

Project Special Provisions (Version 02.13) Signals and Traffic Management Systems

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1. 2002 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES – SECTION 1098 REVISIONS

The 2002 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

1.1. General Requirements (1098-1)

Page 10-220, Subarticle 1098-1(A)

In the last paragraph, sentence 1, revise "by the date of advertisement of the project" to "by the date of equipment installation."

Pages 10-222,3 Subarticle 1098-1(H)

Replace paragraphs 2, 3, and 4 with the following paragraphs:

Except for grounding conductors, provide signal cable conductors of size Number 16 AWG that are fabricated from stranded copper. **Number 16 AWG cable can only be used with an all LED traffic signal intersection.** Repairs to a non-LED traffic signal intersection must use Number 14 AWG cable.

Provide either 0.05×0.30 inch $(1.3 \times 7.6 \text{ mm})$ aluminum wrapping tape or 0.06 inch (1.5 mm) stainless steel lashing wire for the purpose of lashing cables, except fiber-optic communications cables, to a messenger cable. Use 0.045-inch (1.14-mm) stainless steel lashing wire for the aerial installation of fiber-optic communications cable to messenger cable.

1.2. Signal Heads (1098-2)

Page 10-223, Subarticle 1098-2(A)

In paragraph 5, sentence 4, revise "1 3/8 inch (32 mm) vertical conduit entrance hubs" to "1 1/4 inch (32 mm) vertical conduit entrance hubs" and revise "1 5/8 inch (40 mm) horizontal hubs" to "1 1/2 inch (40 mm) horizontal hubs."

In the last paragraph, sentence 3, revise "2/5 x 3/4 inch (9.5 mm x 19.1 mm) square head bolts" to "3/8 x 3/4 inch (9.5 mm x 19.1 mm) square head bolts."

Pages 10-225-227, Subarticle 1098-2(E) [Light Emitting Diode (LED) Sections]

Replace the entire subarticle with the following two subarticles:

(1) Vehicular

Provide light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that utilizes LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F). Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months, and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Ensure, unless otherwise stated in these specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements of the Interim Purchase Specification of the ITE VTCSH part 2 (Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicular Traffic Signal Modules (hereafter referred to as VTCSH-2). Arrow displays shall meet or exceed the electrical and environmental operating requirements of

VTCSH-2 sections 3 and 5, chromaticity requirements of section 4.2, and the requirements of sections 6.3 (except 6.3.2) and 6.4 (except 6.4.2).

Provide modules that meet the requirements of Table 1098-1. Design the modules to operate from a 60 ± 3 HZ AC line voltage ranging from 80 volts to 135 volts. Ensure that fluctuations of line voltage have no visible effect on the luminous intensity of the indications. Design the module to have a normal operating voltage of 120 VAC, and measure all parameters at this voltage.

Table 1098-1 Maximum Power Consumption (in Watts) at 25°C (77°F)

	Red	Yellow	Green
300 mm circular	17	34	24
200 mm circular	10	16	12
300 mm arrow	9	10	11

Certify that the module has a power factor of 0.90 or greater, and that total harmonic distortion (THD) (current and voltage) induced into an AC power line by the module does not exceed 20 percent for modules with power ratings above 15W, and 40 percent for modules with power ratings of 15W or less. Design the module's onboard circuitry to include voltage surge protection to withstand high repetition noise transients as stated in Section 2.1.6 of NEMA Standard TS-2, 1992. Ensure all wiring meets the requirements of Section 13.02 of the ITE Publication: Equipment and Material Standards, VTCSH-2. Provide spade terminals appropriate to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head.

Ensure that the module is compatible with signal load switches and conflict monitors. Design the module to provide sufficient current draw to ensure proper load switch operation while the voltage is varied from a regulated 80 Vrms to 135 Vrms. Design off-state for green and yellow modules to be 30Vrms or greater, and on-state to be 40 Vrms or greater. Design the voltage decay to 10 Vrms or less to be 100 milliseconds or less for green and yellow modules. Ensure that the control circuitry prevents current flow through the LEDs in the off state to avoid a false indication.

Design all modules to meet existing NCDOT monitor specifications for each of the following types of signal monitors: NEMA TS-1 conflict monitors (including so-called NEMA plus features such as dual indication detection and short yellow time detection); NEMA TS-2 Malfunction Management Units (MMU); and 170 cabinet Type 210ECL and 2010ECL conflict monitors (including red monitoring and so-called plus features such as dual indication detection and short yellow time detection).

Ensure that the modules and associated onboard circuitry meet Class A emission limits referred to in Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Title 47, Subpart B, Section 15 regulations concerning the emission of electronic noise.

Provide modules that meet the requirements of Tables 1098-2, 3, and 4. Test all ball modules for luminous intensity at 25°C (77°F) to meet 115% of values in tables 1098-2 and 4. Design and certify the modules to meet or exceed the maintained minimum luminous intensity values throughout the warranty period based on normal use in a traffic signal operation over the operating temperature range. Test the Red and Green modules for maintained luminous intensity (Tables 1098-2, 3, and 4) at 74°C (165°F) (ITE 6.4.2.2). Use LEDs that conform to the

chromaticity requirements of VTCSH-2, Section 8.04 throughout the warranty period over the operating temperature range. Make chromaticity coordinate compliance measurements at 25°C (77°F).

Table 1098-2
Specification for 12 inch (300 mm) Extended View Signals

Minimum Luminous Intensity Values (In Candelas)				
Expanded View Vertical Angle	Horizontal Angle (Left/Right)	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
+/-2.5	2.5	339	678	678
	7.5	251	501	501
	12.5	141	283	283
	17.5	77	154	154
+/-7.5	2.5	226	452	452
	7.5	202	404	404
	12.5	145	291	291
	17.5	89	178	178
	22.5	38	77	77
	27.5	16	32	32
+/-12.5	2.5	50	101	101
	7.5	48	97	97
	12.5	44	89	89
	17.5	34	69	69
	22.5	22	44	44
	27.5	16	32	32
+/-17.5	2.5 7.5 12.5 17.5 (Not Extended View) 22.5 (Not Extended View) 27.5	22 22 22 22 22 20 16	44 44 44 41 32	44 44 44 41 32
+/-22.5	2.5	20	40	40
	17.5	20	40	40

Notes

- 1. Design signal modules to meet these requirements as a minimum throughout the warranty period.
- 2. Design signal modules to have a minimum initial intensity equal to 115% of Table 2 at 25°C.
- 3. Independent laboratory test reports are required to validate the initial intensity.

Table 1098-3
Minimum Initial and maintained Intensities for Arrow Indications (in cd/m2)

	Red	Yellow	Green
Arrow Indication	5,500	11,000	11,000

Table 1098-4 Specification for 8 inch (200 mm) Extended View Signals

Minimum Lur	minous Intensity Values (In C	Candelas)for cir	cular indications	5
Expanded View Vertical Angle	Horizontal Angle (Left/Right)	RED	YELLOW	GREEN
+/-2.5	2.5 7.5 12.5 17.5	133 97 57 25	267 194 113 48	267 194 113 48
+/-7.5	2.5 7.5 12.5 17.5 22.5 27.5	101 89 65 41 18	202 178 129 81 37 20	202 178 129 81 37 20
+/-12.5	2.5 7.5 12.5 17.5 22.5 27.5	37 32 28 20 12 9	73 65 57 41 25 16	73 65 57 41 25 16
+/-17.5	2.5 7.5 12.5 17.5 (Not Extended View) 22.5 (Not Extended View) 27.5	16 14 10 9 6 4	32 28 20 16 12 9	32 28 20 16 12

Notes

- 4. Design signal modules to meet these requirements as a minimum throughout the warranty period.
- 5. Design signal modules to have a minimum initial intensity equal to 115% of Table 4 at 25°C.
- 6. Independent laboratory test reports are required to validate the initial intensity.

Table 1098-5 Chromaticity Standards (CIE Chart)

	Y: not greater than 0.308, or less than
Red	0.998 - x
Yellow	Y: not less than 0.411, nor less than 0.995
	- x, nor less than 0.452
Green	Y: Not less than 0.506519x, nor less
	than 0.150 + 1.068x, nor more than 0.730 -
	X

Design the modules as retrofit replacements for installation into standard incandescent traffic sections that do not contain the incandescent lens, reflector assembly, lamp socket and lens gasket. Ensure that installation does not require special tools or physical modification for the

existing fixture other than the removal of the incandescent lens, reflector assembly, lamp socket, and lens gasket.

Provide modules that are rated for use in the operating temperature range of -40°C (- 40°F) to $+74^{\circ}\text{C}$ (+ 165°F). Ensure that the modules (except yellow) meet all specifications throughout this range. Fabricate the module to protect the onboard circuitry against dust and moisture intrusion per the requirements of NEMA Standard 250-1991 for Type 4 enclosures to protect all internal components.

Design the module to be a single, self-contained device with the circuit board and power supply for the module inside and integral to the unit.

Design the assembly and manufacturing process for the module to ensure all internal components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical shock and vibration from high winds and other sources. Wire the individual LEDs such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one LED will result in the loss of not more than 20 percent of the signal module light output. Solder the LEDs to the circuit board.

Fabricate the lens and signal module from material that conforms to ASTM specifications. Ensure enclosures containing either the power supply or electronic components of the module are made of UL94VO flame retardant materials. The lens of the signal module is excluded from this requirement.

Permanently mark the manufacturer's name, trademark, model number, serial number, date of manufacture (month & year), and lot number as identification on the back of the module.

Permanently mark the following operating characteristics on the back of the module: rated voltage and rated power in watts and volt-amperes.

If a specific mounting orientation is required, provide permanent markings consisting of an up arrow, or the word "UP" or "TOP" for correct indexing and orientation within the signal housing.

Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface and UV stabilized to withstand ultraviolet exposure for a minimum period of 60 months without exhibiting evidence of deterioration. Coat the front of a polycarbonate lens to make it more abrasion resistant. Seal the lens to the module to prevent moisture and dust from entering the module.

Tint the red and yellow lens to match the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Provide a green lens that is either colorless or tinted to match the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED.

For 12-inch (300-mm) arrow modules, ensure that the module meets specifications stated in Section 9.01 of the ITE VTCSH for arrow indications. Design arrow displays to be solid LEDs (spread evenly across the illuminated portion of the arrow or other designs), not outlines.

Determine the luminous intensity using the CALTRANS 606 method or similar procedure.

Provide test results for ball modules from an independent testing laboratory showing wattage and compliance with ITE VTCSH-2 specifications 6.4.2, 6.4.4.1, 6.4.4.2, 6.4.4.3, 6.4.5, and 6.4.6.1 as a minimum. Ensure the 6.4.2.1 test meets the requirements of Tables 1098-2 and 4 of this specification. The 6.4.2.2 test is for Red and Green only. Ensure that the LED signal modules tested are typical, average production units.

Burn In - Energize the sample module(s) (a sample of one module minimum) for a minimum of 24 hours, at 100 percent on-time duty cycle, at a temperature of +74°C (+165°F) before

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performing any qualification testing. Any failure of the module, which renders the unit non-compliant with the specification after burn-in, shall be cause for rejection. All specifications will be measured including, but not limited to:

- (a) Photometric (Rated Initial Luminous Intensity) Measure at +25°C (+77°F). Measure luminous intensity for red and green modules upon the completion of a 30 minute 100 percent on-time duty cycle at the rated voltage. Measure luminous intensity for yellow modules immediately upon energizing at the rated voltage.
- (b) **Chromaticity** (Color) Measure at +25°C (+77°F). Measure chromaticity for red and green modules upon the completion of a 30 minute 100 percent on-time duty cycle at the rated voltage. Measure chromaticity for yellow modules immediately upon energizing at the rated voltage.
- (c) **Electrical** Measure all specified parameters for quality comparison of production quality assurance on production modules. (rated power, etc)

Equipment Compatibility - In addition to the 6.4.4.5 test of modules for compatibility with controllers, conflict monitors, and load switches, perform the following test, and certify the results. Connect each signal module to the output of a standard load switch connected to a variable AC voltage supply (95 to 135 VAC). With the load switch "off," vary the AC voltage from 95 Vrms to 135 Vrms, and measure the drop across the module. Readings greater than 15 Vrms are unacceptable.

NCDOT evaluates and approves all LED Traffic Signal modules for the QPL by a standard visual inspection and blind operational survey, a compatibility test, current flow, and other random tests, in addition to reviewing the lab reports and documentation from the manufacturer. The tests are conducted at the Traffic Electronics Center in Raleigh. Each 12-inch (300-mm) ball module shall be visible at 450 feet (135 meters) during sway conditions (extended view) until obscured by the visor. Each 8-inch ball (200-mm) and 12-inch (300-mm) arrow module shall be visible at 300 feet (90 meters) during sway conditions (extended view) until obscured by the visor. Sufficient luminance during the extended views will be determined during this blind survey evaluation.

In addition to meeting the performance requirements for the minimum period of 60 months, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 60 months after shipment acceptance of the modules. Replacement modules shall be provided within 30 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Provide warranty documentation to the Department prior to QPL acceptance. Provide luminous intensity testing at an independent lab, to determine degradation, for two modules of each color provided by NCDOT at the end of two and four years of operation.

Provide testing at an independent laboratory for a designated module to be tested for maintained luminous intensity at 25°C (77°F) once each year during the five year warranty period.

(2) Pedestrian

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide a clear 0.25-inch (6.4-mm), non-glare, mat finish lens with a smooth outer surface and UV stabilized to withstand ultraviolet exposure for a minimum period of 60 months without exhibiting evidence of deterioration. Coat the front surface of a

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polycarbonate lens to make it more abrasion resistant. Ensure that the lens has light transmission properties equal to or greater than 80%.

Ensure installation of all modules requires no physical modification of the existing fixture other than the removal of the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor and socket where applicable.

Design the countdown display as a double row of LEDs, and ensure the countdown display blanks-out during the initial cycle while it records the countdown time. Ensure that the countdown display is operational only during the flashing don't walk, clearance interval. Blank-out the countdown indication after it reaches zero until the beginning of the next don't walk indication, and design the controlling circuitry to prevent the timer from being triggered during the solid hand indication.

Design the man and hand to be a solid display, which meets the minimum requirements of "The Equipment and Materials Standards" of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Chapter 3, Table 1 *Symbol Message*. Wire the LEDs such that a catastrophic loss or failure of one or more LEDs will result in the loss of not more than five percent of the signal module light output.

Ensure that the power consumption for the modules is equal to or less than the following in watts, and that the modules have EPA Energy Star compliance ratings, if applicable to that shape, size and color.

TEMPERATURE	77°F (25°C)	165°F (74°C)
HAND	10	12
MAN	9	12
COUNTDOWN	9	12

Provide 16-inch (400-mm) displays, where required by plan or bid document, that have the hand/man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right. Ensure the hand/man meets the dimension requirements cited in Chapter 3, Table 1 Symbol Message for Class 3 displays. Ensure that the countdown number display is at least 7 inches high by 6 inches wide. Configure the signal head with a sufficient number of LEDs to provide an average luminous intensity of at least 342 candela per square feet (3750 candela per square meter) of lighting surface for the "RAISED HAND" and "COUNTDOWN", and 483 candela per square feet (5300 candela per square meter) of lighting surface for the "WALKING PERSON". Ensure they meet this average luminous intensity throughout the warranty period over the operating temperature range.

Provide 12 inch (300 mm) displays, where required by plan or bid document, that meet the dimension requirements cited in Chapter 3, Table 1 *Symbol Message* for Class 2 displays. Furnish three types of modules, the solid hand/man module as an overlay, the solid hand module, and the solid man module. Configure the signal head with a sufficient number of LEDs to provide an average luminous intensity of at least 342 candela per square feet (3750 candela per square meter) of lighting surface for the "RAISED HAND" and "COUNTDOWN", and 483 candela per square feet (5300 candela per square meter) of lighting surface for the "WALKING PERSON". Ensure they meet this average luminous intensity throughout the warranty period over the operating temperature range.

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Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide lead wires that are eighteen gauge (18AWG) minimum copper conductors with 221 degree F (105 degree C) insulation. Ensure that lead wires are a minimum of 30 inches (760 mm) long with NEMA "spade" terminals that are appropriate to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in the signal head. Solder the LEDs to the circuit board.

Ensure that modules are compatible with signal load switches and conflict monitors. Design the module to provide sufficient current draw to ensure proper load switch operation while the voltage is varied from a regulated 80Vrms to 135Vrms. Provide control circuitry to prevent current flow through the LEDs in the off state to avoid a false indication. Design all modules to meet existing NCDOT monitor specifications for each of the following types of signal monitors: NEMA TS-1 conflict monitors (including so-called NEMA plus features such as dual indication detection and short yellow time detection); NEMA TS-2 Malfunction Management Units; and 170 cabinet 210ECL and 2010ECL conflict monitors (including red monitoring and so-called plus features such as dual indication detection and short yellow time detection).

Comply with the following sections: 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 5.2, 5.3, 5.7, 6.1, 6.3.1, 6.3.3, 6.3.4, 6.3.5, 6.4.4, 6.4.5, and 6.4.6 of "The Equipment and Material Standards" of the Institute of Transportation Engineers "Vehicular Traffic Control Signal Heads" (VTCSH) Part 2, Chapter 2A.

Furnish Portland Orange LEDs for the hand and countdown that are the latest AlInGaP technology or higher, and Lunar White LEDs for the man that are the latest InGaN technology or higher.

Provide certification with the signal modules when offered for evaluation that your product complies with the sections of the ITE specification identified in paragraph 1.12 above and this specification. Provide test results showing that the signal modules meet or exceed the luminous intensity requirements of sections 1.8 and 1.9 of this specification.

Ship each module as a complete kit designed for retrofitting existing pedestrian signal sections with an LED display module. Provide modules that include, but are not limited to the following items: lens, LED display mounted on a circuit board, wire leads with strain relief, rigid housing, electronics including a power supply integral to the LED module which is protected by the housing, and a neoprene one piece gasket. Ensure that the module is compatible with standard, existing, pedestrian head mounting hardware.

Warrant performance for a period of 60 months from the date of installation and include repair or replacement of an LED signal module that exhibits light output degradation, which in the judgment of the Department, cannot be easily seen at 150 feet (45 meters) in bright sunlight with a visor on the housing or which drops below the luminous intensity output requirements. Warrant failure due to workmanship, materials, and manufacturing defects during the first 60 months after the date of installation. Repair or replace any failed modules within 30 calendar days of notification at no cost to the Department.

Page 10-227, Subarticle 1098-2(F)

Replace the first sentence in the paragraph with the following:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

• For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green

• For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable.

1.3. Wood Poles (1098-6)

Page 10-228, Article 1098-6

Replace the entire article with the following:

Provide poles of treated southern pine or treated Douglas fir that meet the requirements of ANSI 05.1. Provide Class 3 or better wood poles that are a minimum length of 40 feet (12.2 meters) unless otherwise shown on the plans and are of a sufficient length to maintain minimum required distances above the roadway, obstructions and affected railroad tracks. Mark each pole in accordance with ANSI 05.01. First roof and bore poles and then give them a full-length preservative treatment.

Provide poles with pentachlorophenol or chromated copper arsenate (CCA) preservative, in accordance with AWPA Standard C4-99. Ensure the retention of preservative is a minimum of 0.45 lb. per cubic foot (7.2 kg per cubic meter) for pentachlorophenol and 0.6 lb. per cubic foot (9.6 kg per cubic meter) for CCA.

1.4. Loop Lead-In Cable (1098-9)

Page 10-230, Article 1098-9

Replace the entire article with the following:

Furnish lead-in cable with conductors of size 18 AWG that are fabricated from stranded copper, and that complies with IMSA Specification 50-2 except as follows:

Provide the following two pair (4 conductor) conductor insulation pair colors: clear-yellow and red-green.

Provide the following four pair (8 conductor) conductor insulation pair colors: clear-yellow, red-green, clear with black stripe tracer-yellow with black stripe tracer, and red with black stripe tracer-green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide cable jacket formed from black polyethylene. Ensure the finished jacket provides environmental stress resistance, outdoor weatherability, toughness, low temperature performance, and ultraviolet resistance.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. Install all underground lead-in cable in non-metallic conduit.

1.5. Type 170E Cabinets (1098-19)

Page 10-241, Subarticle 1098-19(B)

Add the following paragraph:

If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc.; install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a maximum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets.

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Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Pages 10-245-247, Subarticle 1098-19 (D) (Model 2010 Enhanced Conflict Monitor)

Replace Subarticle (D) with the following:

Furnish Model 2010 Enhanced Conflict Monitors with 16 channels. In addition to CALTRANS requirements, ensure that the conflict monitor monitors for the absence of a valid voltage level on at least one channel output of each load switch. Ensure that the absence of the programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger, and remain in the triggered state until reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS and the following additional per channel faults that apply for monitor inputs to each channel:

consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms as an "on" condition; consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms as an "off" condition (no valid signal); consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms to be undefined by these specifications; consider a Yellow or Green input greater than 25 Vrms as an "on" condition; consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms as an "off" condition; and consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms to be undefined by these specifications.

Ensure that the monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (failure detected) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the remote reset input for the following failures:

- 1. Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure): A condition in which no valid voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070L controller, ensure that the monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less that 750 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070L controller, ensure that the conflict monitor will not trigger. Have red monitoring occur when the P20 Connector is installed and both of the following input conditions are in effect: a) the Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms), and b) and neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
- 2. Yellow Indication Sequence Error: Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a sequence error fault indication.
- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and

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displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 250 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger.

Enable the monitor function for short/missing yellows and for dual indications on a per channel basis.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 that comply with the Los Angeles City DOT Traffic Signal Specification DOT 170 ATSAC Universal and Related Equipment #54-053-02 to eliminate red failure monitoring while allowing other additional enhanced fault monitoring functions to continue.

Ensure that the removal of the P-20 ribbon cable will cause the monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Ensure that when the Conflict Monitor is triggered due to a fault, it provides an LED indication identifying the type of failure detected by the monitor except for the P20 ribbon cable removal fault. Ensure that the monitor indicates which channels were active during a conflict condition and which channels experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected, and that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will store at least nine of the most recent malfunctions detected by the monitor in EEPROM memory. For each malfunction, record at a minimum the time, date, type of malfunction, relevant field signal indications, and specific channels involved with the malfunction.

Provide communications from the monitor to the 170/2070L controller via an RS-232C/D port on the monitor in order to upload all event log information from the monitor to the controller or to a system computer via the controller. Ensure that the controller can receive the data through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070L) determined by the controller software. Provide software capable of communicating directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D to retrieve all event log information to a laptop computer.

In addition to the connectors required by the CALTRANS Specifications, provide the conflict monitor with a connector mounted on the front of the monitor (3M-3428-5302 with two polarizing keys or equal) which mates with a 20 pin ribbon cable connector that conducts the signals from the P20 connector on the cabinet assembly. Provide a P20 connector and terminal assembly that complies with the Los Angeles City DOT "Traffic Signal Specification DOT 170 ATSAC Universal and Related Equipment #54-053-02" in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide connector pins on the monitor with the following functions:

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Pin #	Function	Pin #	Function
1	Channel 15 Red	11	Channel 9 Red
2	Channel 16 Red	12	Channel 8 Red
3	Channel 14 Red	13	Channel 7 Red
4	Chassis Ground	14	Channel 6 Red
5	Channel 13 Red	15	Channel 5 Red
6	Special Function 2	16	Channel 4 Red
7	Channel 12 Red	17	Channel 3 Red
8	Special Function 1	18	Channel 2 Red
9	Channel 10 Red	19	Channel 1 Red
10	Channel 11 Red	20	Red Enable

Provide a DB-9 female connector for the purpose of data communication with the controller. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Furnish a communications connecting cable with pin connections as follows:

170		Conflict Monitor DB-9
RX pin L	Connect to	TX pin 2
TX pin K	Connect to	RX pin 3
+5 pin D	Connect to	DTR pin 4
GND pin N	Connect to	GND pin 5

2070L		Conflict Monitor DB-9
DCD pin 1	Connect to	DCD pin 1
RX pin 2	Connect to	TX pin 2
TX pin 3	Connect to	RX pin 3
GND pin 5	Connect to	GND pin 5
RTS pin 7	Connect to	CTS pin 7
CTS pin 8	Connect to	RTS pin 8

1.6. Type 2070L Controllers (1098-20)

Page 10-247, Article 1098-20

Replace the entire article with the following:

Conform to CALTRANS Traffic Signal Control Equipment Specifications and all addenda in effect on the date of advertisement except as required herein. Where an item is no longer cited, the last applicable specification applies.

Furnish Model 2070L controllers. Ensure that removal of the program module from the controller will place the intersection into flash.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice prior to needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070L controllers with the latest version of OS9 operating software and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

• MODEE 2070 1B, CPU Module, Single Board

MODEL 2070-2A, Field I/O Module (FI/O)

MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)

MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

MODEL 2070-7A, Async Serial Com Module (9-pin RS-232)

Furnish one additional MODEL 2070-7A, Async Serial Com Module (9-pin RS-232) for all master controller locations.

Furnish one removable data key with each 2070L controller unit.

For locations designated as master locations, furnish a Hayes or approved equivalent auto-dial/auto-answer external modem to accomplish the interface to the microcomputers unless otherwise required (minimum baud rate of 53K and downward compatible to the master and microcomputer communication baud rates). Include all necessary hardware to ensure telecommunications.

2. 2002 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES – SECTION 1700 REVISIONS

The 2002 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

2.1. General Requirements (1700)

Page 17-2, Subarticle 1700-3 (D), add the following paragraph

In the event the contractor fails to perform in accordance with the plans and specifications within the time frame specified, the Department reserves the right to perform the maintenance and emergency service necessary to assure continuous traffic signal operation. Further, all expenses incurred by the Department in implementing this option shall be deducted from the payment due the contractor, plus a \$250 liquidated damage per occasion, per day, or any portion thereof, until corrected. The liquidated damages are due to increased public hazard resulting from the malfunction.

Page 17-2, Subarticle 1700-3 (F)

In paragraph 2, sentence 2, delete "type 1."

Page 17-3, Subarticle 1700-3 (J)

In paragraph 2, sentence 2, revise "detectable metallic burial tape" to "marker tape."

2.2. Underground Conduit (1715)

Page 17-8, Subarticle 1715-3(A)

Add the following paragraph:

Install metallic conduit at all locations where conduits traverse railroad tracks or as shown on the plans. For all other locations, install nonmetallic conduit unless otherwise shown on the plans. Backfill with excavated material and compact to 95% of its original density. Remove any rock and debris from backfill material.

Page 17-8, Subarticle 1715-3(C)

Delete the first paragraph.

Page 17-8, Subarticle 1715-3(D)

Replace reference to Article 342-3 with reference to Article 1540-3 (A&B).

2.3. Wood Poles (1720)

Page 17-10, Article 1720-3

Replace the fourth paragraph with the following paragraph:

On joint use poles and NCDOT owned poles, at signal and traffic management systems equipment installations (i.e. controller cabinets, CCTV cabinets, DMS cabinets, etc.), bond the messenger cable(s) to the existing pole ground using burndy clamps at each end and at 1300-foot intervals. On multiple messenger cable arrangements, connect all messenger cable ends with #6 solid bare copper wire and bond with split bolt connectors or burndy clamps (UCG25RS) or equivalent. On joint use and NCDOT owned poles, if an existing pole ground does not exist, install a grounding system consisting of a #6 AWG bare copper wire that is exothermically welded to a ground rod.

In the last paragraph, last sentence, revise "5/8 inch x 8 foot (16 mm x 2.4 m) ground rod" to "5/8 inch x 10 foot (16 mm x 3.0 m) ground rod."

2.4. Riser Assemblies (1722)

Page 17-12, Article 1722-3

In paragraph 4 add the following after the last sentence:

Install condulet on all risers for lead-in cable.

2.5. Loop Lead-In Cable (1726)

Page 17-14, Article 1726-3

Replace paragraph 1 with the following:

Install lead-in cable.

Delete paragraph 3.

In paragraph 4, delete "type 1."

In paragraph 6, revise "less than 0.0036 ohms per foot (0.012 ohms per meter)" to "less than 0.00885 ohms per foot (0.0295 ohms per meter)."

Page 17-15, Article 1726-4

Delete the last sentence.

2.6. Controllers with Cabinets (1751)

Page 17-34, Subarticle 1751-3(A)

In paragraph 3, replace sentence 2 with the following:

For all other installations, do not program the controller for late night flashing operation unless otherwise directed.

Page 17-34, Article 1751-4

Replace paragraph 2 with the following:

Actual number of each type of detector cards (2-channels) furnished, installed, and accepted. If 4-channel detector cards are used in order to fulfill the requirements of the plans, payment will be allowed for two detector cards for each 4-channel detector card.

In paragraph 3, revise "No measurement will be made..." to include "modems."

Page 17-35, Article 1751-5

Replace paragraph 2 with the following:

The quantity of detector cards, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "Detector Card (______)."

In paragraph 3, revise "Detector Channel" to "Detector Card."

3. CABINET BASE ADAPTER

3.1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install cabinet base adapters in accordance with the plans and specifications. Comply with the provisions of Section 1700 of the 2002 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u>.

3.2. MATERIALS

Fabricate base adapters out of the same materials and with the same finish as the cabinet housing. Fabricate the base adapter in the same manner as the controller cabinets, meeting all applicable specifications called for in Section 6.2.2 of the CALTRANS Traffic Signal Control Equipment Specifications (TSCES). Provide base adapters that are a minimum height of 12 inches (300 mm).

3.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Install cabinet base adapters at every location requiring a new base mounted cabinet whether on new or existing/modified foundations.

3.4. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Actual number of cabinet base adapters furnished, installed, and accepted.

3.5. BASIS OF PAYMENT

The quantity of cabinet base adapters, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price each for "Cabinet Base Adapter."

Payment will be made under:

Cabinet Base Adapter Each

4. BEACON CONTROLLER ASSEMBLIES

4.1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install beacon controller assemblies with cabinets and all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications. Comply with the provisions of Section 1700 of the 2002 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u>.

4.2. MATERIALS

Provide, as specified in the plans, either a Type F1, Type F2, or Type F3 beacon controller assembly with cabinet. Furnish all pole mounting hardware, solid state flasher, one Corbin Number 2 cabinet key, surge protection, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware.

• Type F1 – Cabinet (no minimum size requirement), dual-circuit flasher, and 20-amp circuit breaker.

Type F2 – Cabinet [20 inches (500 mm) high x 16 inches (400 mm) wide x 12 inches (300 mm) deep], dual-circuit flasher, 20-amp circuit breaker, and a time switch.

Type F3 - Cabinet [25 inches (625 mm) high x 22 inches (560 mm) wide x 15 inches (375 mm) deep], dual-circuit flasher, a fan and thermostat, and a cabinet light.

Furnish all cabinets with a solid state flasher meeting the requirements of <u>NEMA Standards</u> <u>Publication TS-2</u> Section 2 and Section 6.3. Encapsulate flasher components as necessary. Connect the flasher to provide the beacon operation called for in the plans.

For F2 cabinets, furnish a solid state time switch connected to control the operation of the flasher.

Submit drawings showing dimensions, location of required equipment and mechanisms, cabinet electrical diagrams, part numbers and descriptions of required equipment and accessories to the Engineer. Provide certification to the Engineer that materials used in the construction of the cabinet meets these specifications.

Furnish cabinet shells that conform to the requirements of Section 1098-22(A) of the 2002 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.

Install a vent or vents at or near the bottom to permit the intake of air. On the F1 and F2 cabinets, install a single vent on each side of the cabinet at the bottom in order to facilitate airflow. On the F3 cabinet, install vents sized for the rated flow of air from the fan. Provide vents no smaller than 20 in (12900 mm²). Equip the vents with standard-size, replaceable filters or, if located where they can easily be cleaned, permanent filters.

Equip the F3 cabinet with two NEMA standard circuit breakers (20A & 15A) installed to ensure that personnel servicing the cabinet, including the rear of the back panel, cannot inadvertently be exposed to a hazard. Install a terminal block that will accommodate service wire as large as A.W.G. #4, and connect it to the circuit breaker. Install the circuit breakers in addition to any fuses that are a part of the individual control equipment components.

Furnish and install a power line surge protector per Section 1098-22(B) of the 2002 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u> in the service power in the F2 and F3 cabinets. Install the surge protector in the circuit breaker enclosure in a manner that will permit easy servicing. Ground and electrically bond the surge protector to the cabinet within 2 inches (50 mm) of the surge protector.

Ensure the F3 cabinet has sufficient electrical and electronic noise suppression to enable all equipment in it to function properly. In addition, equip the cabinet with a radio interference filter connected between the stages of the power line surge protector. Ensure the filter minimizes interference generated in the cabinet in both the broadcast and aircraft frequencies. Use a filter that provides attenuation of at least 50 decibels over a frequency range of 200 kilohertz to 75 megahertz. Ensure the filter is hermetically sealed in an insulated metal case. Provide a filter that is designed to

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operate in a 120-volt, 60 Hertz, single-phase circuit with currents of 15 amperes or more, such as, HESCO LF35 or equivalent.

Provide filtered power to the time switches in F2 cabinets and the detector panel in the F3 cabinets.

Connect a metal oxide varister, type V150LA20, between each field terminal and the ground bus on all three cabinet types.

Install terminals in the cabinets in conformance with the requirements of Section 1098-22 of the 2002 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u>.

Connect each conductor, including unused conductors, within or entering the cabinet to a terminal using crimped spade lugs. Place no more than two conductors on any single terminal screw. Terminations to the back panel may be soldered. Do not use quick connectors or barrel connectors. Make all connections at terminals. Do not make in-line splices.

Ensure that outgoing circuits have the same polarity as the line side of the power supply. Ensure that the common return has the same polarity as the grounded conductor (neutral) of the power supply.

Neatly package all wiring. Dress the harnesses by lacing, braiding or tying with nylon tie wraps at closely spaced intervals. Attach wires, cables or harnesses to the cabinet walls for support or to prevent undue wear or flexing. Use nylon tie straps or metal clamps with rubber or neoprene insulators. Screw these attachment devices to the cabinet. Do not use stick-on clamps or straps.

Tag AC+, AC-, chassis ground, and flasher circuit conductors with non-fading, permanent sleeve labels at the ends of the conductors at the terminals or use color-coded wire. Ensure that sleeve labels tightly grip the conductors. Alternatively, use hot stamped labels on internal conductor insulation at intervals of no greater than 4 inches (100 mm). Ensure that label legends are permanent.

Ensure that all jumpers are wire conductors or metal plates. Do not use printed circuit back panels or back panels using wire tracks as jumpers.

Lay out all equipment and components for ease of use and servicing. Ensure that equipment controls can be viewed and operated without moving or removing any equipment. Ensure there is access to equipment or components for servicing without removing any other equipment or components. Removal of equipment is acceptable to access the fan or thermostat. Ensure that equipment can be removed using only simple hand tools. Ensure that the layout of equipment and terminals within the various cabinets furnished is identical from cabinet to cabinet, unless otherwise approved by the Department.

Mount equipment using harnesses with suitable multipin (or similar) connectors and mount cards in card racks that provide for automatic connection when the card is inserted in the rack. Design or key all equipment and circuit cards to make it physically impossible to connect the unit to the wrong connector or insert it into an incorrect slot. Ensure that functionally equivalent equipment is electrically and mechanically interchangeable.

Furnish and install a suitably sized plastic envelope or container in the F2 and F3 cabinets for holding the cabinet wiring diagrams and equipment manuals. Locate the envelope or container so that it is convenient for service personnel. Furnish 2 sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams in a paper envelope or container and place them in the plastic envelope or container.

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4.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Remove existing beacon controller assemblies where required. Remove the maintenance diary from the cabinet and place it in the new cabinet or deliver it to the Engineer. Take existing equipment out of service only at the time directed.

Locate new beacon controller assemblies so as not to obstruct sight distance of turning vehicles.

Install new beacon controller assemblies. Provide an external electrical service disconnect at all new and existing cabinet locations unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Stencil the signal inventory number on the side of the cabinet that faces the roadway. Use 3-inch (75mm) black characters. Provide the serial number and cabinet model number for each new beacon controller assembly.

Install pole mounted cabinets so that the height to the middle of the cabinet is 4 feet (1.2 meters).

Ensure that the maximum resistance between the grounding electrode and all points in the grounding system does not exceed 5 ohms.

In addition to the requirements of the NEC, test grounding electrode resistance at the connection point to the electrical service ground bus for a maximum of 20 ohms. Furnish and install additional ground rods to the grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the test requirements.

4.4. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Actual number of beacon controller assemblies with cabinets furnished, installed, and accepted.

No measurement will be made of surge protectors, external electrical service disconnect, grounding systems, and removing existing beacon controller assemblies as this is considered incidental to furnishing and installing the beacon controller assemblies.

4.5. BASIS OF PAYMENT

The quantity of beacon controller assemblies with cabinets, measured as provided above, w	vill be
paid for at the contract unit price each for "Beacon Controller Assembly and Cabinet	
)."	
Payment will be made under:	
Beacon Controller Assembly and Cabinet ()	Each

5. INSTALL LONG VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM

5.1. DESCRIPTION

Install a Department furnished long vehicle detection system (LVDS) in accordance with the plans and specifications. Comply with the provisions of Sections 1700 of the 2002 <u>Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures</u>.

5.2. MATERIALS

The Department will furnish a Northstar Long Vehicle Detection System. Obtain the LVDS from Traffic Services Office in Division 9. Provide at least 5 working days notice prior to procuring the Department furnished LVDS.

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5.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Install the LVDS in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

5.4. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Actual number of long vehicle detection system installed and accepted.

5.5. BASIS OF PAYMENT

The quantity of microwave vehicle detector units, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price each as "Install Long Vehicle Detection System."

Payment will be made under:

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