NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

		SOIL AND ROO	CK LEGEND, TERMS	S, SYMBOLS, AND ABBRE	VIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION GRADATION			ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS	
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (HASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH		WELL GRADED - NOICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE (ALSO POORLY GRADED)		HABD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.		ALLUYIUM (ALLUY.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
		GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS		IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONI OF WEATHERED ROCK.		ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:		THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR,		ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLOWS:		ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS.
VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6		SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.		WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT.		OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS SOCIAL MATERIALS MAT		MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS		AYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE.		
CLASS. (35% PASSING *200		WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.		GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.		CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
011001	A-2	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT I	LESS THAN 30	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO C SEDIMENTA INCLUDES	DARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN YY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE 'HYLLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUYIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL SOCOODS		VV	GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN CDASTAL P SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUS (CP) SHELL BED	LAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD AL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANOSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
% PASSING * 10 50 MX	GRANULAR SILT- MUCK.	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT- CLAY		T T T STREET BLD	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
* 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN * 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35	MX35 MX36 MX36 MX36 MX36 MX36 MX36 MX	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE	OTHER MATERIAL CE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, F	EW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
	MN 40 MX41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN SOILS WITH MX11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OP	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITT MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 18% 12 - 28% SDM HIGHLY ORGANIC >18% >28% HIGH	E 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS	STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, N FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY.ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0	4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	11101	HLY 35% AND ABOVE	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.		THE LINE OF DIP MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
	OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER	DRILLING.	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTA	STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO N CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR ORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL GEN, RATING	L AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER _24 HOURS.		MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK	SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
SUBGRADE FAIR TO POUR POUR UNSUITABLE		PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEPAGE		(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.		PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM. BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
	≤ L.L 30 : P.I. OF A-7-6 > L.L 30 SISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAQLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH		THE STREAM.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNE	NESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Set CPT Det chirt TEST BORING WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION			GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
CONSIST	TENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	7 4	G SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS	SEVERE ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISC	OLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GENERALLY VERY LOGSE GRANULAR MEDIUM	4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING	S- BULK SAMPLE	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF ST		ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL DENSE (NON-COHESIVE) VERY DE	30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS CORE BORING	SS- SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE	IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUE VERY SEVERE ALL BOCK EXCEPT DIABETZ DISCO	5 > 100 BPF LORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN
VERY SOI	750	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES	ST- SHELBY TUBE , SAMPLE	(V. SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUI	TED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK MPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
GENERALLY SOFT SILT-CLAY MEDIUM	2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	MONITORING WELL SHIFTED SHIFTED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER RS- ROCK SAMPLE		VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF		INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
MATERIAL STIFF (COHESIVE) VERY ST	8 TO 15 1 TO 2	TTT++ ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR	RT- RECOMPACTED R TRIAXIAL SAMPLE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. OUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS		RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD >30 >4 25/825 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CBR SAMPLE			CBR - CBR SAMPLE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE. ROCK HARDNESS		ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
					E OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053		ABBREVIATIONS	-		EOLOGISTS PICK. R PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY (BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM		TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE		RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005		CL CLAY PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST		HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.		SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
SIZE IN. 12' 3'	TUDE - CODDELATION OF TEDMO	CSE COARSE SL SILT, SILT	CSE COARSE SL SILT, SILTY		05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CHIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION DATE OF		DMT - DILATOMETER TEST TCR - TRICONE	METER TEST TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL			A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)	DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST 7 - UNIT WE • - VOID RATIO 7d - DRY UNI F FINE	EIGHT IT WEIGHT		DILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS 5 IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT, SMALL, THIN SER PRESSIBE	STRATA CORE RECOVERY ISREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
LL LIOUID LIMIT	- SATURATEO - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS W - MOISTURE FRAC FRACTURED V VERY		VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CA	BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY TH
PLASTIC RANGE	- WET - (W) SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS VST - VANE SH EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT P		FINGERNAIL. FRACTURE SPACING		TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT _	ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE		HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING	BEDDING TERM THICKNESS	
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE	- MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: MODULE D. 57 CLAY BITS	X AUTOMATIC X MANUAL	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY TURK V RECORD	BENCH MARK: BM-2: Noil in concrete wing wall at EB2-B, Approx. STA. 32+87, 36' RT
SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT _		MOBILE B- 57 CLAY BITS X 6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER		WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET	THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	ELEVATION: 928.77'
	- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 8* HOLLOW AUGERS	CORE SIZE:	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FE	THICKLY LANDATED GGGG GGG FEFT	NOTES:
	PLASTICITY	X CME-45 HARD FACED FINGER BITS	x -N <u>0</u>	500 05000000000000000000000000000000000	INDURATION	
NONPLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	X -H <u>G</u>	Out	ROENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
LOW PLASTICITY MED. PLASTICITY	6-15 SLIGHT 16-25 MEDIUM	X CASING W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:		ITLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY	26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH	POST HOLE DIGGER		NINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; AKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
OCCODIOTIONS transcent	COLOR	X TRICONE 3% TUNGCARB. X CORE BIT	HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GR	AINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE:	
	LOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) K, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	X OTHER ACKER AD-2 OTHER	VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SH	FICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. ARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:	
			OTHER		MPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	
						REVISED 09/15/00

 ID
 WBS_ELEMENT_NO.
 SHEET_NO.
 TOTAL_SHEETS

 I-4025A
 34209.1.1
 2
 67