

PROJECT: 8.2160901 ID: B-3625

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-3625	1	12
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
8.2160901	BRSTP-1124(3)	P.E. CONST.	

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CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT @ (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

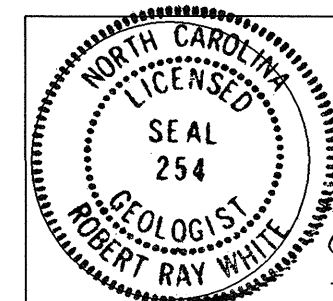
STATE PROJECT 8.2160901 I.D. NO. B-3625
 F.A. PROJECT BRSTP-1124(3)
 COUNTY CARTERET
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER
EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK
 SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER
EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK AT -L- STATION 17+44

INVESTIGATED BY DNA PERSONNEL KBM
 CHECKED BY AMH AMH LWD
 SUBMITTED BY RRW RRW RES
 DATE OCTOBER, 2002

DRAWN BY: GHL

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.



Robert Ray White
SIGNATURE

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

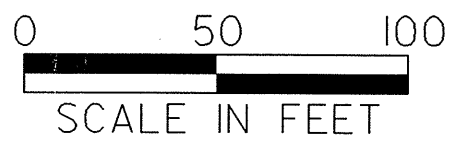
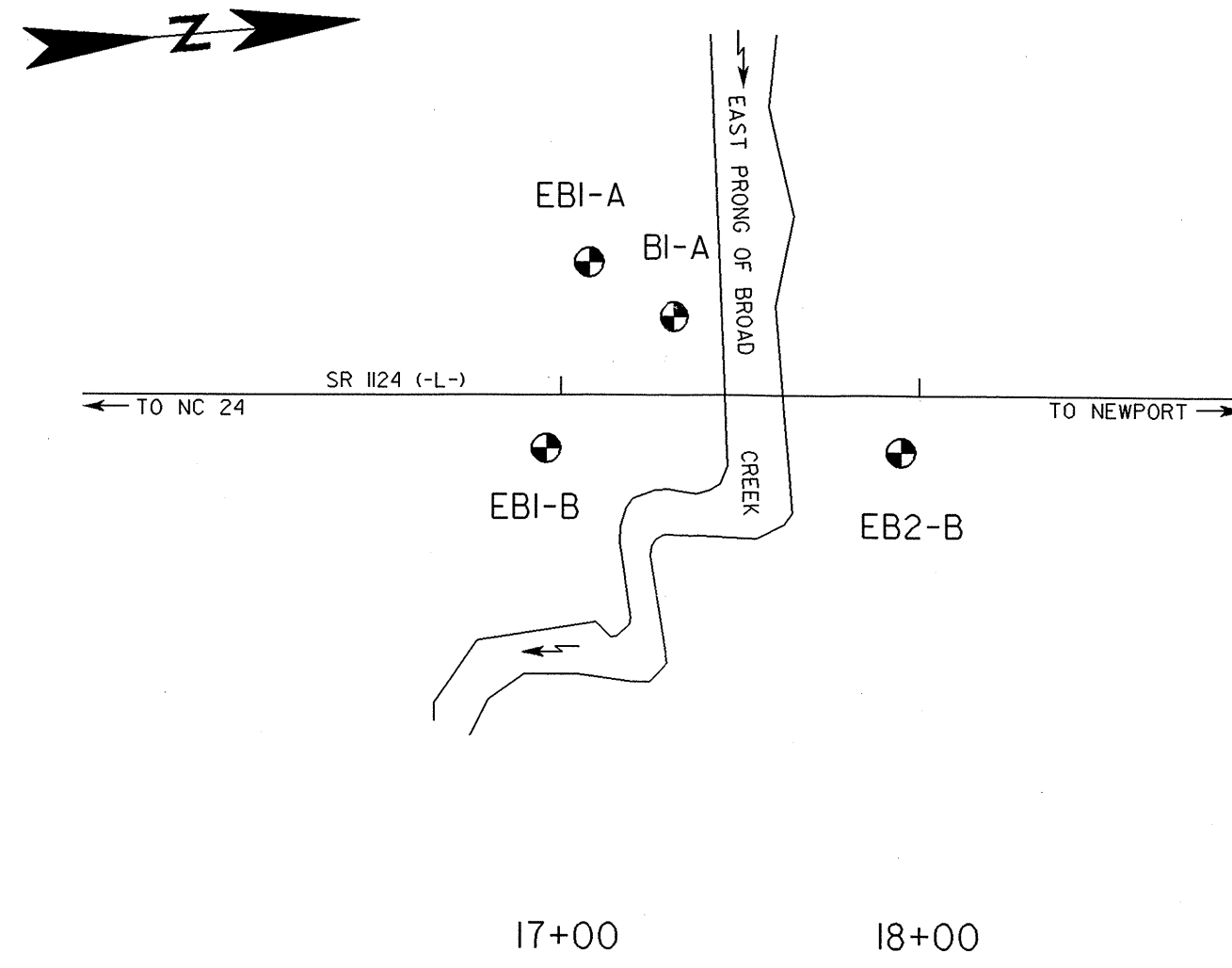
ID B-3624	STATE PROJECT NO. 8.2160901	SHEET NO. 2	TOTAL SHEETS 12
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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

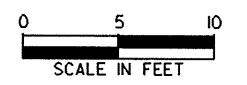
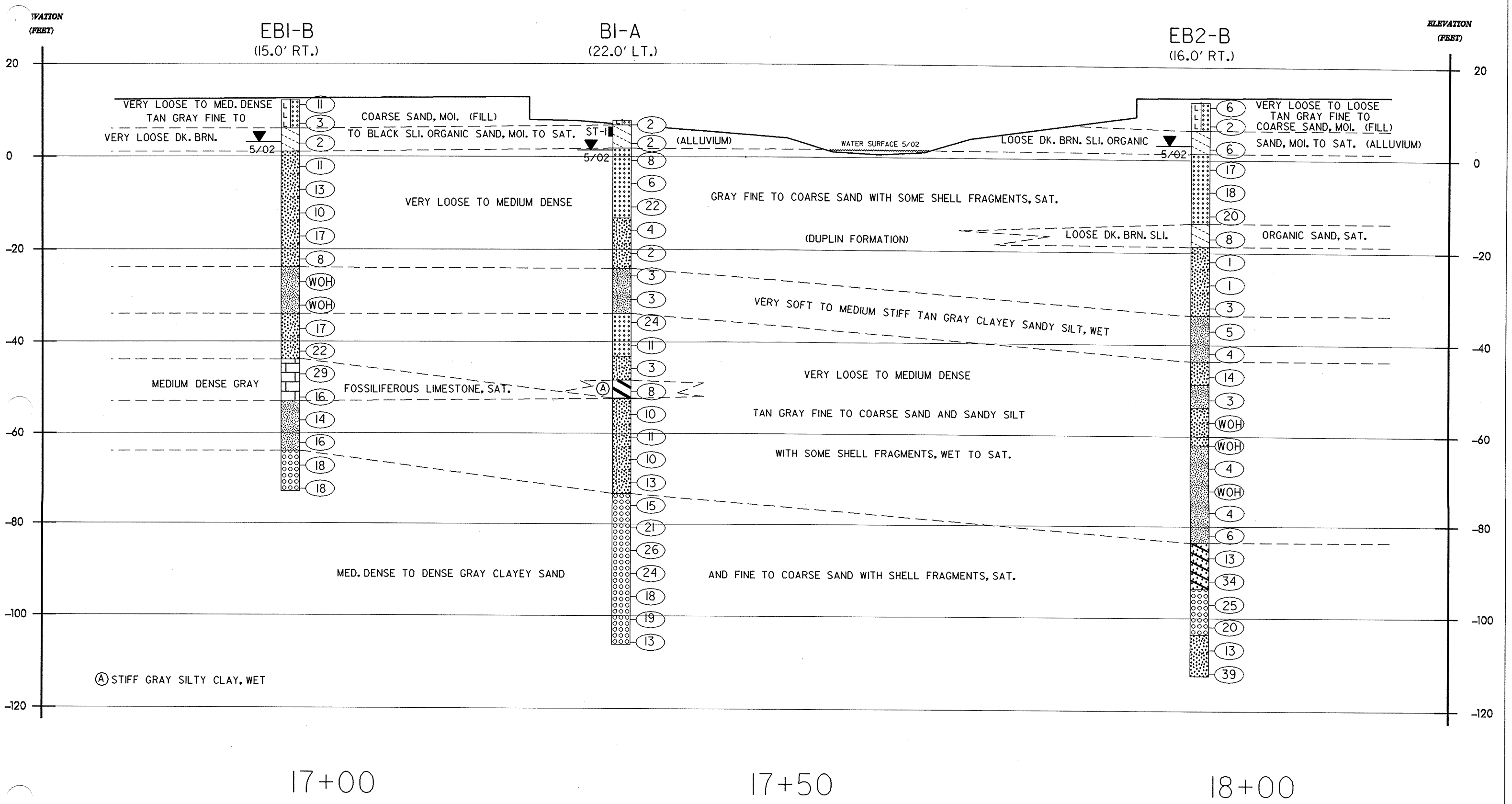
SOIL DESCRIPTION			GRADATION			ROCK DESCRIPTION			TERMS AND DEFINITIONS		
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>			WELL GRADED: INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM. INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED: INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.			HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:			ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLED IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.		
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION			MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION			WEATHERING					
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (>85% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS			MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.			WEATHERED ROCK (WR) CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)			NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.		
GROUP CLASS. A-1, A-3, A-2, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7			COMPRESSIBILITY			PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL			GROUND WATER		
SYMBOL			SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 30 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50			ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT-CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE			WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING. STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS. PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEPAGE		
% PASSING #10 #40 #200			GROUP INDEX			MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS			FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V. SLI.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SLI.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i> SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i> VERY SEVERE (V. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.		
LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC INDEX			USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS			ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES			SPT TEST BORING AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE SPT REFUSAL		
GENERAL CLASS. A-1, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7			GROUND WATER			ABBREVIATIONS			ROCK HARDNESS		
P.I. OF A-7-5 ≤ L.L. - 30 ; P.I. OF A-7-6 > L.L. - 30			EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE			AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC - FRACTURED FRAGS - FRAGMENTS MED. - MEDIUM PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SD - SAND, SANDY SL - SILT, SILTY SLI - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL γ - UNIT WEIGHT γ _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT w - MOISTURE CONTENT v - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST			VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.		
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS			TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE			EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT			FRACTURE SPACING		
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)			U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4 10 40 60 200 270 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053			DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B-51 BK-51 CME-45B CME-550 PORTABLE HOIST OTHER OTHER			TERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET		
VERY LOOSE <4 LOOSE 4 TO 10 MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50			GRAIN SIZE BOULDER (BLDR.) COBBLE (COB.) GRAVEL (GR.) COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.) FINE SAND (F. SD.) SILT (SL.) CLAY (CL.)			ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER 8" HOLLOW AUGERS HARD FACED FINGER BITS TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS CASING w/ ADVANCER TRICONE 2 1/16" STEEL TEETH TRICONE " TUNG-CARB. CORE BIT OTHER			TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET		
VERY SOFT <2 SOFT 2 TO 4 MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 STIFF 8 TO 15 VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 HARD >30			SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION			HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC MANUAL CORE SIZE: B N H HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST OTHER			INDURATION		
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)			- SATURATED - (SAT.) USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE			FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.			FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.		
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)			- WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE			PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH VERY LOW SLIGHT MEDIUM HIGH			BENCH MARK: BL-3 -BL- STA. 13+01 ELEVATION: 11.90 FEET		
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)			- MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE			COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.			NOTES:		
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)			- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE								

SR 1124 (-L-) OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK

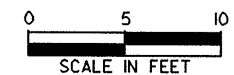
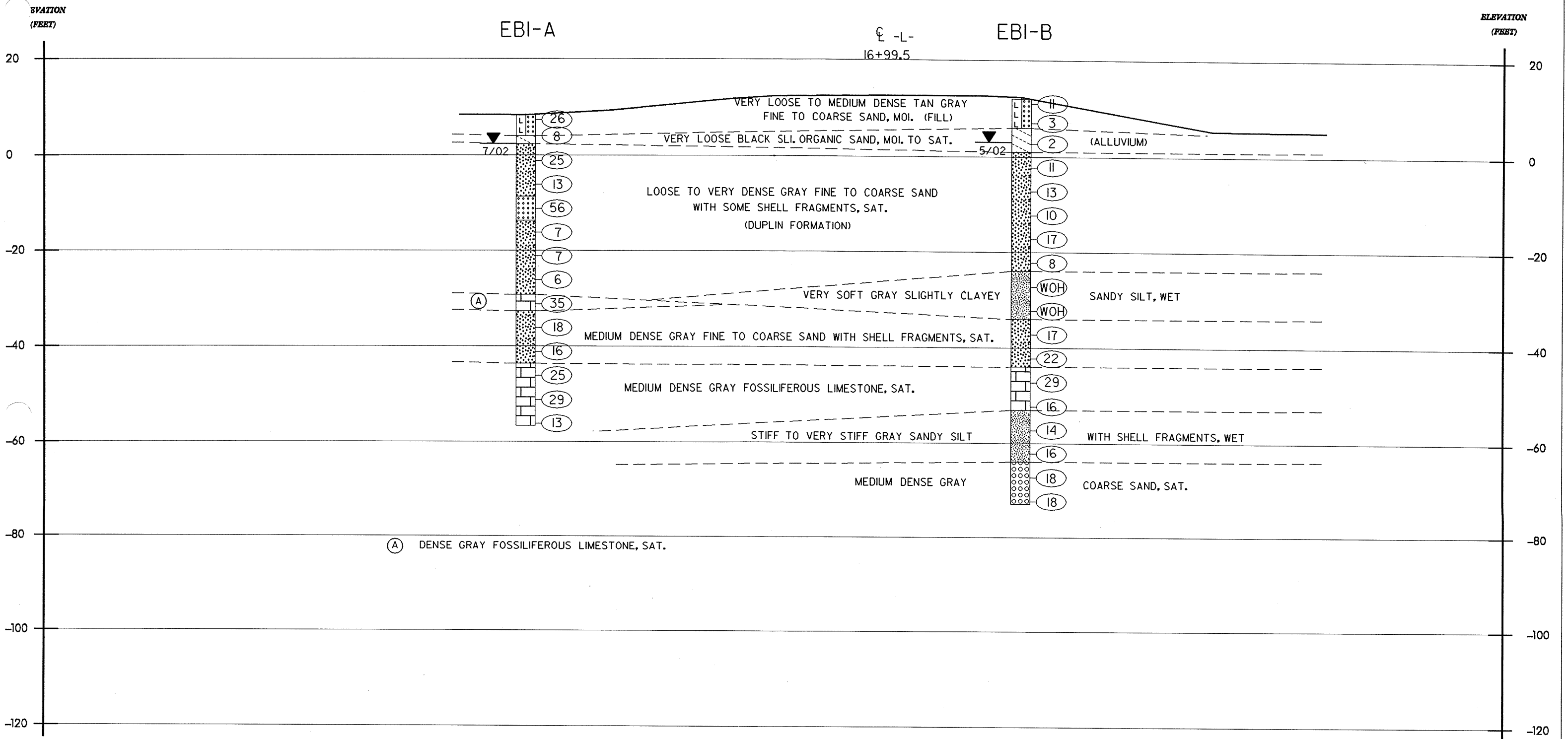


SOIL PROFILE ALONG SR 1124 (-L-) OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK

STATE PROJECT NO.	COUNTY	BRIDGE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
8.2160901 B-3625	CARTERET	20	4	12



CROSS SECTION THROUGH BORINGS AT END BENT 1



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

SHEET 1 OF 2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

SHEET 2 OF 2

(7)

PROJECT NO. 8.2160901		ID. B-3625		COUNTY CARTERET		GEOLOGIST K. B. MILLER								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK							GROUND WATER							
BORING NO. EBI-B		BORING LOCATION 16+96		OFFSET 15.0' RT.	ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N.M.							
COLLAR ELEVATION 12.1'		NORTHING		EASTING		24 HR. 9.0'								
TOTAL DEPTH 84.8'		DRILL MACHINE CME-45B		DRILL METHOD ROTARY W/MUD		HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC								
START DATE 5/28/02		COMPLETION DATE 5/28/02		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV. (FT.)	DEPTH (FT.)	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (FT.)	BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG MOI. G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		0.5'	0.5'	0.5'		0	25	50	75	100				
12.1	0.0	2	4	7	1									
10.0	4.0	1	1	2	1							SS-14		TAN GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND, MOI. (FILL)
5.0	8.3	1	1	1	1							SS-15	▼	BLACK SLIGHTLY ORGANIC SAND, MOI. TO SAT. (ALLUVIUM)
0.0	13.3	2	4	7	1									
-5.0	18.3	3	5	8	1							SS-17		
-10.0	23.3	5	3	7	1									GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND WITH SOME SHELL FRAGMENTS, SAT. (DUPLIN FORMATION)
-15.0	28.3	10	12	5	1							SS-18		
-20.0	33.3	4	3	5	1									
-25.0	38.3	WOH	WOH	WOH	1							SS-19		GRAY SLIGHTLY CLAYEY SANDY SILT, WET
-30.0	43.3	WOH	WOH	WOH	1									
-35.0	48.3	6	8	9	1							SS-20		GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND WITH SHELL FRAGMENTS, SAT.
-40.0	53.3	8	8	14	1									
-45.0	58.3	11	13	16	1							SS-21		GRAY FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE, SAT.
-50.0	63.3	9	9	7	1									
-55.0	68.3	5	8	6	1							SS-22		GRAY SANDY SILT WITH SHELL FRAGMENTS, WET
-60.0	73.3	6	8	8	1									GRAY COARSE SAND, SAT.

PROJECT NO. 8.2160901		ID. B-3625		COUNTY CARTERET		GEOLOGIST K. B. MILLER								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK							GROUND WATER							
BORING NO. EBI-B		BORING LOCATION 16+96		OFFSET 15.0' RT.	ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N.M.							
COLLAR ELEVATION 12.1'		NORTHING		EASTING		24 HR. 9.0'								
TOTAL DEPTH 84.8'		DRILL MACHINE CME-45B		DRILL METHOD ROTARY W/MUD		HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC								
START DATE 5/28/02		COMPLETION DATE 5/28/02		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV. (FT.)	DEPTH (FT.)	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (FT.)	BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG MOI. G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		0.5'	0.5'	0.5'		0	25	50	75	100				
65.0	78.3	8	8	10	1									
-70.0	83.3	7	8	10	1							SS-23		GRAY COARSE SAND, SAT.
-75.0														
-80.0														
-85.0														
-90.0														
-95.0														
-100.0														
-105.0														
-110.0														
-115.0														
-120.0														
-125.0														
-130.0														
-135.0														
-140.0														

BORING TERMINATED AT
 ELEV. -72.7 FEET IN MEDIUM
 DENSE SAND

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

SHEET 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 8.2160901		ID. B-3625		COUNTY CARTERET		GEOLOGIST K. B. MILLER								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK							GROUND WATER							
B. G NO. BI-A		BORING LOCATION 17+32		OFFSET 22.0' LT.	ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N.M.							
COLLAR ELEVATION 7.9'		NORTHING		EASTING		24 HR. 6.5'								
TOTAL DEPTH 114.2'		DRILL MACHINE CME-45B		DRILL METHOD ROTARY W/MUD		HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC								
START DATE 5/22/02		COMPLETION DATE 5/24/02		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV. (FT.)	DEPTH (FT.)	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (FT.)	BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG MOI.	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		0.5'	1.0'	1.5'		0	25	50	75	100				
7.9	0.0	1	1	1	1									TAN GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND, MOI. (FILL)
5.0	4.0	1	1	1	1									DARK BROWN SLI. ORGANIC SAND, MOI. (ALLUVIUM)
0.0	7.7	1	3	5	1									
-5.0	12.7	4	4	2	1									
-10.0	17.7	8	11	11	1									TAN GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND WITH SOME SHELL FRAGMENTS, MOI. TO SAT. (DUPLIN FORMATION)
-15.0	22.7	1	2	2	1									
-20.0	27.7	1	1	1	1									
-25.0	32.7	1	1	2	1									
-30.0	37.7	1	2	1	1									TAN GRAY CLAYEY SANDY SILT, WET
-35.0	42.7	4	9	15	1									
-40.0	47.7	3	6	5	1									TAN GRAY FINE TO COARSE SAND, SAT.
-45.0	52.7	WOH	WOH	3	1									
-50.0	57.7	1	3	5	1									GRAY SILTY CLAY, WET
-55.0	62.7	1	4	6	1									
-60.0	67.7	2	4	7	1									GRAY COARSE SAND WITH SHELL FRAGMENTS, SAT.
-65.0	72.7	2	4	6	1									
	77.7	7	6	7	1									

(8)

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJECT NO. 8.2160901		ID. B-3625		COUNTY CARTERET		GEOLOGIST K. B. MILLER								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 20 ON SR 1124 OVER EAST PRONG OF BROAD CREEK							GROUND WATER							
BORING NO. BI-A		BORING LOCATION 17+32		OFFSET 22.0' LT.	ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N.M.							
COLLAR ELEVATION 7.9'		NORTHING		EASTING		24 HR. 6.5'								
TOTAL DEPTH 114.2'		DRILL MACHINE CME-45B		DRILL METHOD ROTARY W/MUD		HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC								
START DATE 5/22/02		COMPLETION DATE 5/24/02		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV. (FT.)	DEPTH (FT.)	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (FT.)	BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG MOI.	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		0.5'	1.0'	1.5'		0	25	50	75	100				
70.0														
-75.0	82.7	6	7	8	1									
-80.0	87.7	7	6	15	1									
-85.0	92.7	9	11	15	1									GRAY COARSE SAND WITH SHELL FRAGMENTS, SAT.
-90.0	97.7	11	13	11	1									
-95.0	102.7	8	9	9	1									
-100.0	107.7	7	11	8	1									
-105.0	112.7	5	7	6	1									
-110.0														
-115.0														
-120.0														
-125.0														
-130.0														
-135.0														
-140.0														
-145.0														

BORING TERMINATED AT
 ELEV. 106.3 FEET IN MEDIUM
 DENSE SAND

B-3625

Bridge No. 20 on SR 1124 over East Prong of Broad Creek

HOLE #	SAMPLE #	PASS 10	PASS 40	PASS 200	CSESAND	FINESAND	SI	CL	LL	PI	CLASS	DEPTH	MOIST.	ORG.
B1-A	SS-1	100	100	6	8.2	86.6	4.1	1.0	28	NP	A3(0)	4.0-5.5		
	SS-2	100	89	6	37.6	56.8	3.6	2.0	22	NP	A3(0)	7.7-9.2		1.8
	SS-3	100	72	8	62.4	30.9	3.6	3.0	13	NP	A3(0)	17.7-19.2		
	SS-4	100	99	25	2.8	78.1	8.0	11.0	20	NP	A24(0)	22.7-24.2		
	SS-5	100	100	63	2.2	43.4	26.3	28.1	23	7	A4(2)	32.7-34.2	35.1	
	SS-6	100	68	9	58.2	33.3	4.4	4.0	15	NP	A3(0)	42.7-44.2		
	SS-7	100	96	33	8.6	63.5	13.9	14.1	22	4	A24(0)	52.7-54.2		
	SS-8	100	94	70	12.7	19.5	29.7	38.2	57	23	A75(17)	57.7-59.2	108.5	
	SS-9	82	43	29	55.4	11.6	20.9	12.0	27	6	A24(0)	62.7-64.2		
	SS-10	97	54	29	60.2	11.6	22.1	6.0	21	NP	A24(0)	72.7-74.2		
	SS-11	98	38	13	75.5	11.8	8.6	4.0	23	NP	A1B(0)	82.7-84.2		
	SS-12	97	33	11	78.1	11.0	6.8	4.0	21	NP	A1B(0)	97.7-99.2		
	SS-13	98	32	16	75.7	9.6	8.6	6.0	23	NP	A1B(0)	107.7-109.2		
EB1-B	SS-14	100	97	5	22.9	72.9	2.2	2.0	14	NP	A3(0)	4.0-5.5		
	SS-15	100	98	9	13.2	78.9	5.9	2.0	23	NP	A3(0)	8.3-9.8		3.2
	SS-17	100	96	18	24.0	60.1	7.8	8.0	18	NP	A24(0)	18.3-19.8		
	SS-18	97	81	12	33.9	54.4	3.6	8.0	18	NP	A24(0)	28.3-29.8		
	SS-19	100	96	40	5.4	60.4	18.1	16.1	25	8	A4(0)	38.3-39.8		
	SS-20	100	65	17	62.4	22.2	9.3	6.0	29	NP	A24(0)	48.3-49.8		
	SS-21	33	18	8	59.0	18.7	12.2	10.0	22	4	A1A(0)	58.3-59.8		
	SS-22	94	60	51	40.8	9.6	37.6	12.0	26	4	A4(0)	68.3-69.8		
	SS-23	98	39	14	74.9	11.6	9.4	4.0	18	NP	A1B(0)	78.3-79.8		
	EB2-B	SS-24	100	98	4	29.5	66.7	3.8	0.0	18	NP	A3(0)	4.0-5.5	
SS-25		99	86	10	53.7	37.7	4.6	4.0	16	NP	A3(0)	13.3-14.8		
SS-26		100	55	4	79.9	16.5	2.6	1.0	17	NP	A3(0)	23.3-24.8		
SS-27		100	98	12	19.0	69.2	8.8	3.0	23	NP	A24(0)	28.3-29.8		5.4
SS-28		100	99	11	11.3	78.6	4.0	6.0	22	NP	A24(0)	38.3-39.8		
SS-29		100	100	42	0.4	62.4	16.1	21.1	19	4	A4(0)	48.3-49.8		
SS-30		97	86	11	26.5	63.4	4.1	6.0	15	NP	A24(0)	58.3-59.8		
SS-31		100	98	48	5.4	54.8	19.7	20.1	26	9	A4(1)	63.3-64.8		
SS-32		100	94	16	15.9	71.1	7.0	6.0	21	NP	A24(0)	68.3-69.8		
SS-33		100	73	53	37.1	11.4	31.3	20.1	28	NP	A4(0)	78.3-79.8		
SS-34		97	57	36	53.4	11.0	21.5	14.1	26	4	A4(0)	88.3-89.8		
SS-35		97	56	33	52.6	15.3	18.1	14.1	41	13	A27(1)	98.3-99.8		
SS-36		97	32	12	77.3	11.0	7.6	4.0	27	NP	A1B(0)	108.3-109.8		
SS-37		91	44	22	67.1	10.2	14.7	8.0	26	8	A24(0)	118.3-119.8		

Rev. 5/91

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT FIELD SCOUR REPORT

PROJECT: 8.2160901 ID: B-3625 COUNTY: CarteretDESCRIPTION (1): Bridge No. 20 on SR 1124 over East Prong of Broad Creek

INFORMATION ON EXISTING BRIDGES Information obtained from X field inspection
 _____ microfilm (Reel: _____ Position: _____)
 _____ other _____

COUNTY BRIDGE NO. 20 BRIDGE LENGTH 61' NO. BENTS 3 NO. BENTS IN CHANNEL 1 FLOOD PLAIN 2FOUNDATION TYPE: Timber piles

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR (2):

ABUTMENTS OR END BENT SLOPES: NoneINTERIOR BENTS: NoneCHANNEL BED: NoneCHANNEL BANKS: 5' to 8' erosion of bank near End Bent 2**EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION:**TYPE (3): 1) Wooden end wall; 2) wooden walls on end slope near stream on both sidesEXTENT (4): 1) 15'± outside edge of bridge; 2) under bridge onlyEFFECTIVENESS (5): Appears satisfactoryOBSTRUCTIONS (6) (DAMS, DEBRIS, ETC.): 1) old piles in and near stream bed; 2) concrete and asphalt debris inchannel under bridge**DESIGN INFORMATION**CHANNEL BED MATERIAL (7) (SAMPLE RESULTS ATTACHED): Fine to coarse sand (SS-2)CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL (8) (SAMPLE RESULTS ATTACHED): Slightly organic sand (SS-15)FOUNDATION BEARING MATERIAL (9): Medium dense fossiliferous limestone, coarse sand, and dense clayeysandCHANNEL BANK COVER (10): Woods and shrubs**DESIGN INFORMATION CONT.**FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (11): 200± feetFLOOD PLAIN COVER (12): Woods and shrubsSTREAM IS X DEGRADING AGGRADING EQUILIBRIUM (13)

OTHER OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS: _____

CHANNEL MIGRATION TENDENCY (14): North toward End Bent 2GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION (15): Geotechnical analysis agrees with the Hydraulics Unit'sestimate of scour to an elevation of -10 feet below sea level.REPORTED BY: Analee M. HarrisDATE: 10-10-02**INSTRUCTIONS**

- (1) GIVE THE DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIFIC SITE GIVING ROUTE NUMBER AND BODY OF WATER CROSSED.
- (2) NOTE ANY EVIDENCE OF SCOUR AT THE EXISTING END BENTS OR ABUTMENTS (UNDERMINING, SLOUGHING, SCOUR LOCATIONS, DEGRADATIONS, ETC.)
- (3) NOTE ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION (RIP RAP, ETC.)
- (4) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION.
- (5) DESCRIBE WHETHER OR NOT THE SCOUR PROTECTION APPEARS TO BE WORKING.
- (6) NOTE ANY DAMS, FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS AT BENTS, ETC.
- (7) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BED MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION. ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- (8) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION. ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- (9) DESCRIBE THE FOUNDATION BEARING MATERIAL.
- (10) DESCRIBE THE BANK COVERING (GRASS, TREES, RIP RAP, NONE, ETC.)
- (11) GIVE THE APPROXIMATE FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (ESTIMATE).
- (12) DESCRIBE THE FLOOD PLAIN COVERING (GRASS, TREES, CROPS, ETC.)
- (13) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE SPACE AS TO WHETHER THE STREAM IS DEGRADING, AGGRADING, OR EQUILIBRIUM.
- (14) DESCRIBE THE POTENTIAL OF THE BODY OF WATER TO MIGRATE Laterally DURING THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS).
- (15) GIVE THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION EXPECTED OVER THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS). THIS CAN BE GIVEN AS AN ELEVATION RANGE ACROSS THE SITE, OR ON A BENT BY BENT BASIS WHERE VARIATIONS EXIST. DISCUSS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE HYDRAULICS THEORETICAL SCOUR AND THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION. THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS BASED ON THE ERODABILITY OF MATERIALS WITH CONSIDERATION FOR JOINTING, FOLIATION, BEDDING ORIENTATION AND FREQUENCY; CORE RECOVERY PERCENTAGE; PERCENTAGE RQD; DIFFERENTIAL WEATHERING; SHEAR STRENGTH; OBSERVATIONS AT EXISTING STRUCTURES; OTHER TESTS DEEMED APPROPRIATE; AND OVERALL GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS AT THE SITE.

8.2160901 B-3625
Carteret Co.

Bridge No. 20 on SR 1124 over East Prong of Broad Creek



Looking north towards End Bent 2