NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROJECT NO.

33356.1.1

SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS

ID B-3922

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROO	CK LEGEND, TERMS	S, SYMBOLS, .	AND ABBREVIA	TIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION			TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN			HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.			ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
WHICH CHAN BE FERENMED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLOOM FOWER HOUSE AND WHICH TELES LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASSHTO 1206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE:	DT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL GAP-GRADED: INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.		SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE			AGUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA,
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, ASSISTION CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE	TEDMC, ANCHE AD	OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE	TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLOWS:		ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, NOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	TENNO; HNOOLHN,	WEATHERED ROCK (WR)		MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION			PER FOOT.	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS (>95% PASSING *200) (>95% PASSING *200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE U WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ISED IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)	WOULD YIELD SPT R GNEISS, GABBRO, SCH	EFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	GROUND SURFACE. <u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY		NON-CRYSTALLINE		AIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
CLASS. A-1-8 A-1-6 A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT	LESS THAN 30	ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN	INCLUDES PHYLLITE,	SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. IMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT	GREATER THAN 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK		TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
% PASSING	I I GRANULARI DI MULK, I DEGLINO IL GRANULAR SILT- CLAY		WEATHERING			DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
# 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN PEAT # 200 15 MX 25 MX 36 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRA	OTHER MATERIAL CE 1 - 10%			S MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
LIGHTO LIMIT	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITT	TLE 10 - 20%	1	IF CRYSTALLINE. JERALLY ERESH JOINTS STAINED S	SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	HORIZONTAL.
1000 1000	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGH		(V. SLI.) CRYSTALS		HINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH,
USIAN TYPE STONE FRACS	GROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER	DRILL INC	— SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR			FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OSOME THE STATE THOSE THE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.	DIVICE INO.	CRYSTALS	ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRY	YSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
GEN. RATING	PW REDCHED WATER CATURATER 70NE OR WATER READI	INC STRATA			COLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN ULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR ONSOLIABLE		DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.			FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
P.I. 0F A-7-5 ≤ L.L 30 : P.I. 0F A-7-6 > L.L 30	SPRING OR SEEPAGE		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL			THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD COMPACTNESS OR COMPACTNESS OR	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN	BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST	AOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH T'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS ON PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OPT ONT TEST BORIN	IG SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS	1	D, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	R STAINED ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE (4 COANILAR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING	S- BULK SAMPLE	(SEV.) IN STREN	GTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITO	DID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY FMRANKMENTS CORE BORING	SS- SPLIT SPOON		SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROC TO,YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 B		LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50	M MODELLI CIDANICIENTS	SAMPLE ST- SHELBY TUBE			STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT DIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT <2 <0.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES MONITORING WEL	LL SAMPLE	REMAINING	G. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF	ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i>	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1	INFERRED RUCK LINE PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION	RS- ROCK SAMPLE			DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL SUIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR	RT- RECOMPACTED R TRIAXIAL SAMPLE	SCATTERE ALSO AN		BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD >30 >4 TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	25/025 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CBR SAMPLE ROCK STRUCTURES		ROCK HARDNESS			ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES			SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.	
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	(REF)— 3FT REFUSAL		SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED			SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL SAND SAND SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL PMT - PRESSUR	REMETER TEST	TO DETA	CH HAND SPECIMEN.	OUEEE OD CROOVES TO 4 SE MISUES DEED SAN DE	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS
(BLDR.) (CO8.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F. SD.) (SL.) (CL.) GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	BT - BORING TERMINATED SD SAND, SANDY CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY		MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.			SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
ZE IN. 12" 3" CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY CSE COARSE TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL		MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH	
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS DMT - DILATOMETER TEST OPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST		HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.		PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.	
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GOIDE FOR FIELD MOISTORE DESCRIPTION e - VOID RATIO F FINE W - MOISTURE CONTENT			SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN			STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY FRAC FRACTURED VST - VANE SH	HEAR TEST	l .	CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESS CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXC	AVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY:
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS MED MEDIUM			SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.		TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE - WET - (W) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT P	ROJECT		E SPACING	BEDDING	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:	TERM VERY WIDE	SPACING MORE THAN 10 FEET	TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BM #2, THREE BARREL BOX CULVERT UNDER US-321;
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS	AUTOMATIC MANUAL	WIDE MODERATELY CLOSE	3 TO 10 FEET 1 TO 3 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	35.57 RIGHT OF -BY- 11+45.94 ELEVATION: 2637.62
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	CORE SIZE:	CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:
ATTAIN UPITMUM MUISTURE	BK-51 S* HOLLOW AUGERS		VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN Ø.16 FEET INDURA	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	
PLASTICITY	_ CME-45 HARD FACED FINGER BITS	⊠-N	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS	***************************************	OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	н <u>о</u>	FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH	H FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:		05.4710.0411	W BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	- TOTAL TOTAL CASE	POST HOLE DIGGER HAND AUGER	MODERATELY		BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; LY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	OTHER TRICONE TUNGCARB CORE BIT	SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED		DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHER OTHER	VANE SHEAR TEST			O BREAK WITH HAMMER. ER BLOWS REOUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
Tool to Clarify of Members of String Order to Describe Hit Eminates	Unch	OTHER	· EXTREMELY IN		AKS ACROSS GRAINS.	
						REVISED 09/15/00