NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ID STATE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS
R-2417BB 8.T540402 2 45

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, S	SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
The state of the s	L GRADED- INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE FORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE, (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT MHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUYIUM (ALLUYJ - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER
	rly graded) <u>-Graded</u> - indicates a mixture of uniform particles of two or more sizes.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 8.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	ADUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS E ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR,	of Weathered Rock. Rock Materials are typically divided as follows:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDGED FINE SAND LAYERS, NIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SUBA	BANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED WON-CRASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT VICIDE COT IN MALIES & YOU TO CHE	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A MOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	PER FOOT.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS MINER CLASS. (95% PASSING *200) (185% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS MINER	ERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELOSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS NEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN JONEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, CAMEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	GROUND SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE, COLLUMIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAYITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
CLASS. A-1-6 A-1-6 A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-7 A-3 A-6. A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 38 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-58	COASTAL PLAN	OF SLOPE,
2 PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANOSTONE, CEMENTED (CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDEO BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
* 10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT- MUCK, O	DRIGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT-CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
* 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MX	CE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 18%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HANNER IF CRYSTALLINE.	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
LIGHT LINET 48 MX41 HN	TLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 28% ERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 16% 12 - 28% SOME 28 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN.	HORIZONTAL.
GROUP INDEX 8 8 8 4 NX 8 MX 12 HX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	RY DRGANIC >18% >28% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE GROUND WATER	IV. SLLJ CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRACE. FILE STITY OR CLAVEY STITY CLAVEY ORGANIC SOILS V	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING.	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
	V PV PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
runnar PUIT	→M SPRING OR SEEPAGE	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN IF.P.J. LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT DUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	THE STREAM,
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT POT TEST SORING CANDE	The same of the sa	<u>FORMATION IFM.)-</u> A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
WERN LONGE ALL MICHIGARY	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION DESIGNATIONS	SEVERE ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
GRANULAR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING S- BULK SAMPLE		LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 38 TO 58	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADHAY EMBANKMENTS	IF TESTED. YIELDS SPT. N. YALUES > 100 BPF VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	<u>LENS</u> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. <u>MOTILED OMOTIL</u> - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTILING IN
VERY DENSE	- INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES ST- SHELBY TUBE	(V. SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
	MONITORING WELL SAMPLE MONITORING WELL SAMPLE A PIEZOMETER RS- ROCK SAMPLE	VESTIGES OF THE UNIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN, IF TESTED YELDS SPT N VALUES & 100 BPF	<u>PERCHED WATER</u> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 1 TO 2 1 TO 2 1 TO 38 2 TO 4	THE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY AND INSTALLATION RT- RECOMPACTED	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
HARD >38 >4 25/425		ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.Q.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	SPT N-VALUE	RUCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STO. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 46 50 206 270 OPENING (44) 4.76 2.8 8.42 8.25 8.075 8.053	● - SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL	the second of the property of the tent	<u>SAPROLITE (SAP.) -</u> RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
PONT DEP CORDE COARSE FINE CITY CLASS	ABBREVIATIONS	TO DETACH HANT SPECIMEN.	<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL
(BLOR.) (COB.) (GR.) (GSE. SD.) (F. SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	AR - AUGER REFUSAL PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED SD SAND, SANDY	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 8.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 6.25 6.05 6.005 SIZE IN. 12' 3'	CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY CPT - COME PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CSE COARSE TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PETETS I INCH MAYIMM SIZE BY MADE IN THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS ON OR BLPLF) OF A 148 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST 7 - UNIT WEIGHT • - VOID RATIO 74 - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID: VERY WET, USUALLY	F FINE W - MOISTURE CONTENT FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BEINGS OF A PICK POINT, GMALL THIN.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY ISRECJ - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROWNO WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED VST - VANE SHEAR TEST FRAGS FRACMENTS	YERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK DUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.C.O.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIPED BY
RASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	MED MEDIUM	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SECMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN DETIMON MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING TERM SPACING LERM THICKNESS	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
DETINUM MOISTURE - MOIST - IND SOLID: AT OR NEAR OPTINUM MOISTURE	L UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	VERY WIDE MORE THAN IN FEFT VERY THICKLY SEDOED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BM *18: RR SPIKE IN BASE OF 15' POPLAR TREE, EL.=395.320 FTL- STA, 497+23.54, 397.07 LT.
SL T SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE 8-	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET - MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 6.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 395.32 FT.
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	8K-51 G* CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:		NOTES:
PLASTICITY		THINLY LAMINATED < 0.000 FEET INDURATION	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PD) DRY STRENGTH	TIME CARRIED INCEPTS	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	CME-550 CASING THY ADVANCER	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINCER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS: GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED CRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE:	
	OTHER TRICONE	breaks easily when hit with hammer,	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN. RFD. YF) -BRN. RFDF-CRAY)	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE: DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHER OTHER VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HANNER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:	
		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	