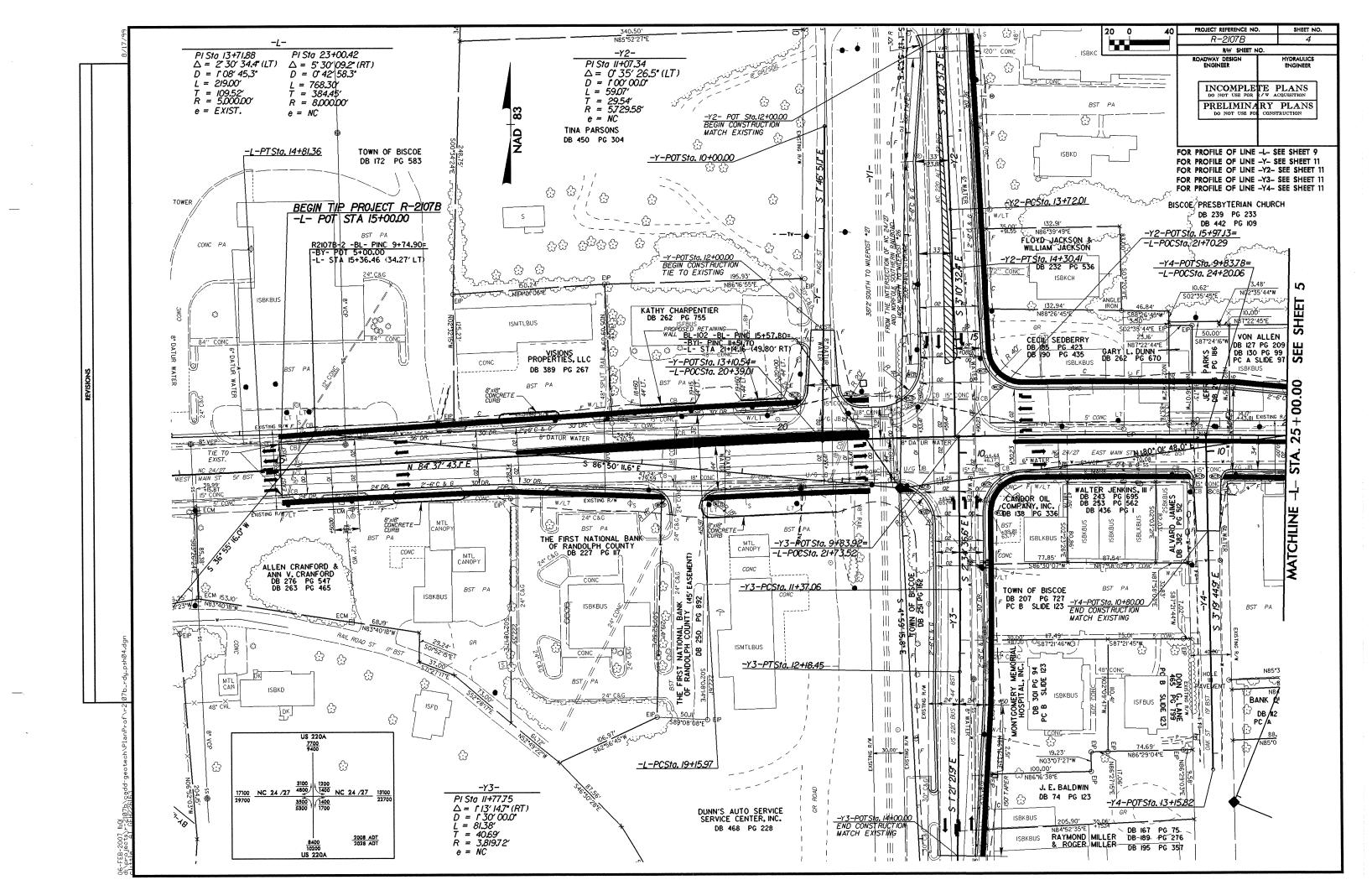
No other specific areas of geotechnical concern were noted.

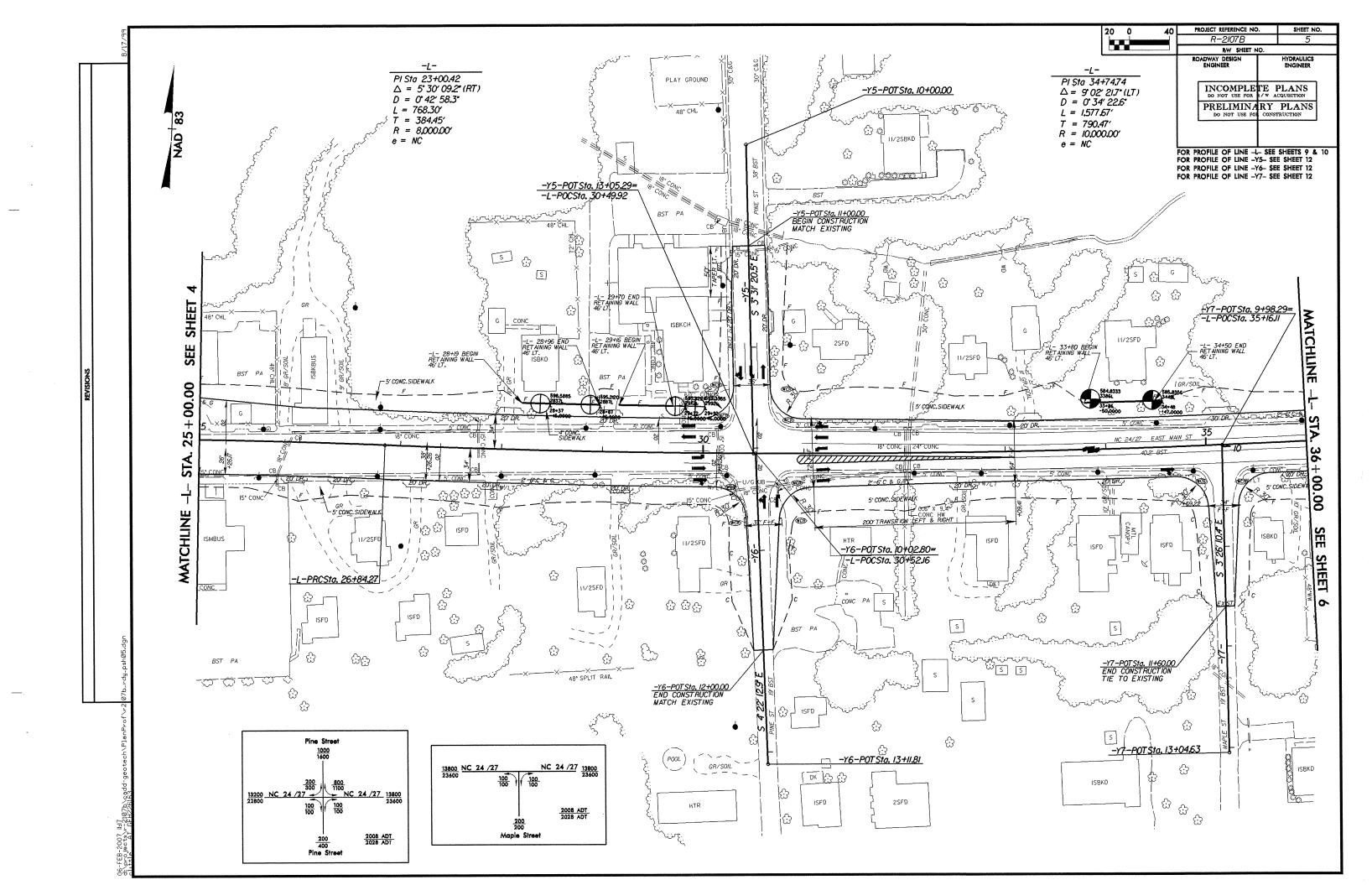
Respectfully submitted,

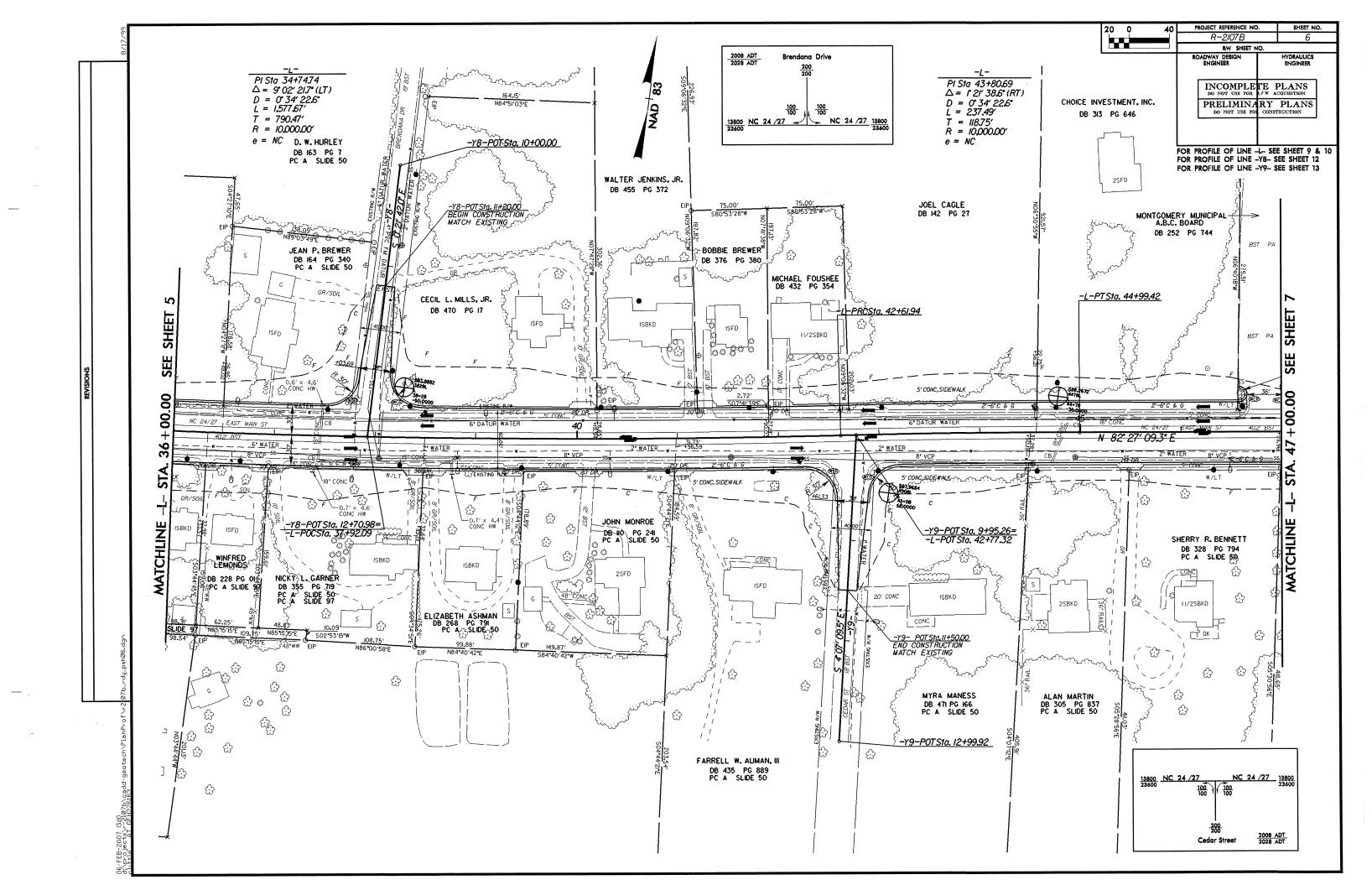
Clint Little

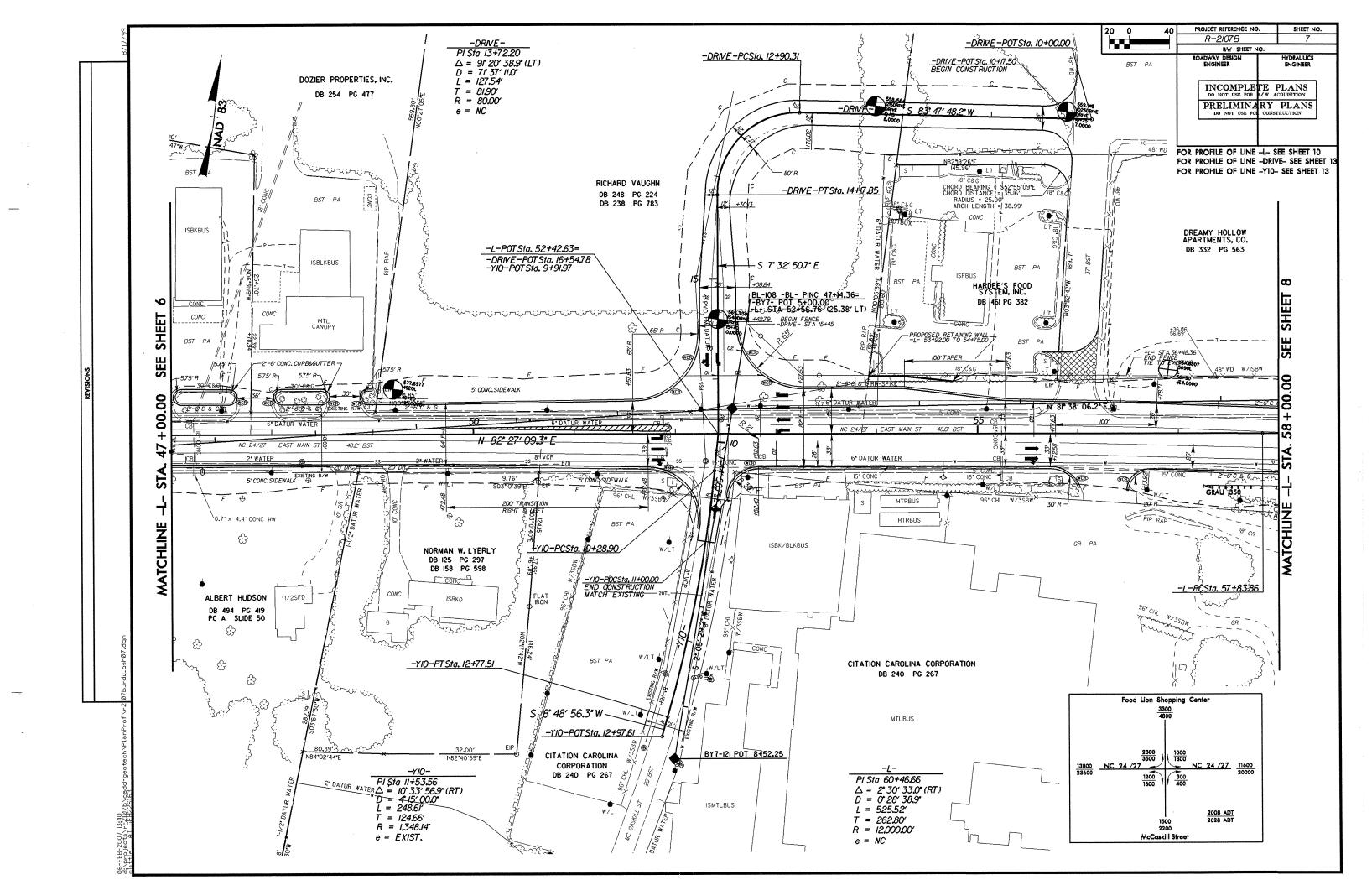
Regional Geologic Engineer Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office

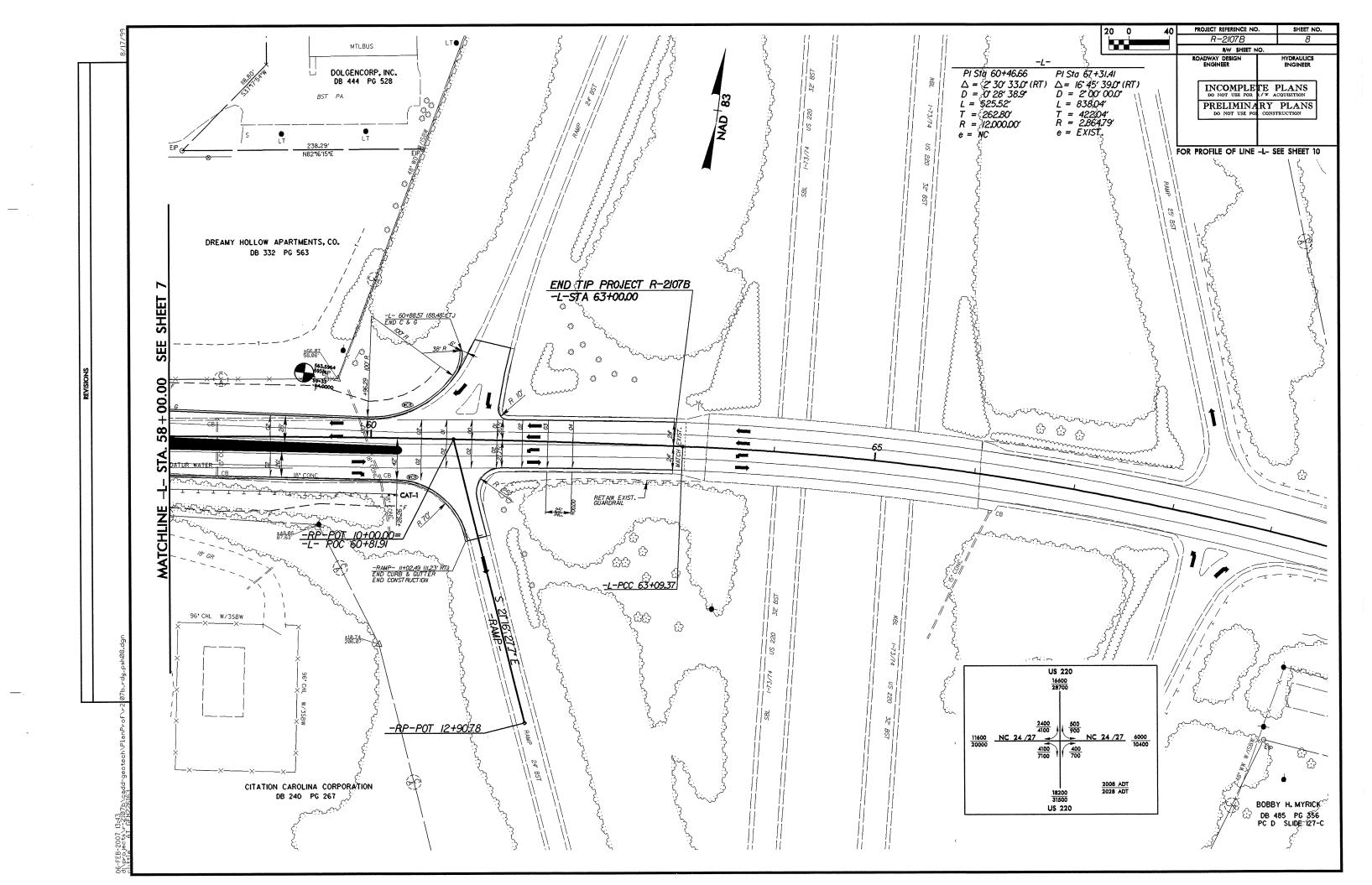
**EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET** DATE: 08/14/08 CHKD BY: ΙΥ COMP. BY: KDA DATE: 05/13/08 COUNTY: MONTGOMERY PROJECT: R-2107B **WASTE (CUBIC YARDS) EMBANKMENT (CUBIC YARDS) EXCAVATION (CUBIC YARDS) EARTH EMBANKMENT BORROW** UNSUITABLE SUITABLE **TOTAL** ROCK TOTAL **LOCATION UNSUITABLE** EMBANKMENT | EMBANKMENT | EMBANKMENT ROCK SUITABLE **TOTAL PLUS 15%** UNCLASS. ROCK UNDERCUT UNCLASS. UNCLASS. **SUMMARY 1** LEFT SIDE 2,027 2,331 996 2,027 1,335 -L- 15+00 TO 38+50 LT 1,335 15 13 13 13 2 -Y- 12+00 TO 12+50 2 536 437 466 .99 466 99 Y2 12+00 to 15+00 47 42 41 41 5 Y5 12+00 to 12+50 5 69 69 79 48 31 Y8 11+20 to 12+00 31 RIGHT SIDE 1,909 1,104 1,660 1,660 -L- 13+00 TO 38+50 RT 805 805 320 113 278 278 207 207 -Y3- 11+00 TO 16+50 29 23 23 25 52 25 Y6 11+00 TO 12+00 52 47 13 15 47 62 13 Y7 10+50 TO 11+60 62 70 5,281 70 2.753 2,598 4,592 4,592 **SUMMARY 1 TOTAL** 2,598 **SUMMARY 2** LEFT SIDE 2,950 3,671 4,222 1,272 3,671 1,272 -L- 38+50 TO 63+00 LT 432 389 432 338 821 338 DRIVE 10+17.50 TO 15+50 821 RIGHT SIDE 1,497 395 395 1,302 1,892 1,302 1,892 -L- 38+50 TO 63+00 RT 483 483 483 Y9 10+50 to 11+50 483 7 Y10 10+50 to 11+00 1,317 1,317 6,108 2.950 5,311 4,475 5,311 4,475 **SUMMARY 2 TOTAL** 5,703 1,387 1,387 9,903 11,388 7,073 9,903 7,073 **SUB-TOTAL** 575 -500 500 500 575 -500 500 500 Borrow to replace unsuitable 1,000 -1.000 -1,000 Loss Due to Clearing and Grubbing -887 -887 -887 Earth Waste to Replace Borrow 500 11,963 6,391 500 10,403 500 5,573 10,403 TOTAL 6.073 APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES ONLY. UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION, BORROW EXCAVATION, FINE GRADING, CLEARING AND GRUBBING, AND REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAVEMENT WILL BE PAID 320 Estimate 5% to Relace FOR AT THE LUMP SUM PRICE FOR "GRADING". Topsoil on Borrow Pits 6,711 Note: Earthwork quantites are calcalated by the Roadway Design **GRAND TOTAL** 6,073 Unit. These earthwork quantities are based in part on subsurface 500 7,000 date provided by the Geotechnical Engineering Unit. SAY 6,500

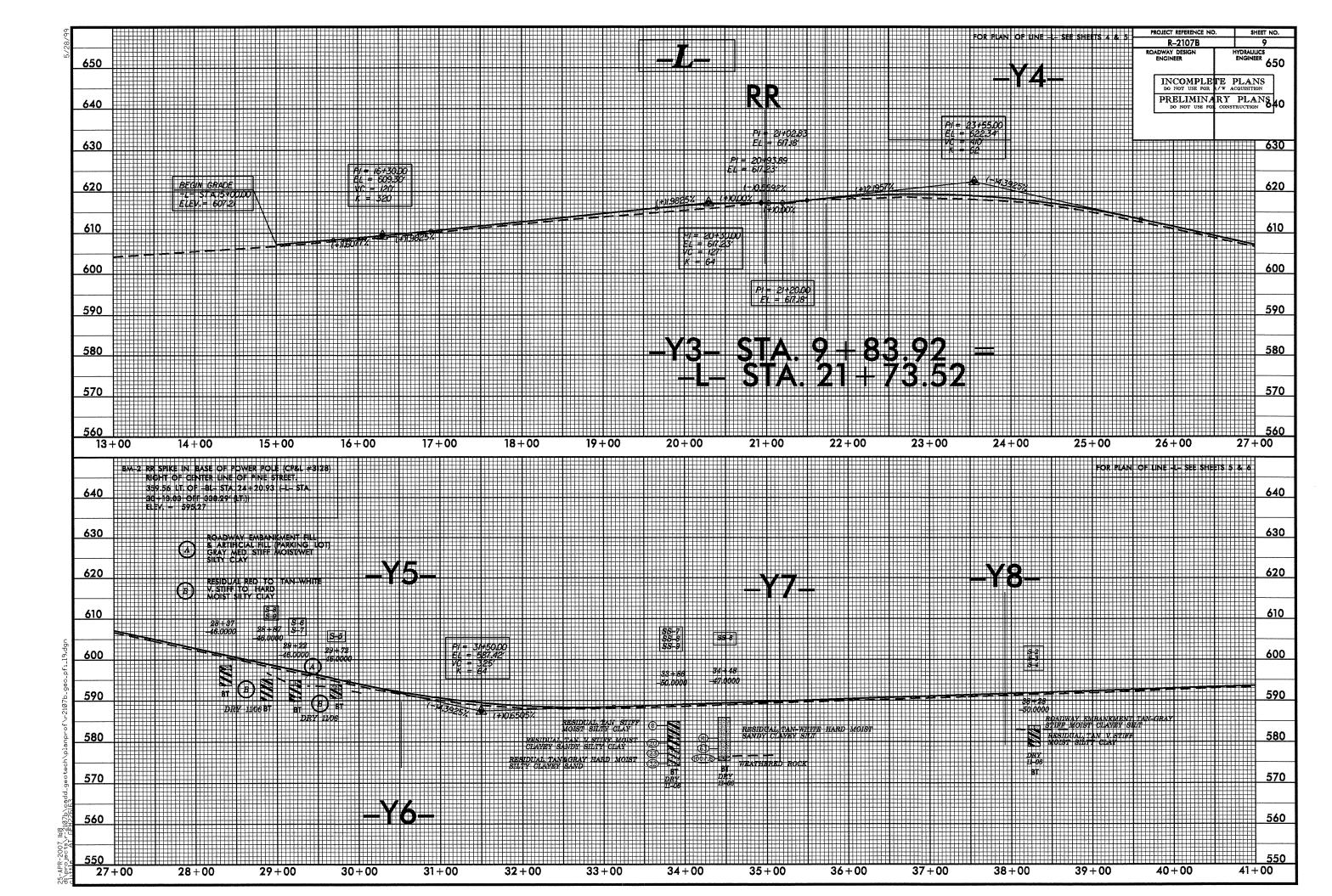


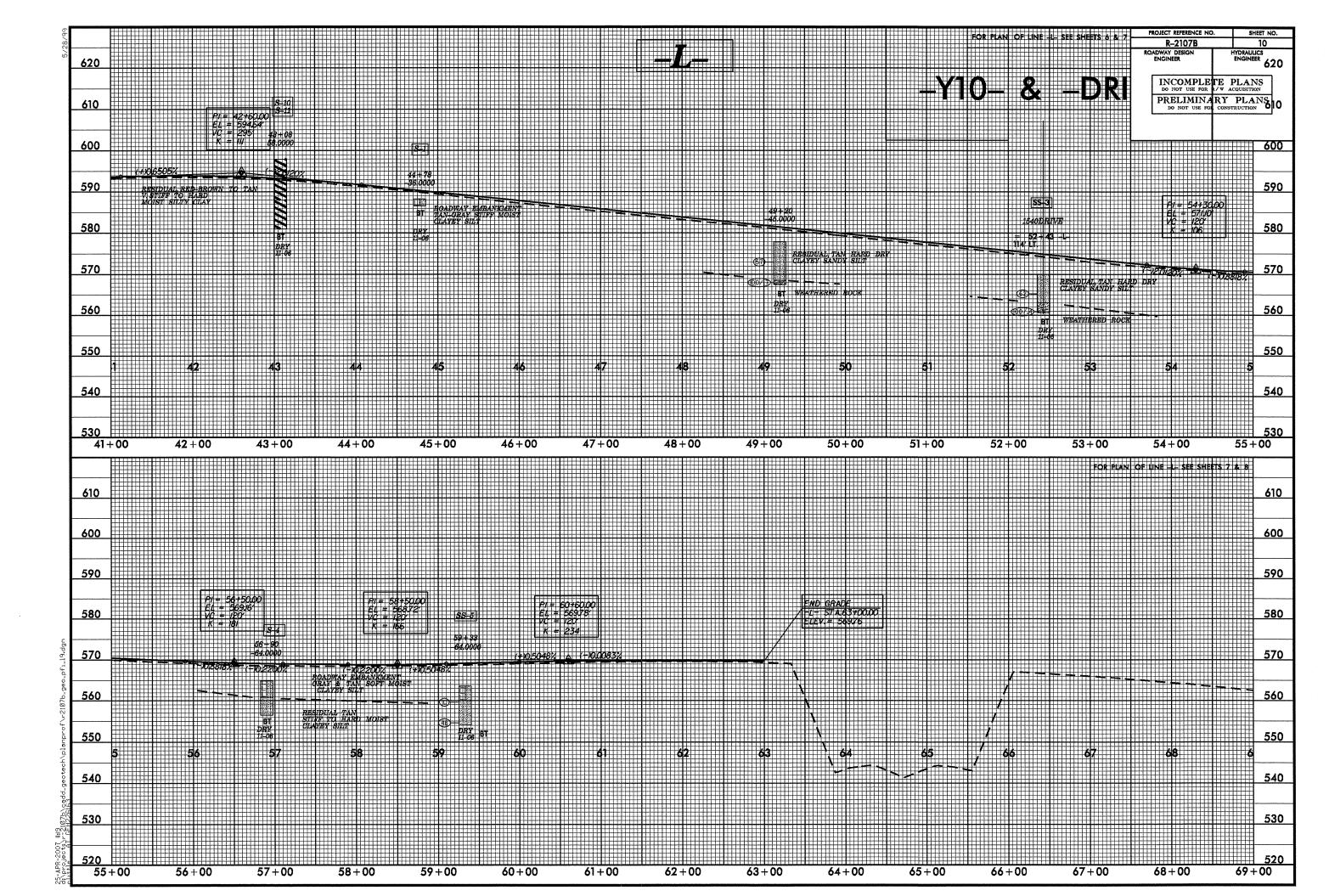


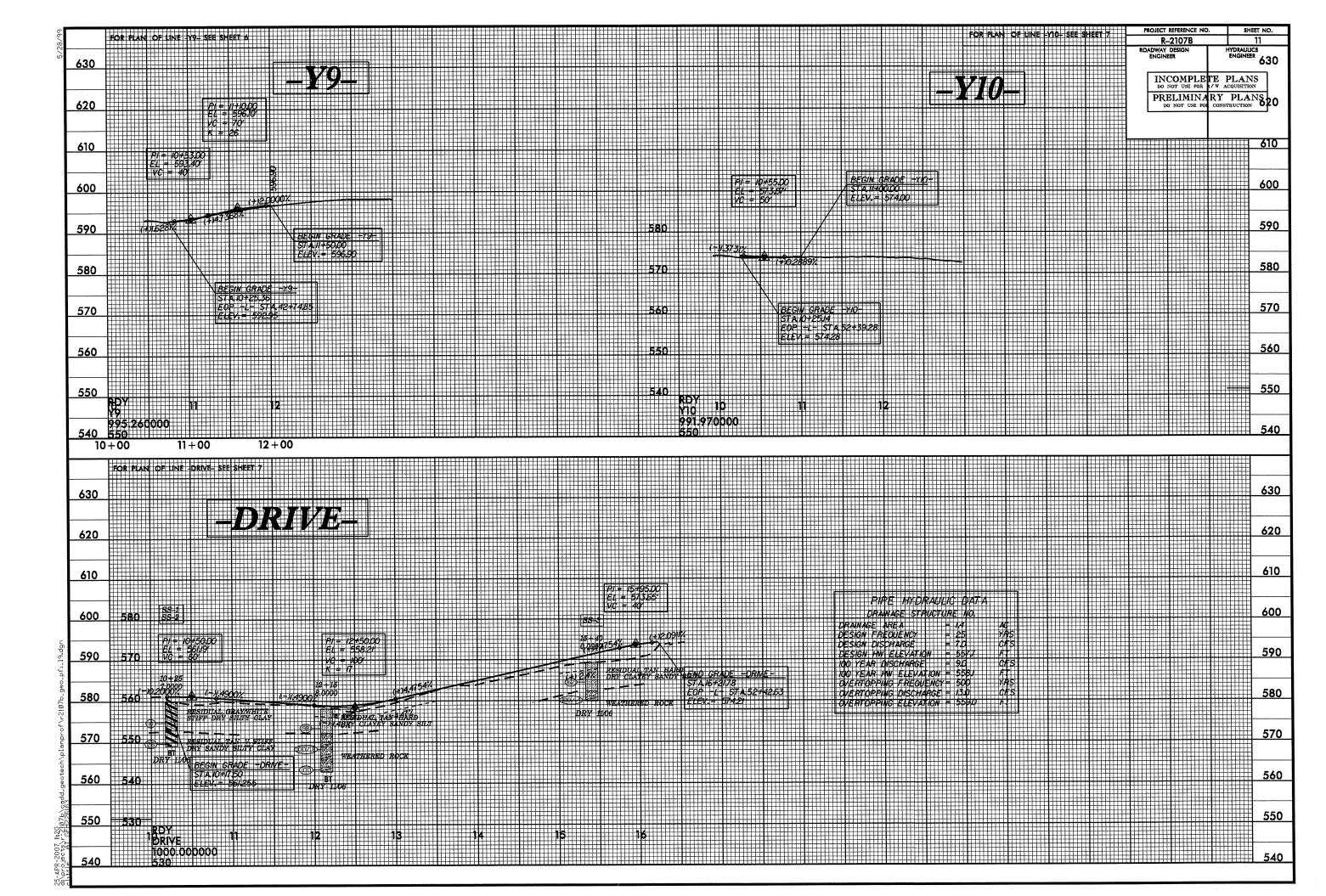












| SOIL TEST RESULTS |        |         |           |           |      |      |             |        |      |                    |     |     |     |          |          |
|-------------------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|------|------|-------------|--------|------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|
| SAMPLE            |        |         | DEPTH     | AASHTO    |      |      | % BY WEIGHT |        |      | % PASSING (SIEVES) |     |     | %   | %        |          |
| NO.               | OFFSET | STATION | INTERVAL  | CLASS.    | L.L. | P.I. | C.SAND      | F.SAND | SILT | CLAY               | 10  | 40  | 200 | MOISTURE | ORGANIC  |
| S-1               | 36 LT  | 44+78   | 0.0-1.5   | A-4(0)    | 22   | 2    | 5.6         | 8.2    | 66.1 | 20.0               | 84  | 80  | 75  | -        | -        |
| S-2               | 50 LT  | 38+28   | 0.0-1.0   | A-4(5)    | 32   | 6    | 7.0         | 6.0    | 60.9 | 26.1               | 94  | 89  | 84  | -        | -        |
| S-3               | 50 LT  | 38+28   | 1.0-4.0   | A-6(15)   | 40   | 15   | 3.2         | 3.4    | 51.3 | 42.1               | 94  | 92  | 89  | -        | -        |
| S-4               | 50 LT  | 38+28   | 4.0-5.0   | A-7-6(30) | 56   | 27   | 1.0         | 5.8    | 39.1 | 54.1               | 100 | 99  | 95  | -        | -        |
| S-5               | 46 LT  | 29+72   | 0.0-1.1   | A-6(5)    | 36   | 12   | 20.2        | 9.6    | 48.1 | 22.0               | 83  | 71  | 60  | -        | -        |
| S-6               | 46 LT  | 29+22   | 1.2-4.0   | A-7-5(47) | 77   | 42   | 2.0         | 2.2    | 27.7 | 68.1               | 95  | 94  | 92  | -        | -        |
| S-7               | 46 LT  | 29+22   | 4.0-5.0   | A-7-5(34) | 63   | 33   | 6.4         | 6.0    | 27.5 | 60.1               | 100 | 95  | 89  | -        | •        |
| S-8               | 46 LT  | 28+87   | 0.0-2.0   | A-6(9)    | 38   | 14   | 14.4        | 7.0    | 36.5 | 42.1               | 89  | 80  | 72  | -        | -        |
| S-9               | 46 LT  | 28+87   | 2.0-5.1   | A-7-6(39) | 63   | 35   | 1.8         | 5.2    | 30.9 | 62.1               | 100 | 99  | 95  | -        | -        |
| SS-1              | 7 RT   | 10+25   | 4.7-5.7   | A-6(12)   | 35   | 13   | 2.8         | 10.8   | 48.3 | 38.1               | 100 | 99  | 90  | -        | -        |
| SS-2              | 7 RT   | 10+25   | 9.7-10.7  | A-7-6(9)  | 43   | 15   | 16.0        | 19.0   | 38.9 | 26.1               | 92  | 83  | 64  | -        | -        |
| SS-3              | C/L    | 15+40   | 4.3-5.3   | A-4(2)    | 30   | 9    | 25.1        | 20.8   | 32.1 | 22.0               | 91  | 75  | 53  | -        | -        |
| S-4               | 64 RT  | 56+90   | 0.0-4.0   | A-4(0)    | 25   | NP   | 2.8         | 4.4    | 78.8 | 14.0               | 99  | 97  | 93  | -        | -        |
| SS-5              | 64 LT  | 59+33   | 3.5-4.5   | A-4(5)    | 35   | 7    | 13.8        | 16.4   | 45.7 | 24.0               | 100 | 92  | 74  | -        | -        |
| SS-6              | 47 LT  | 34+48   | 4.5-5.5   | A-4(4)    | 34   | 7    | 20.2        | 18.6   | 35.1 | 26.1               | 100 | 89  | 65  | -        | -        |
| SS-7              | 50 LT  | 33+86   | 0.5-1.5   | A-6(9)    | 33   | 12   | 5.2         | 8.4    | 52.3 | 34.1               | 92  | 89  | 82  | -        | -        |
| SS-8              | 50 LT  | 33+86   | 4.7-5.7   | A-7-6(8)  | 45   | 19   | 20.8        | 23.8   | 29.3 | 26.1               | 91  | 77  | 56  | •        | -        |
| SS-9              | 50 LT  | 33+86   | 7.2-8.2   | A-2-6(1)  | 36   | 17   | 42.9        | 14.4   | 18.6 | 24.0               | 75  | 49  | 34  | -        | -        |
| S-10              | 58 RT  | 43+08   | 0.0-10.0  | A-7-5(68) | 93   | 55   | 0.2         | 0.8    | 22.8 | 76.2               | 100 | 100 | 99  | •        |          |
| S-11              | 58 RT  | 43+08   | 10.0-17.0 | A-7-5(24) | 50   | 20   | 0.4         | 4.6    | 46.9 | 48.1               | 100 | 100 | 97  | -        | <u> </u> |